The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LX.—NO. 99. TUESDAY, APRIL 9, 1901—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

REBEL RISING IN NORTHERN CHINA

General Tung Fu Sian with Army of Ten Thousand Fighters Defies Government Authority.

IN LEAGUE WITH TUAN.

Shen-Si Province, Where Court Is Now Located, Said to Be Threatened by Movements of the Revolutionists.

LI HUNG CHANG IS ALARMED.

Foreign Ministers Now in Pekin Do Not Believe Possible Overthrow of Dynasty Will Harm Negotiations Now On.

CONDEMNED OFFICIAL ESCAPES.

PEKIN, April 8.—The rumors which have been current during the last few days of the outbreak of a rebellion, headed by General Tung-Fu-Sian, the former commander of the Northern army, in the provinces of Mongolia and Shen Si, have been absolutely authenticated.

Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching have received information on the subject, which, though indefinite, still proves that the court is seriously alarmed.

Is in League with Tuan.

General Fu-Sian was, according to last accounts, about 150 miles from the court with 11,000 regular troops, all supposed to be devoted to himself. The court has about the same number of soldiers at Sian-Fu, but it is probable that the troops of Tung-Fu-Sian are better drilled and better armed.

It is believed that the Mongolian rebellion was brought about through agents of Prince Tuan and General Tung-Fu-Sian. Li Hung Chang thinks there are about 5,000 regular troops in Mongolia and inclines to the belief that they have not joined in the rebellion. He does not think the court is in any danger and thinks the object of Prince Tuan (who was last reported at Ning-Hsu, with 10,000 men, prepared to resist arrest) and General Tung-Fu-Sian is to create a diversion of interest in order to force unconditional protection of themselves.

Unofficial Chinamen of intelligence regard the rising as most unfortunate at the present time to the interests of China, and as possibly meaning the use of foreign troops to protect even the court itself.

Ministers Not Likely to Interfere.

The Ministers of the powers do not think that, provided foreign interests do not suffer, any present interference is likely. If the dynasty should be overthrown it would, to a certain extent, delay the peace negotiations, but they consider that a régime not bound by traditions like those of the present court would probably be much easier to deal with eventually, as the ceremonial could be much curtailed.

Prince Ching, who, as a relative, may be considered to take the court view of the situation, thinks the rebellion is a storm in a teacup. He says the present court is loved and esteemed by nine-tenths of the population of China and that the same proportion of able-bodied men in China would rise to protect the existing dynasty. The Empress Dowager, as the adviser of the Emperor, holds a place in the affections of the people not dreamt of and not understood by foreigners. Her slightest wish is the Emperor's law, though he is by no means the figurehead the foreign powers frequently suppose. The Emperor recognizes her ability, invaluable aid, and advice.

Small Rising in Shantung

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

PEKIN, April 8.—Intelligence reaches here of a Boxer rising in one of the districts of the Province of Shantung. A magistrate who was endeavoring to protect Christians was killed. Governor Yuan Shih Kai has dispatched troops to restore order.

Li Hung Chang is annoyed by the criticisms of Viceroys Liu Kun Yi and Chang Chih Tung, who declare that the weakness of the plenipotentiaries is the result of their dogged fatalism.

Ching Hsin, President of the Civil board, has just started for Singan-Fu to give information to the court concerning the actual situation in Pekin. He personally is in favor of the return of the court, but, being timid, he will probably express no opinions contrary to the desires of the Dowager Empress.

Celebrate Waldersee's Birthday.

Extensive preparations were made by the members of Field Marshal Count von Waldersee's staff and other Germans here to celebrate the sixty-ninth birthday of the Count, which occurred today. The palace grounds were especially decorated in his honor and a banquet was given at the German Legation, which was attended by representatives of all the other legations.

News was received today that the Germans had advanced further west. They met with some opposition from Chinese troops.

Another Official Escapes.

Several Boxer leaders have lately been beheaded in the section in charge of the British under Captain Barrow. One of these was a notorious Boxer who instigated the attack on Lang Fang, which was repelled by the force under Vice Admiral Seymour. Some of the associates of this men are supposed to have been implicated in the murder of Missionary Stonehouse recently near Tien Tsin.

The Governor of Mukden, who was among the number sentenced to be decapitated in the new list prepared by the Ministers, has managed to make his escape. This is the second of four provincial officials sentenced to death who has managed to make his escape.

It is reported that the Russians in Manchuria are making preparations to remain there permanently. The Chinese in the sections beyond the defended line of railway have organized as bandits, and are overawing the officials, persecuting Christians, and creating chaos everywhere.

New Governor of Kwang-Si.

SHANGHAI, April 8.—Yu Yin Lin, Governor of Hu-Pei Province, has been appointed Governor of Kwang-Si Province, in succes-

(Continued on third page.)

SUMMARY OF

The Daily Tribune.

NOTICE.

During the construction of the new building THE TRIBUNE business office will be in the premises now occupied by the Chicago National Bank, Dearborn and Monroe streets. The removal will take place on May 1. The editorial rooms will also be at the corner of Dearborn and Monroe streets, but the office of the managing editor, the city editor, and all the news departments of the paper will be at 126 to 132 Market street, where the mechanical work of the paper, such as typesetting, printing, and mailing, will be done.

POLITICAL.

Mayor Harrison took the oath of office for his third term. Newly elected City Councilmen also sworn in. Council organized on a non-partisan basis, with Alderman Mayor as chairman of the Finance committee.

Little hope expressed at Springfield of passing the reapportionment bills. Lorimer men in House declared they would ignore caucus decision. Speaker Sherman informed them to expect no favors from him.

LOCAL.

Reappointment of Warden Graham of the County Hospital will depend on the investigation in the case of H. W. Boulton. President Hanberg of the County board may start investigation.

Dr. Robert McIntyre, pastor of St. James Methodist Church, resigned, to take effect next October. Ill health the cause.

Mrs. F. K. Bowes elected President of the Chicago Culture club, and Mrs. G. J. Brine President of the North End club.

James Walsh, who was apparently giving away $5 bills with gum drops which he sold for $1, sent to the bridewell.

Prisoners at the County Jail to organize a club, to coöperate with Jailor Whitman in managing entertainments.

Twenty-nine policemen who passed the civil service examination appointed Lieutenants by Chief Kipley.

Volney W. Foster, who returned yesterday from Mexico, declared President Diaz is in perfect health.

Miss Jeanette Evans of Cincinnati married Detective Hayes of Chicago and died soon afterward.

Dynamometer car to be added to the equipment of the Armour Institute of Technology.

FOREIGN.

General Tung Fu Siang, with an army of 10,000 men, started revolution in northern China. Province of Shen Si, where the court is now located, threatened by revolutionists.

Aguinaldo to be removed to a residence in the fashionable quarter of Manila. His kind treatment causing anger among Filipinos of the city.

C. Morland Agnew arrived in England with the stolen portrait of the Duchess of Devonshire. Acknowledged to be the genuine picture.

President Loubet visited Nice on his way to the Toulon naval fêtes. Unusual precautions taken to guard against assassins.

King Edward asked by Turkish Masons to help secure the freedom of the Sultan's imprisoned brother.

Morocco and Tripoli divided between France and Italy by a new treaty of the latter powers.

New civil government in the Philippines will be established about July 1.

DOMESTIC.

Railroad backed by United States Senator Clark and Oregon Short Line supported by interests worth a billion, in fight for right of way to southern California; both laying rails and clash is probable.

Woman school teacher at Harrison, Neb., saved her thirteen pupils and the schoolhouse from being carried away in a flood.

Jury disagreed in trial of eleven persons charged with killing F. B. Baker, the negro postmaster at Lake City, S. C.

Mrs. Josephine Newcomb of New York gave by will her fortune of $3,000,000 to Tulane University.

Fire destroyed the Russell Theater at Ottawa, Ont., and damaged the Russell House.

California man committed suicide with the aid of a homemade guillotine.

NEW YORK.

Announcement made of three proposed industrial combinations involving gas companies, wire glass manufacturers, and a company to control railroad shares.

Pennsylvania Steel company bought the mines of the Spanish-American Iron company at Daquiré, Cuba.

St. Nicholas society, made up of descendants of Dutch ancestors, sent loving cup to Queen Wilhelmina.

Alumni of Chicago University gave banquet at which President told of the growth of the institution.

J. Pierpont Morgan credited with design to finance the consolidation of several big dry goods houses.

Owners of controlling interest in Burlington road refused to sell to Morgan-Hill syndicate.

Bill for three-cent fares on rapid transit roads introduced in the Assembly.

WASHINGTON.

Minister Loomis sailed from La Guayra on the cruiser Scorpion. The information he is bringing to the State department expected to result in securing better treatment for Americans in Venezuela.

Lieutenant James McKinley, the President's nephew, returned from Philippines with General Young, to whose staff he is attached.

Children enjoyed annual Easter egg rolling festival on the White House lawn.

Logan monument will be unveiled this afternoon.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

Combination formed by the American Smelting and Refining company to control practically the entire silver and copper product of the country.

Appellate Court decided the People's Gaslight and Coke company could charge $1 a thousand for fuel gas in the Hyde Park district.

Violent slump in stock prices the feature of the New York market. Cause supposed to be the rise in money.

Stockholders of the Metropolitan Elevated road voted to issue extension bonds to the amount of $5,000,000.

Independent furnace men held conference at Pittsburg to form $12,000,000 combination.

Cheap excursion rates to Colorado offered by the Rock Island may cause rate war.

SPORTING.

Championship tournament of the Illinois Bowling association began at Mussey's with games by teams from the North Chicagos, South Ends, North Shores, and Englewoods.

International match between British and American trap shooters to take place in England on Aug. 12.

Comiskey's team won another game from the Milwaukees at Excelsior Springs, the score being 8 to 7.

Royal Victor won the Tennessee Derby at Memphis, Lady Schorr being held back too long.

Ballyhoo Bey, W. C. Whitney's famous colt, said to have become a "roarer."

Loftus' players beaten by Illinois University team, 8 to 5.

SILVER-COPPER COMBINE SURE.

Control of American Output by Smelting Company Made Certain by New Union.

ALLIES BIG INTERESTS.

Agreement by Stockholders Is Reached Just Before Court Gives Minority Owners Voice in Rule.

DECISION MOST IMPORTANT.

New York, April 8.—[Special.]—A combination which will control practically the entire silver and copper product of the country was authorized today by the stockholders of the American Smelting and Refining company. The capital stock of the company will be increased to $100,000,000, according to the decision of the owners of shares at their meeting held in Delmonico's.

The $40,000,000 added to the stock of the company will be used to purchase the M. Guggenheim & Sons' properties, the only important competitor of the larger corporation. The minority stockholders agreed to withdraw their suit enjoining the majority owners from increasing the capital to take in the rival.

Court Upholds Minority Stock.

This announcement came today just prior to the handing down of a decision by Justice Dixon of the Court of Errors and Appeals in Trenton ordering that the stay enjoining the purchase of the property be continued, and making a general decision affecting all corporations as follows:

"Before an original issue of corporate stock for property to be purchased takes place the bona fide judgment of the directors as to the value of the property, while it is entitled to considerable weight, is not conclusive, but may be reviewed at the instance of existing stockholders, and if, on such review by a court of equity, the value of the property appears to be less than the face value of the stock the issue should be restrained."

Selling Company Still Agent.

H. H. Rogers and Leonard Lewisohn of the United Metal Selling company had opposed the consolidation arranged today because the smelting company wanted to act as its own agent after the consolidation, whereas the selling company had handled the smelting company's business for years. By the terms agreed to today the selling company will again act as agent for the American Smelting and Refining company.

The Metal Selling company exports about 55,000,000 ounces of silver yearly, nearly all of which it handles in its capacity as agent of the American Smelting and Refining company. The Guggenheim company's yearly export is about 25,000,000 ounces. The consolidated companies will control about 90 per cent of the business.

The Metal Selling company, which is recognized as a Rockefeller concern, now controls the copper trade, its yearly shipments amounting to 80 per cent of the entire output of this country. It is interested also in large foreign copper properties. The annual business of the American Smelting and Refining company is about $75,000,000.

Now Allied with Standard Oil.

One notable effect of the settlement is a close alliance of the Standard Oil and American Smelting interests.

The decision of the Court of Errors, which would have given all shareholders a voice in the management not formerly accorded to minority stockholders, after making the point quoted above, goes on to say:

"After the stock has been issued as fully paid stock for property purchased, the judgment of the directors as to the value of the property becomes conclusive, in the absence of actual fraud in the transaction, and such stock is not liable to any further call.

"Nor is it necessary that conscious overvaluation of any other form of fraudulent conduct on the part of these primary values should be shown to justify judicial interposition. Their honest judgment, if reached without examination into the elements of value, or if used in part upon an estimate of matters which really are not property, or if plainly warped by self-interest, may lead to violation of the statutory rule as surely as would corrupt motive."

HERMAN ARMOUR SERIOUSLY ILL

Only Brother of the Late Philip D. Armour Stricken with Paralysis in New York.

New York, April 8.—[Special.]—Herman O. Armour, the only living brother of the late Philip D. Armour, is seriously ill at his home, 856 Fifth avenue. He is suffering from a paralytic stroke, received on Friday evening, when he was chatting with friends. Under treatment the patient recovered consciousness, but did not regain control over his right arm and leg. Mr. Armour has since neither improved nor grown worse.

PORTO RICANS IN SAD PLIGHT.

Emigrants to Honolulu Pass Through El Paso, Many in a Dying Condition.

El Paso, Tex., April 8.—[Special.]—Another lot of Porto Ricans passed through here today, en route for the Sandwich Islands. There were two train loads, containing nearly 1,000 of the most poverty stricken that have yet been shipped to Hawaii. Some had died on the journey and many others were in a dying condition when the train left El Paso.

STEEL TRUST INVADES WEST.

Colorado Fuel and Iron Company Said to Be Under Control of Syndicate —Extensions Planned.

Denver, Colo., April 8.—The statement was made today on high authority that the American Steel and Wire company had secured control of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company and will at once double the capacity of the Pueblo plant, adding tin and wire mills and additional blast furnaces. The men interested will hold a conference with William Garrett of Cleveland tomorrow at Chicago.

WEDS AND DIES IN A DAY.

MISS JEANNETTE EVANS EXPIRES MRS. FREDERICK HAYES.

Chicago Detective Goes to Cincinnati in Haste to Have Ceremony Performed Before the End Comes—Marriage Planned to Take Place Soon and Woman Taken Ill with Grip During Her Preparations—A Bride Only Thirteen Hours.

While the life of Miss Jeannette Evans was fast drawing to a close yesterday morning at the home of her brother in Cincinnati Frederick Hayes, a detective of the Englewood Police Station, stood at her bedside and joined with her in the responses of the marriage ceremony. For a few hours they were husband and wife, and then the bride passed away.

Miss Evans had been residing with a brother, John G. Evans, at 5321 Lowe avenue until a week ago, when she went to Cincinnati to prepare for her wedding at the residence of another brother, E. Walter Evans, registrar of the Health department of that city. The day for the wedding had been set and every arrangement made when the young woman was taken ill with grip. Her condition rapidly grew serious and her death was imminent on Saturday.

Detective Hayes was notified by telegraph, the summons reaching him late on Saturday night. He started for Cincinnati by the first train on Sunday morning after sending a telegram asking Mr. Evans to attend to the details of securing a marriage license and a minister to perform the ceremony as soon as he reached the city.

Yesterday morning at 6 o'clock Mr. Hayes stood by Miss Evans, who lay, conscious, but suffering intense pain. The Rev. R. F. Souter read the marriage ceremony, and in a few moments the words had been spoken which pledged the husband to love and cherish his wife until they were parted by death. The light of happiness shone through the tears that came to the bride's eyes, while she listened to her husband's words of cheer. With a faint smile she talked of the happy future before them, not realizing that her hours were numbered.

Hayes remained by the side of his wife from the hour of his arrival until the end came. Toward noon it became evident that she was sinking rapidly, and she died at 1:30 p. m., a little over thirteen hours after becoming a bride. Her death proved a blow that nearly overcame the strong man to whom she was united.

Policeman Hayes has served six years in the Englewood stations, and is twice a widower. His first wife died four years ago, leaving him a daughter, who is now 5 years old. He became acquainted with Miss Evans two years ago, and their friendship soon ripened into an engagement, which was approved by Miss Evans' relatives as well as his own.

WIND BRINGS A WARRANT.

Starts Quarrel Between Mrs. Edwards and Mrs. Strauss at 6340 Wentworth Avenue.

A gust of wind was responsible for a warrant being sworn out yesterday by Mrs. Albert Edwards of 6340 Wentworth avenue for the arrest of Mrs. Ethel Strauss, who lives on the second floor of the same house. Mrs. Edwards emptied a pail of ashes in the back yard and the wind blew some of the cinders into the face of Mrs. Strauss. Words followed and finally, Mrs. Edwards says, she was assailed with a broom. At the Englewood Police Station she took out a warrant charging disorderly conduct and assault. The case will be heard this morning.

SEE A DEAD MAN IN A DITCH.

Children's Story Leads Police to Believe That Suicide Was Committed in Rosehill Cemetery.

Somewhere near the south end of Rosehill Cemetery the body of a man lies, half submerged in a muddy ditch, if the story of several children is true. The Summerdale police made a vain search for the body last night, but darkness interfered with the work. The police will make another effort to find the body this morning. It is believed to have been that of a man who had chosen the neighborhood of a cemetery in which to end his life.

BARR QUITS THE SANTA FE.

Third Vice President Resigns and Goes to the Seaboard Air Line on May 1.

James M. Barr, Third Vice President of the Santa Fé road, has resigned his position to associate himself with the Seaboard Air line. He will assume his new position on May 1.

BULLETIN OF

The Daily Tribune.

CHICAGO, TUESDAY, APRIL 9, 1901.

Weather predictions for the next 24 hours: Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, nearly stationary temperature.

Sun rises at 5:30; sets at 6:33.

Moon rises at 11:56 p. m.

IMPORTANT NEWS AND FEATURES

Pages.

1 Rebel Rising in Northern China.
Silver and Copper Combine Sure.
Wedding Half Day Before Death.
Big Canadian Hotel Burning.
Girl Swims River; Rescues Thirteen.
Mayor and New Council Installed.

2 Jail Prisoners to Be Organized.
Little Hope for Redistricting.
Railway Kings in Hot Struggle.
Demands Truth of Cruelty Charge.

3 Venezuelan Report Awaited.
Diaz's "Illness," a Stiff Neck.
Ease and Luxury for Aguinaldo.
Recovered Picture Safe in London.
Guard Loubet with Extra Care.

4 Both Chicago Ball Clubs Play.
Royal Victor's Tennessee Derby.
State Bowling Tourney Starts.

5 General News of New York.
Three Combines Formed in a Day.
Chicago Alumni Dinner in Gotham.
Dr. McIntyre Formally Resigns.

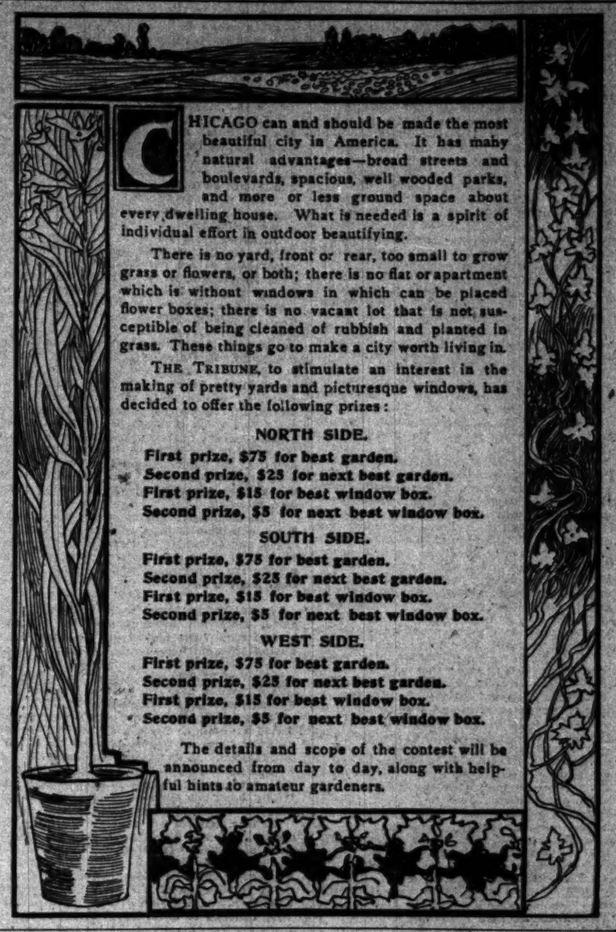
7 Club Women's Elections.

12 Cuts On Hyde Park's Cheap Gas.

Pages.		Pages.	
6	Editorial.	7	Short Story.
7	Society.	8	Commercial.
7	Fontenoy.	9	Railroads.
7	Amusements.	12	Courts.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
CHERBOURG		Barbarossa.
NEW YORK	Bovic	S. of Nebraska.
QUEENSTOWN	Saxonia	



CHICAGO can and should be made the most beautiful city in America. It has many natural advantages—broad streets and boulevards, spacious, well wooded parks, and more or less ground space about every dwelling house. What is needed is a spirit of individual effort in outdoor beautifying.

There is no yard, front or rear, too small to grow grass or flowers, or both; there is no flat or apartment which is without windows in which can be placed flower boxes; there is no vacant lot that is not susceptible of being cleaned of rubbish and planted in grass. These things go to make a city worth living in.

THE TRIBUNE, to stimulate an interest in the making of pretty yards and picturesque windows, has decided to offer the following prizes:

NORTH SIDE.

First prize, $75 for best garden.
Second prize, $25 for next best garden.
First prize, $15 for best window box.
Second prize, $5 for next best window box.

SOUTH SIDE.

First prize, $75 for best garden.
Second prize, $25 for next best garden.
First prize, $15 for best window box.
Second prize, $5 for next best window box.

WEST SIDE.

First prize, $75 for best garden.
Second prize, $25 for next best garden.
First prize, $15 for best window box.
Second prize, $5 for next best window box.

The details and scope of the contest will be announced from day to day, along with helpful hints to amateur gardeners.

FIRE IN CANADIAN HOTEL.

THEATER IN RUSSELL BLOCK, OTTOWA, DESTROYED.

Guests of Hostelry Roused at Early Hour and Compelled to Flee in Night Clothes—Playhouse Where "Belle of New York" Had Been Performing Is a Total Wreck—Flames Finally Subdued—Entire Block Suffers Damage.

Ottawa, Ont., April 9.—A fire which started in the Russell House Block at 1:45 o'clock this morning destroyed the Russell Theater, one of the finest play-houses in Canada, and damaged the Russell House, one of the principal hotels in this city, before the firemen succeeded in gaining control over the flames.

These buildings with two others occupy the block bounded by Queen, Elgin, Canal, and Sparks streets.

The fire spread from the theater to the hotel with great rapidity and forced some of the 200 guests to make their escape in their night clothing. To add to the confusion the electric light wires were cut, leaving the hotel in total darkness. All the guests escaped, however, without injury.

The "Belle of New York" Opera company played in the theater last night, and what scenery and costumes had been left in the building were lost. The company leaves the city this morning, and some of their effects had been removed to the depot.

Besides the hotel and the theater the block contained the office of the Free Press and another portion of it was occupied with offices. The loss on these is small.

The Russell House is a huge five-story structure facing on Sparks street and covering nearly the entire frontage of the block. It is built with the old-style mansard roof and ornamented at the corners and in the central front with square towers extending two stories above the main structure.

POLICEMAN CRUSHED BY AN ELEVATED TRAIN.

Jacob Johnson Caught Between Cars and Station Platform and May Die from Injuries—Released by Firemen.

While attempting to board a moving train on the Lake Street Elevated road at Forty-fourth avenue yesterday Policeman Jacob Johnson of the Thirtieth Precinct Station became so tightly wedged between the train and the station platform that a fire company had to be called to extricate him. Before the train could be stopped he had broken half the windows of one car with his head. Johnson was so seriously injured that his recovery is considered doubtful.

The accident happened about 4 o'clock yesterday morning. Johnson was on his way home and reached the elevated station just as a train was pulling out. He jumped on the platform of a car, although the gate was closed. As the train passed the station, which is close to the track, Johnson was caught and dragged from the train, which crushed him against the station wall. When the motorman finally stopped the car the policeman was so firmly wedged in that the firemen had to cut away several feet of the station platform.

Johnson's uniform was torn to shreds, both arms were broken, his chest was crushed, and he was cut about the face with glass from the broken windows of the car. He was taken to his home, 2386 Austin avenue.

CARNEGIE ASKED TO PAY $40,000,000 IN DAMAGES.

James P. Witherow Sues the Pittsburg Company for Alleged Infringement of Patents—Ex-Speaker Reed for the Defense.

New York, April 8.—James P. Witherow began suit in the United States Circuit Court against the Carnegie Steel company today for damages amounting to between $40,000,000 and $50,000,000 for an alleged infringement of a patent held by him.

Mr. Witherow was a builder of blast furnaces in 1884, when he obtained his patent. He constructed many large furnaces all over the country.

He claims that a patent secured by one Jones and used by Carnegie is an infringement of his patent and was so declared by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

Thomas B. Reed has been engaged by the Carnegie company to defend the suit.

SWIMS RIVER; RESCUES 13

GIRL BRAVES TORRENT TO SAVE PUPILS FROM DROWNING.

Miss Lizzie Cottman, a Teacher Near Harrison, Neb., When Schoolhouse Is Surrounded by Flood, Makes Her Way to Shore, Secures a Horse and Rope, Returns to Building, Which She Then Drags to the Bank and Ties to a Tree.

Harrison, Neb., April 8.—[Special.]—An extraordinary incident of the White River floods happened here this afternoon when Miss Lizzie Cottman saved thirteen children from drowning. Incidentally the daring woman also saved schoolhouse No. 19 for the Sioux County taxpayers. The whole affair is replete with heroic incidents. Tonight Miss Cottman is in Harrison, as school No. 19 must be abandoned for several days.

The building, a small frame structure, occupied a small glade 100 yards from the bank of the White River. The stream had in the last few days reached the proportions of a torrent because of the melting snow and rain. Gradually the water backed into the ravine, and this morning when Miss Cottman arrived the scholars were making merry in the building, which was nearly surrounded by water.

Flood Surrounds the Building.

An hour later Miss Cottman was frightened by hearing the water passing under the house with a roaring sound, which gradually increased. The land was twenty feet away and the water there was deep.

The teacher at first concluded to wait for the assistance of some passing farmer. None came, and in an hour she felt the building shaking. The supports were giving away. Then she rushed outside and sprang into the flood, after making the children promise to wait inside. The little ones pressed their frightened faces against the window and screamed as they saw their teacher battling with the flood. Miss Cottman found the water nearly over her head, but she got through. Then she secured a horse which one of the children had ridden to school. From the stable she took a rope, and, leading the horse back, plunged again into the torrent. The rope she fastened around the horse's neck, and the other end she made fast to the door jamb of the building.

Drags Schoolhouse to Shore.

By this time the building was floating and ready to drift off into the flood. It required desperate work to swim the horse back to the shore, and Miss Cottman was forced to hold its head above the water to keep it from drowning. Then the animal dragged the building close to shore, and it was tied to a tree and the children sent home.

Tonight the citizens are talking of the manner in which the heroic girl may be rewarded. The County Commissioners will be asked to donate her at least the price of the building she saved.

SELLS ONE GUMDROP FOR $1; THEN POLICE DO THE REST.

James Welsh, Who Apparently Gave Away $5 Bills with a Piece of Candy, Sent to the Bridewell for 100 Days.

James Welsh sold one gumdrop for a dollar, and the feat so impressed the police that they have sent him to the bridewell to work for the city for 100 days. Could he keep up his "get-rich-quick" sales there, it is estimated that the financial problem of lowering the tunnels and widening the river would be solved before the expiration of his sentence, leaving a sufficient balance to build bridges and clean the streets. Unfortunately Welsh will earn only half a gumdrop a day.

Welsh is a "gumdrop game" man. His present trouble is due to the fact something "dropped." The "game" consists in selling gumdrops worth 15 cents a pound for $1 each, the only difference being that the purchaser thinks the drops are not the same.

The manipulator of the game stands in the center of a crowd with a piece of paper, a gumdrop, and a $5 bill in his hand. Apparently the bill is rolled into a ball with the gumdrop and the paper and the package is then sold for $1. Then the purchaser goes around the corner and cautiously opens his package. The gumdrop is there, but not the $5 bill.

Welsh was operating his game in Wabash avenue when Inspector Hartnett and Captain Mahoney of the Harrison Street Station saw him. He was fined $50 yesterday morning.

EXIT OLD; ENTER A NEW COUNCIL.

Big Crowd Sees Passing of Defeated Aldermen and Installation of Their Successors.

GRAY WOLVES ARE CAGED

Non-Partisan Organization Plan Succeeds, Mayor Getting the Finance Chairmanship.

ONE YEAR MEN SHUT OUT.

Fahndrich and Nagel Are Refused Seats and Give Notice They Will Carry Case Into Court.

POINTS IN THE MAYOR'S MESSAGE.

With the Aldermen hidden behind banks of roses and floral designs the old Council answered its last roll call last night and the new Council its first. In a short session, lasting scarcely an hour, the Aldermanic body for 1900-1901 arranged its affairs, made its last will and testament, and handed over the reins to its successor for 1901-1902, which reorganized without opposition to the non-partisan slate offered.

The "gray wolves" sat meekly and harmlessly under horseshoes of roses, stars of carnations, and banks of Easter lilies, and when the Reorganization committee report was submitted they voted peacefully for a slate which relegated them to such inactive, uninfluential committees as City Hall, Streets and Alley Openings, and Wharves and Public Grounds. For the first time in years Alderman Powers was not made a member of the Finance committee.

Mayor Takes Oath Once More.

Mayor Harrison took the oath of office for the third time, making the sixth time it has been taken by a Harrison, with the members of his family seated about his chair. From the same platform Mr. and Mrs. Potter Palmer heard Alderman Honoré Palmer answer "Here" to his name as the new Council came into existence.

In the Council chamber during the ceremony there were several hundred more people than the hall had been built to receive. They packed the gallery and overflowed the floor. They crowded the aisles and made entrance or exit after 7:30 o'clock an impossibility. They included city officials and the wives, families, and friends of the incoming, outgoing, and holdover Aldermen.

Annual Message Is Submitted.

After the old Council had disposed of its affairs the Mayor submitted his annual message to the new body. It was deferred for publication without reading. In it the Mayor laid down what should be the rules guiding the city in dealing with the traction companies, and reviewed numerous needs of the city. What the city especially required, he said, was "less abuse and more patriotism, less criticism and more enterprise, less esthetic fault finding and more broad-gauge determination to right civic conditions."

The city's traction policy, said the Mayor, should provide for a percentage of the gross receipts as compensation, a reduction of fares for rush hours of the day, the equipment of the lines with better cars, and a waiver of rights under the ninety-nine-year act. In more specific terms the Mayor demanded that the overhead trolley and the "antiquated cable system" be barred in the district inside Twenty-second street, Western avenue, North avenue, and the lake.

"Gray Wolves" Are Lambkins.

The "gray wolves" hung out the peace sign and tried to show that "their fangs had been drawn." They made a jest of their name, and with Coughlin as their spokesman they said they "would be good." "Honest Ed" Cullerton sat in a grotto of carnations and roses, with a stuffed gray wolf as a companion. "This is Little Red Ridinghood," said Kenna, "I am Jack and the Bean Stalk, and 'Bathhouse' is Prince Charming, and we're all good."

When the "wolves" found that they had been burried in committees which never meet they said nothing. Aldermen Martin, Conlon, Brennan, and Powers were the only ones who dissented from the non-partisan slate. Only two changes were offered to the committee recommendations. Alderman Smulski had Alderman Oberndorf's name substituted for his own on the Committee on Streets and Alleys West, and at the request of Alderman Conlon, and against the protest of Alderman Brennan, a change was made on the same committee, substituting Brennan's name for Conlon's.

Short Term Men Shut Out.

Two Aldermen who were elected with the other thirty-five stood outside the Council door and saw the efforts of their friends to secure them seats defeated. Charles Fahndrich, the one-year Alderman from the Seventh Ward, and Nicholas Nagle, the one-year man from the Thirty-first, were denied their seats. A resolution which would have compelled Aldermen Minwegen and Goldzier and Aldermen Thompson and Dixon to draw lots was defeated. The two "locked out" Aldermen served notice that they intended carrying the contest to the Supreme Court.

Around the Mayor's chair were gathered his guests, including:

Mr. and Mrs. Potter Palmer.
Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Coleman.
Lockwood Honoré.
Miss Edith O. Harrison.
Mr. and Mrs. William M. Burke.
Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Odell.
Mrs. Carter H. Harrison.
Miss Susanne Waller.

The first act of the Mayor was to insist on a departure from the practice usually licensed in the Council chamber.

"There can be no smoking in the Council chamber," he announced. "The officers will see that no one disobeys this order."

City Clerk Loeffler was given two designs which aided in making the Mayor's desk appear like a conservatory. A reading desk of red, white, and yellow carnations stood in front of the clerk's desk, and beside it was an ink well of flowers with a quill.

Old Council's Last Stand.

For a moment after the Mayor rapped for order it was doubtful whether the old Council would be given the opportunity of a last hearing. At the suggestion of the Mayor the clerk started with the new roll call, unceremoniously burying the old Council with-

out a funeral. There was objection at once.

"It is a matter of no importance to the chair," declared the Mayor. So the old Council had another session. It bequeathed all unfinished business to the new committees. Alderman Novak keeping up a tradition by making the necessary motion to approve the minutes. On the passing of the old Aldermanic body the Mayor took the oath of office, administered by the City Clerk. His bond and those of the other newly elected city officials were read and approved by the Council. The Mayor, then duly installed, submitted his message.

New Council's First Labors.

A contest was made to seat the two one-year Aldermen who claim seats, and the efforts of their friends in various directions failed. A communication from the Coroner relative to the Doremus boiler explosion, containing recommendations for a new ordinance, was submitted. Alderman Foreman moved to continue the Street Railway commission, Alderman Jackson moved to continue the Special Parks commission, and Alderman Goldsier to continue the Track Elevation committee, all appointments to be made by the Mayor. Alderman W. F. Brennan secured the passage of an order for the publication of financial and criminal statistics to prove that Chicago is not the worst managed city in the country. On the motion of Alderman Mayor William Brown was elected Sergeant-at-Arms for the Council.

The report of the Reorganising committee, giving the chairmanship of the Finance committee to Alderman Mayer again, and the chairmanship of the Judiciary committee to Alderman Werno, was passed by a vote of 33-4.

With this matter satisfactorily adjusted, the Council adjourned until April 22.

ON A NON-PARTISAN BASIS.

Committee's Report Adopted Giving Republicans Sixteen Chairmanships and Democrats Nine.

CHAIRMEN OF COMMITTEES.

Republicans	16
Democrats	9
Independent	1

CHAIRMEN OF IMPORTANT COMMITTEES.

Republicans	8
Democrats	9
Independent	1

The new City Council organized last evening by adopting the list of committees recommended by the non-partisan committee of which Alderman Bennett was the chairman. There was no contest and the list was approved by a vote of 63 to 4, the negatives being cast by Aldermen Martin, Powers, Conlon, and Brennan (Eighteenth), all Democrats. Their votes were nothing but a protest against what they considered unfair treatment of themselves in the makeup of the committees. Alderman Cullerton, who fared worse than anybody else, voted for the list, as did Aldermen Coughlin and Kenna, who were not much more favored.

The Republicans had the better of the appointments, although this advantage was intended to be only what their majority in the Council entitled them to. In the twenty-six committees they have sixteen chairmen, the Democrats nine, with one Independent chairman. Of the committees which are really important there are five Republican chairmen, two Democratic, and one Independent, the list being:

Finance	Mayer, R.
Railroads	Foreman, R.
Gas, Oil and Electric Lights	Ailing, R.
Streets and Alleys, South	Jackson, D.
Streets and Alleys, West	Fowler, R.
Streets and Alleys, North	Minwegen, D.
Judiciary	Werno, D.
Schools	Herrmann, D.

Of the Finance committee eight members are Republicans and five Democrats. The Committee on Railroads, which will be the most important one of all if any ordinances for street railway franchises are presented during the next two years, is composed of eight Republicans, four Democrats, and one Independent.

Honoré Palmer was given a place on the following committees: Schools, Gas, Oil and Electric Lights, License, Elections, and Wharfing Privileges.

Many Old Aldermen Ignored.

The most noticeable thing about the makeup of the committees is the manner in which each old Aldermen as Powers, Brennan (Eighteenth), Martin, Cullerton, Coughlin, Kenna, Wulff, and others were ignored absolutely. Powers was dropped from the Finance committee, where he has served for years, and of which he has been the chairman several times, and was not even put on Streets and Alleys West. Roach, the new man who beat Morris, was appointed to represent the Nineteenth Ward.

Brennan (Eighteenth) was not put on Streets and Alleys West originally, but his colleague, Conlon, who was named, moved that Brennan's name be substituted for his, and it was done over Brennan's protest. On Streets and Alleys South Litzinger, a new man, was named instead of Martin, and Coughlin went on this committee simply because Kenna was left off, and some one had to be named from the ward.

None of the Aldermen mentioned is appointed on any really important committees. Powers is named on such as Civil Service, Wharfing Privileges, Water Department, and others which never meet, and the other Aldermen named are similarly treated. The Committee on City Hall, which is familiarly known as "Lonesome Roads," on account of its insignificance, contains the names of Powers, Wulff, Olson, Coughlin, Elsfeldt, Martin, and McInerney.

List of the Committees.

The full list of committees follows:

FINANCE—Mayer [R.], Jackson [R], Bennett [R.], Maypole [D.], Beifuss [R.], Finn [D.], Goldsier [D.], Blake [R.], Raymer [R.], Carey [D.], Boyd [D.], Sidmann [R.], Rector [R.].

JUDICIARY—Werno [D.], Ailing [R.], Foreman [R.], Dixon [R.], Young [R.], Jones [R.], Novak [D.], Brennan, 12 [D.], Finn [D.], Minwegen [D.], Goldsier [D.], Herrmann [D.], Blake [R.].

SCHOOLS—Herrmann [D.], Fowler [R.], Corkery [R.], Byrne [D.], Beifuss [R.], Werno [D.], Sullivan [D.], Hart [D.], Kuester [R.], Minwegen [D.], Zimmer [D.], Palmer [D.].

RAILROADS—Foreman [R.], Herrmann [D.], Rector [R.], Sidmann [R.], Maypole [D.], Smulski [D.], Minwegen [D.], Raymer [R.], Williston [R.], Hart [D.], Blake [R.], Gary [R.], Boyd [D.].

GAS, OIL AND ELECTRIC LIGHT—Ailing [R.], Smulski [R.], Badenoch [R.], Decker [R.], Werno [D.], Palmer [D.], Keaney [D.], Tousey [R.], Thompson [R.], Byrne [D.], Sheenan [R.], Race [R.], Dunn [R.].

HEALTH DEPARTMENT—Brennan, 12 [D.], Butterworth [R.], Kunz [D.], Sulzer [D.], Werno [D.], Finn [D.], Brennan, 12 [D.], Bellinas [R.], Blake [R.], Raymer [R.], Maypole [D.], Palmer [D.].

RULES—Badenoch [R.], Mayor [D.], Foreman [R.], Cullerton [D.], Litzinger [D.], Roach [R.], Jackson [R.], Novak [D.], Oberndorf [R.], Butterworth [R.], Doubek [R.], Litzinger [R.].

STREETS AND ALLEYS SOUTH—Jackson [R.], Bennett [R.], Badenoch [R.], Kent [D.], Coughlin [D.], Dixon [R.], Litzinger [R.], Young [R.], Jones [R.], Carey [D.], Boyd [D.], Butterworth [R.], Conaery [R.].

STREETS AND ALLEYS WEST—Fowler [R.], Beifuss [R.], Patterson [R.], Raymer [R.], Fick [R.], Goldsier [D.], Byrne [D.], Brennan, 12 [D.], Garv [R.], Kuss [D.], Oberndorf [R.], Brennan, 18 [D.], Roach [R.], Keaney [R.], Hackley [R.], Hunter [R.].

STREETS AND ALLEYS NORTH—Minwegen [D.], Williston [R.], Sullivan [D.], Herrmann [D.], Bielski [R.], Kuester [R.].

WHARFING PRIVILEGES—Patterson [R.], Sidmann [R.], Smulski [R.], Brenner [R.], Litzinger [D.], Powers [D.], Wulff [D.], Mayer [R.], Young [R.], Ailing [R.], Palmer [D.], Rector [R.], Race [R.].

CIVIL SERVICE—Byrne [D.], Moynihan [R.], Hart [D.], Strauss [D.], Oberndorf [R.], Powers [D.], Sullivan [D.], Wulff [D.], Finn [D.], Beifuss [R.], Ailing [R.], Hunter [R.], Foreman [R.].

HARBORS, VIADUCTS AND BRIDGES—Thompson [R.], Fowler [R.], Sidmann [R.], Sheenan [R.], Cullerton [D.], Oberndorf [R.], Brennan, 18 [D.], Roach [R.], Minwegen [D.], McInerney [D.], Litzinger [R.], Dunn [R.], Scully [R.].

SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS—Williston [R.], Elsfeldt [R.], Bennett [R.], Werno [D.], Finn [D.], Patterson [R.], Foreman [R.], Goldsier [D.], Doubek [R.], Fowler [R.], Martin [D.], Brenner [R.], Strauss [D.].

STREET NOMENCLATURE—Gary [R.], Jackson [R.], Elsfeldt [R.], Cullerton [D.], Brennan, 12 [D.], Strauss [D.], Conaery [D.], Oberndorf [R.], Sheenan [D.], Bennett [R.], Boyd [D.], Brenner [R.], Carey [D.].

POLICE—Slater [R.], Carey [D.], Thompson [R.], Ailing [R.], Kuester [R.], Badenoch [R.], Brennan, 18 [D.], Zimmer [D.], Boyd [D.], Kenna [D.], Butterworth [R.], Decker [R.], Moynihan, Scully [R.], Olson [R.], Conlon [D.], Connery [D.], Roach [R.], Corkery [R.], Kent [D.].

PRINTING—Race [R.], Hart [D.], Maypole [D.], Fowler [R.], Williston [R.], Jackson [R.], Raymer [R.], Rector [R.], Kenna [D.], Fick [D.], McInerney [D.], Olson [R.], Brenner [R.].

CITY HALL—Keaney [R.], Dixon [R.], Powers [D.], Wulff [D.], Olson [R.], Coughlin [D.], Elsfeldt [R.], Martin [D.], McInerney [D.], Jones [R.], Patterson [R.], Litzinger [R.], Blake [R.].

POLICE STATIONS AND BRIDEWELL—Fick [D.], Brennan, 18 [D.], Kenna [D.], Kunz [D.], Moynihan [R.], Wulff [D.], Decker [R.], Kent [D.], Strauss [D.], Byrne [D.], Hackley [R.], Ehemann [D.], Jones [R.].

WHARVES AND PUBLIC GROUNDS—Jones [R.], Coughlin [D.], Sindelar [R.], Powers [D.], Kenna [D.], Brennan, 18 [D.], McInerney [D.], Elsfeldt [R.], Gary [R.], Mayor [R.], Bennett [R.], Martin [R.], Butterworth [R.].

WATER DEPARTMENT—Corkery [R.], Novak [D.], Ehemann [D.], Cullerton [D.], Coughlin [D.], Doubek [R.], Hackley [R.], Thompson [R.], Conlon [D.], Powers [D.], Badenoch [R.], Litzinger [D.], Decker [R.].

STREET AND ALLEY OPENING—Corkery [R.], Strauss [D.], Martin [D.], Doubek [R.], Butterworth [R.], McInerney [D.], Olson [R.], Werno [D.], Novak [D.], Hunter [R.], Kuester [R.], Moynihan [R.], Hackley [R.].

William Brown was reelected Sergeant-at-Arms of the Council.

One-Year Men Shut Out.

Charles J. Fahndrich, who was chosen for the one-year term in the Seventh Ward, and Nicholas J. Nagel, who was chosen for the short term in the Thirty-first, were both refused seats, according to the program previously agreed on. During the day both had taken the oath of office before Circuit Clerk Cooke and been given certificates of election by him. They made application to City Clerk Loeffler also, but he refused either to grant these certificates or to swear them in, following an opinion of Corporation Counsel Walker that there being no one-year vacancies, they were not entitled to seats.

At the Council meeting Alderman Bennett moved that the City Clerk be instructed to place their names on the roll. This was voted down, as was a succeeding motion by Alderman Badenoch that Aldermen Thompson and Dixon, the holdovers in the Second Ward, and Aldermen Goldsier and Minwegen in the Twenty-first be compelled to draw lots to determine which should stay.

The contestants afterwards announced they would make application before the Supreme Court at Springfield tomorrow for a writ of mandamus.

GAGE CITES THE PARTHENON.

Secretary of Treasury Answers Council's Postoffice Protest by Quoting from Dictionaries.

The reply of Secretary Lyman J. Gage to the resolutions asking that the original plans on the postoffice be adhered to was presented to the Council last night. In it the Secretary points to the "Parthenon at Athens" to prove that sectional columns are of as great architectural beauty as monoliths, and encyclopedias are quoted in substantiation. He writes:

"While this modification has been made, it is believed that it will not materially detract from the finish and high artistic excellence of the exterior of the building. In this connection I beg to call attention to the Parthenion at Athens. Of that building the Century Encyclopedia says:

"'In refinement of design and perfection of execution this structure has never been paralleled.'

"In the American Encyclopedia it is said that—

"'The Parthenon was built in the best period of architecture and under the inspiration of the highest genius in art.'

"Nevertheless, the magnificent columns surrounding it, and imparting to it the highest elements of classic beauty, were not monoliths, but were composed of eleven sections, one superimposed upon the other."

SEARCH FOR PALMER'S OFFICE.

Constituents of Twenty-first Ward Alderman Seek in Vain for It—Place Is Not Yet Chosen.

Honoré Palmer disappointed some of his constituents yesterday when he failed to open his ward headquarters. Many were eager to be the first to bring up a municipal question before the young Alderman, and searched in vain for the place where they could tell of bad paving and dirty alleys. They were told that the formal opening would be today, but none was able to find the location of the new office. Mr. Palmer is not certain himself just where his headquarters will be, for he has three buildings under consideration.

Miners Refuse Terms.

Brazil, Ind., April 8.—[Special.]—The block coal miners, by a unanimous vote, today refused the operators' proposition for a settlement, which provides that the miners purchase powder from operators at $1.75 a keg. A committee went to Indianapolis this evening to consult with the miners' national board, and if a compromise agreement cannot be reached a strike will be called.

MAYOR HARRISON'S MESSAGE

Municipal Problems Discussed and Criticism of the City Rebuked.

MAYOR HARRISON'S annual message, read to the new City Council last night, discusses the municipal problems now pressing for solution, and takes occasion to rebuke the criticism which has been directed at the city and the administration. The traction question is dealt with in the assertion that franchises must be extended only in consideration of the payment to the city as compensation of a percentage of the gross receipts; a reduction of fares during rush hours; better cars and facilities; waiver by the street railway companies of all claims under the ninety-nine-year act, and a provision for ultimate municipal ownership of the lines.

The executive replies to the charges that he has been the "hobos' friend," and then dwells on Chicago's needs for small parks, public baths, skating rinks in winter, and other improvements, following this with a review of the financial obstacles now interfering. A promise to solve completely the special assessment rebate tangle is made, and the question of street improvements and the best paving materials is fully canvassed. The work of each department during the last year then is outlined in detail.

After pointing out that two years ago he called attention to the city's financial condition that the Council might "direct the thoughts of the general public to the difficulties encountered by the city government in providing citizens with the necessities and comforts of life which they count upon receiving at our hands and for which they pay their hard-earned taxes," the message continues:

"Until there is a general awakening of Chicago's taxpaying public to the meagerness of the city revenues, the demand for all those things now counted as necessities in a great city may as well remain unvoiced. It is not enough to cavil and complain. The remedy is not to be found in abuse or fault-finding. Not only are these methods harmful to the city and unpromising of results, but they are utterly lacking in the old-time spirit of Chicago. What Chicago needs today is less abuse and more patriotism, less criticism and more enterprise, less esthetic fault-finding and more broad-gauge determination to right civic conditions.

"A year ago we hoped Chicago was beginning to see its way out of the financial woods. The ridiculously low aggregate of taxes furnished for so many years to the city for corporate purposes promised largely to be increased, owing to the increased general assessment under the new law. The citizens of Chicago seemed at last to have come to realise that the only way in which they could get good city government was by providing their city officials with the means to give good government."

It is added that this "hope was doomed to bitter disappointment," and that the retrenchments in last year's appropriation bill showed the Council's wisdom in that the city received in taxes but $5,385,376, whereas $6,598,781 was expected. The city is held to have suffered an "absolute hardship" rather than a benefit by the increased assessment of 1899

After speaking of the need of public baths the message takes up the question of small parks and says:

"Unless by means of constitutional amendment the authority of Chicago to increase its bonded indebtedness is obtained, or unless the recommendation of the Small Parks commission that the establishing of these small parks be transferred to the various Park boards is acted upon by the Legislature during its present session, it will be necessary for the people of Chicago to appeal to our wealthy and philanthropic fellow-citizens to establish these small parks and playgrounds as signal evidence of the charity and public spirit of Chicago's citizenship."

The need of the establishment of public skating rinks is dwelt on, it being pointed out that sixty of these pleasure spots were opened last winter as a result of the city's offer to furnish water free for ice.

On the subject of a municipal lodging-house the Mayor says:

"For years past in rigorous winter weather the various city administrations have thrown open the police stations to homeless wanderers, on the theory that no matter how debased or worthless a man might be, he should not be forced into the streets to freeze or steal while some slight measure of protection could be afforded him in one of the city's buildings.

"Complaint is made by students of economic conditions that this indiscriminate caretaking of the homeless poor is scientifically ill-advised, in the first place, and that it has resulted besides in a large influx of undesirable characters into Chicago with each recurring winter season. Whatever may be said of the first objection, I do not agree with the latter theory. I ascribe the character of Chicago's temporary winter population to the fact that this city is located in the heart of the great agricultural districts, where many more men are employed in the summer months than can possibly find work through the winter, as well as to the fact that navigation on the great lakes being discontinued through the winter months, the men engaged in lake commerce seek winter homes with us, while but few are able to secure employment during these cold months.

"The municipal lodging-house has already been established in a number of Eastern cities, and evidently has worked to the satisfaction of their city governments, and next winter the experiment will be given a practical local test."

The need of garbage crematories is emphasized, assertion being made that Chicago should stop "the barbarous custom of disposing of its garbage by depositing it in clay holes." It is added that this year's appropriation of $25,000 will allow but a start in this direction, and the work of the small reducing plant at the bridewell is praised.

The municipal library now being established is held to have a future which will make it "one of the most valuable of city institutions." The Mayor then asserts that he has made every effort to unravel the special assessment rebate tangle, which has "long been the scandal of our city government." Continuing, he says:

"These rebates are trust funds pure and simple, and the duty devolves on the city at this late date to fulfill all the obligations of the trust. As these are debts the city honestly owes steps should be taken to secure an early liquidation of the accounts. I would, therefore, suggest the advisability of permitting citizens to enter up judgments by default for the amount of the rebates shown to be due them by the investigation now under way, if the amount as determined is greater than the city can settle in cash. By this method citizens will be enabled to obtain an evidence of indebtedness which, bearing the legal rate of interest, may be converted into cash at the will of the holder."

As to paving, the Mayor contends that the problem of providing suitable city pavements has not yet reached solution. Dressed granite block is held to be the only material "even fairly satisfactory," while brick and macadam are held as not durable under the grind of heavy traffic. For this reason he asserts:

"You are face to face with two conclusions, either the size of the loads must be restricted or a wide tire ordinance should be passed at once. This latter would probably be the better way out of the difficulty."

It is recommended that a new department of the city government be created by taking the water service from the control of the Public Works department and making it a separate bureau.

In taking up the street railway problem the Mayor points out the report that the companies will seek refuge under the so-called ninety-nine-year act. He continues:

"There is nothing in the ninety-nine-year act, however, to prevent the city from granting franchises to competing companies to duplicate every mile of rail now laid in the city. Moreover, this act does not apply to all the old lines, and for these reasons the companies are not so well intrenched that they may attempt either to dictate terms to the city or to refuse reasonable terms offered them by the city.

"There is no desire on the part of the vast majority of the citizens of Chicago to occupy the attitude of confiscating property or repudiating obligations already assumed. The results of the last two Mayoralty elections state in plain, unmistakable terms what the citizens believe in and insist upon as a satisfactory settlement of the street car franchise question. The public might be summed up as a demand for:

"Compensation to the city based upon a percentage of the gross receipts.

"A reduction of fare during the rush hours of the day.

"A betterment of accommodations.

"A distinct waiver of all claims under the ninety-nine-year act.

"A provision for municipal acquirement of the properties at the expiration of the grant.

"The first and second points are practically one and the same. When a careful study of the question has shown what compensation the companies can afford to pay, it will devolve upon your honorable body to decide the form in which it is to be paid, whether in straight compensation, in a reduction of fare, or in both forms.

"In addition to these questions the companies must be required to lay the grooved rail in all streets where property-owners have laid permanent pavements, while the overhead trolley as well as the antiquated cable should be supplanted by the underground trolley, at the least, in the district bounded by Twenty-second street, Western avenue, and North avenue."

Then follows a list of privileges granted by the city during the last twelve months from which compensation is derived, the total showing $11,021 paid annually. Businesslike methods in every department are urged; the classification of all accounts; semi-annual auditing of accounts; annual public reports; and strict supervision of billposting and the passing of handbills. The message concludes with reviews of the work during the last two years.

Of the Police department the Mayor asserts that the "General Superintendent of Police in his annual report effectually refutes the mendacious statements heretofore made as to the undue prevalence of crime in Chicago and the alleged inefficiency of the Police department in suppressing it."

The Sanitary board, it is stated, "should correct the evils growing out of the plans executed by them."

THIRTY MEN FIGHT IN CAR AND WOMEN ARE HURT.

Battle Between Evanston and Rogers Park "Gangs" Bruises Most of the Passengers and Breaks All Windows.

The "Rogers Park gang" and an Evanston crowd fought out an old feud on a northbound trolley car in Rogers Park last night. Several women were hurt and the interior of the car was wrecked, every window being broken.

There were eight women in the car at the time and one of them, whose name could not be learned, jumped from the platform while the car was going at a rapid rate, and was severely bruised. Another one was knocked down, but was saved from further injury by H. W. McClure of Evanston, a passenger, who assisted her to alight. While he was doing so a number of the men engaged in the fight attacked him, one of them cutting him between the eyes.

The fight occurred shortly after the car left Edgewater. A man in the forward end of the car struck a companion in the face. This precipitated matters and over thirty men, who were in the car, rushed forward to take part in the battle. Blows were struck right and left. The women screamed and tried to evade the fighting mob. One man was lifted bodily and thrown through a window.

The Evanston police are making an investigation, but no arrests have been made.

PLUM FOR DAVID E. SHANAHAN.

Believed to Be Slated for Commissioner of the Joliet Prison—Effect on Apportionment Bills.

Representative David E. Shanahan is believed to be slated as one of the commissioners of the Illinois State penitentiary at Joliet to succeed Thomas O'Shaughnessy, who was appointed commissioner four years ago by Governor Tanner at the special instance and request of Congressman Lorimer and John M. Smyth. Mr. Shanahan is one of Congressman Lorimer's friends. Governor Yates is fond of Mr. Shanahan, and regards him as one of his most able lieutenants. This appointment, if made, as it probably will be, is expected to bring Mr. Shanahan into the active support of the Congressional and Senatorial apportionment bills.

DISCUSS TOWN CONSOLIDATION.

Representatives Agree to Strike Out the Clause Locating Courthouses in Chicago.

H. S. Mecartney and Enoch J. Price, representing the Civic federation committee that drafted the town consolidation bill, and F. J. Griffin and Representative Thiemann of the County Towns federation, met yesterday to discuss some features of the bill.

As a result of the conference it was agreed to eliminate the clause in the bill which provides for locating the courts of the county towns in Chicago. With this provision stricken out the bill will not prevent the county towns from having their own courthouses.

Mr. Mecartney and Mr. Price left for Springfield last night and will appear before the legislative committees today in the interests of the bill. They will suggest none of the changes desired by the county towns for the purpose of restricting the future growth of the city to its present limits.

BREAKS UP LORIMER'S PLANS.

Injury to a Rib Prevents the Former Congressman from Going to Springfield.

Former Congressman William Lorimer is confined to his residence at 1074 Douglas Park boulevard from the effects of a fall he received on Saturday afternoon. Mr. Lorimer slipped as he was getting out of a bath tub, and, falling on his side against the edge of the tub, injured one of his ribs. He is under the orders of his physician not to leave the house for a week, and also is forbidden from making any attempts to walk in that time. Mr. Lorimer's injury comes at a time to cause him some inconvenience and disarranges his plans for taking part personally in the reapportionment fight at Springfield.

Move Into the Suburbs.

The most beautiful country around Chicago is located on the Chicago and Northwestern Ry. Low rates and numerous fast trains permit of suburban residence without loss of time. Choice locations are described in illustrated booklet. Free copy on application at ticket office, 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station, or mailed on receipt of four cents postage.

JAIL CLUB TO BE FORMED

PRISONERS WILL ORGANIZE FOR ENTERTAINMENTS.

Each Tier to Elect One Member of a General Committee—This Body Is to Supervise Weekly Lectures and Additions of Books to the Library, as Well as to Represent Residents of the Place in Conferences with the Authorities.

Prisoners in the Cook County Jail are to have a standing committee selected from their own ranks to care for their interests. This body will cooperate with Jailer Whitman in trying to ameliorate the severities of jail life. The foremost duty of this committee will be to direct the subject matter of the lectures and entertainments which Jailer Whitman has made a fixture. The committeemen also will represent the prisoners in making selections of the books which shall be added to the jail library.

The plan for this committee was broached by the jailer at the Sunday illustrated lecture given by Professor Arnold. It was received with enthusiasm all along the line. He then suggested that the committee should be elective and truly representative. According to the plans finally determined on, the prisoners quartered in each of the several tiers of cells in the jail are to select one member of this committee from their particular section or tier. As the prisoners are distributed in the jail by classification, and as each tier, as a rule, represents a distinct type of prisoners, it is held that the committeemen thus chosen will be truly representative.

That the inmates of the jail have appreciated the efforts made in their behalf, and especially the introduction of weekly lectures, is shown by the resolution unanimously adopted by the women prisoners several days ago.

OFFICIAL FIGURES IN THE TOWNS

Election Board Announces Results in Cicero, Calumet, Evanston, Lake View, Jefferson, and Lake.

The following official figures were announced by the Election board yesterday:

CICERO—President: O. D. Allen, 1,421; Marcus Cicero Stearns, 897. Four-year Trustee: Crook, 1,274; Wood, 1,038; Podin, 9. Magistrate: Kendall, 1,401; Ingram, 868. Assessor: Langston, 1,439; Rose, 883. Collector: Dunham, 1,407; Bemis, 883. Supervisor: Linden, 1,422; Moore, 89. Town Clerk: Tristram, 1,501.

CALUMET—Assessor: Skiller, 1,492; Olson, 1,329; Teutsch, 123. Collector: Ooms, 1,589; Pease, 1,146. Supervisor: Goe, 1,475; Schreibs, 546; Kinst, 244. Town Clerk: Wellington, 1,541; Glacken, 207; Oswald, 1,059. To borrow $5,500 for bridge over the Calumet River: For, 1,127; against, 1,206.

EVANSTON—Assessor: Lyons, 519. Collector: Bartlett, 405; Kline, 204. Supervisor: Kappalman, 432; Larkin, 114. Town Clerk: Smith, 501; Ryder, 97.

LAKE VIEW—Assessor: Werneeke, 11,328; Potrykus, 3,278; Streift, 262. Collector: Wilson, 10,966; Jacobus, 8,656; Loyd, 273; Ericsson, 270. Supervisor: F. W. Johnson, 10,697; Weber, 8,753; Spencer, 247; A. F. Johnson, 276. Town Clerk: Hineman, 11,032; O'Brien, 8,631; Adkins, 280; Webster, 252.

JEFFERSON—Assessor: Calkins, 5,413. Collector: Hansen, 3,353; Leffingwell, 333. Supervisor: Kamen, 3,316; Gobel, 381. Town Clerk: Swiney, 3,222; Eiseman, 443.

TOWN OF LAKE—Assessor: Delph, 12,694; Stoltze, 16,148; Williams, 478. Collector: Murphy, 14,477; Tobin, 15,568; Young, 527. Supervisor: Moseley, 13,151; Gorman, 16,704; McClure, 519. Town Clerk: Malott, 14,122; Geyzinski, 15,830; Hurbut, 518.

BURNS MISSING GROOM'S PHOTO

Miss Anna Peters Says Nicholas M. Horn of 11 Washburne Avenue Need Not Return.

"I have burned up all his pictures and don't want anything more to do with him," said Miss Anna Peters of 42 Iowa street, whose expected bridegroom, Nicholas M. Horn, of 11 Washburne avenue, disappeared on Saturday night and left the assembled guests of the wedding and the caterers to take care of themselves. "I have not heard from him and don't want to, for there was no reason why he should have acted so."

At the home of Mr. Horn no one knew where he was or why he left.

Horn's relatives are confident that he will return and give an explanation satisfactory to all.

Wabash Pan-American Folder.

Write for a copy of Wabash Pan-American folder, containing a five-color map of the exposition grounds, together with rates and other information. A. A. Palmer, G. P. A., 97 Adams-st., Chicago.

LITTLE HOPE OF REDISTRICTING.

Lorimer Men in the House Declare They Will Ignore Ruling of Caucus.

COOK MEMBERS SCORED.

Speaker Sherman Tells Nohe He Can Expect No Favors from the Majority.

DAY IN THE LEGISLATURE.

SPRINGFIELD BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, Springfield, Ill., April 8.

The apportionment bills will meet with the caucus amendments in a day or two, possibly tomorrow, and then will be advanced to third reading. The Lorimer Representatives declare tonight that they will not vote for them. Every Republican member outside of Cook County will support them. In about a week they will be read a third time and put on their passage. If they fail it will be charged up to William Lorimer.

The country members, as they come in from their homes, say the feeling among their constituents against Mr. Lorimer is extremely bitter. The country people are well aware of the fact that Lorimer is jeopardising Republican success in the State by the course he is pursuing in opposing the Senatorial apportionment.

Speaker Sherman wants apportionment, and tonight he and Augustus W. Nohe had a wordy clash about the time that the House adjourned. Mr. Nohe wanted to set down for special hearing his bill compelling brokers to pay an annual tax of $2,000. It is now on third reading in the House.

Declares Nohe Has No Rights.

Speaker Sherman would not do it and Nohe called him names. Thereupon Mr. Sherman told Mr. Nohe that he refused to be bulldozed and that neither Mr. Nohe nor any of the people who refused to obey the will of the Republican caucus had any rights which the Speaker was bound to respect.

Unless there is a prospect for an apportionment, and a good one, this session will likely come to a close before the 1st of May.

"I do not understand why you expect any favors at the hands of the Speaker of the House," said the Speaker.

Nohe undertook to argue the matter. "This is not the fair way to treat the boys," he said. "But yourself in their place. Suppose you had a lot of men back of you who would not approve your course. This is not a personal matter with us. We are doing this for our friends."

"Nor is it a personal matter with me," replied Speaker Sherman. "I am doing this for the Republican party. There is nothing personal in it."

Cook County to Be the Loser.

Chairman Scrogin of the Committee on Congressional Apportionment said his bill could be passed at any time it was called up. "I pity it," he added, "it will not be called up unless the Senatorial apportionment is passed. I will never consent to having one of those bills passed without the other. The defeat of the Congressional apportionment bill means the loss of three Congressmen to Cook County, and we will get them in the country. I think we can stand this if Cook County can afford to defeat the Senatorial apportionment and the next Republican candidate for United States Senator."

George C. Rankin has received from Senator Mason a letter written the day after election, in which the Senator says:

"The safety and success of the Republican party is for the minority to follow the majority. We were beaten yesterday in Chicago because we would not stand by the vote of the party in convention. If our principles are worth anything they are worth more than a gratification of personal opinion. In the old Logan fight we won after five months' struggle because the party stood as a unit. The caucus is an expression of the will of the majority. It is the cloud by day and the pillar of fire by night that leads to success."

Proceedings in the House.

Senator Fuller's bill in regard to the making of what is known as "process butter," reached the House today and was advanced to second reading without reference to committee.

Benjamin H. Mitchell, presented this afternoon a measure prohibiting the feeding of cattle and hogs at distilleries and breweries between April 15 and Oct. 15 of each year.

The House bill increasing to $2,000 per session the pay of members of the General Assembly was reached to second reading and an amendment made to it providing that when upon a point of order of "no quorum present" a roll call shall disclose the absence of such quorum, then every absentee shall forfeit the sum of $5 for every such absence. The bill was advanced to third reading.

Mr. Bowles called up the three bills introduced by him which provide for removing obstructions from the Desplaines and Illinois Rivers to make them navigable. The bills were ordered to second reading.

Jones Pleads for Colored Troops.

Jones of Cook called up his bill to increase the National Guard organization to admit the Eighth Regiment of colored troops. Representative Craig presented an amendment decreasing the organization. He stated that there was no necessity for an increase in the National Guard at this time, and said the money necessary to meet the expenses of admitting another regiment ought to be expended in equipping the men now in service.

Mr. Jones made a vigorous speech against the proposed amendment, and insisted that the colored soldiers who saw service in the Spanish-American war ought to be recognized in the National Guard. On his motion Mr. Craig's amendment was tabled, and the bill was ordered to third reading.

The bill to prevent the assignment of the wages and salaries of municipal employes and officers was advanced to third reading.

The bill providing that the Secretary of State shall annul the charters of corporations which fail to report was advanced to second reading.

The appropriation bills for the Kankakee Hospital for the Insane and for the South Carolina exposition were advanced to third reading.

McCulloch's bill increasing the per diem fee of circuit clerks to $6 per day was advanced to third reading.

Senate Does No Work.

The Senate met at 5 o'clock. Senator Hunt presided. An adjournment was taken until 10 a. m. tomorrow, no business being transacted.

Zeller for Bartonville Post.

Dr. Georgs A. Zeller of Peoria, now an assistant surgeon in the United States army stationed in the Philippine Islands, is being pressed by his friends for the superintendency of the insane asylum at Bartonville.

It is said that Governor Yates will not appoint the superintendents of the State institutions until about July 1. He expects to have his Boards of Trustees all appointed by the first of June. This will enable him to give a month's notice to such of the superintendents of the institutions as will not be retained in the service of the State.

There are no developments as to the Bidwill matter. Some of Governor Yates' friends are now insistent on the proposition that Mr. Bidwill will not be appointed.

Police Abandon Spragg Case.

The police yesterday abandoned the case of Harry Spragg, who declared a stranger had offered him $250 to conceal two headless human bodies. Spragg turned detective himself. He noticed two window shades closely drawn in the Hotel Empress, North Clark street, and called up the East Chicago avenue police. Captain Revere sent Lieutenant Collins and six detectives to investigate. They found a woman ill in bed.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. 25c.

RAILWAY KINGS IN BATTLE

RIVAL INTERESTS RACE TO SECURE RIGHT OF WAY.

Armed Forces Guard Men Who Are Laying Rails Over a Disputed Grade—United States Senator Clark Backs Road Which Is Engaged in Combat with the Harriman-Morgan Syndicate—Capital Represented by Each Faction Over $1,000,000,000.

Salt Lake City, Utah, April 8.—[Special.]—A struggle of multimillionaires for railroad supremacy between Utah and southern California is on, and it promises to be a remarkable contest owing to the enormous interests involved. Senator W. A. Clark has gained success in one long and bitter fight, being left in possession of the political field by the death of Marcus Daly, only in time to be plunged into this warfare that threatens to be even more farreaching and enduring. His opponent this time is E. H. Harriman, who has enormously wealthy railroad magnates behind him.

The Oregon Short Line, a portion of the Union Pacific system, under orders from Mr. Harriman, is rushing men and materials into Nevada to lay tracks and to take possession of a disputed right of way and grade. The San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt Lake road, backed by Senator Clark, already has sent armed men to the scene to resist any attempt to take possession of the grade, which is claimed by the Clark road under a decision last week of the Registrar of the Land office.

Rush Work on the New Line.

Meanwhile C. O. Whittemore, general counsel of the Clark road, is in Pioche, Nev., seeking an injunction against the Short Line contingent and trying to secure thus the aid of the Sheriff. The Short Line is pushing ahead regardless of prospective resistance or injunctions, and this afternoon had two miles of track laid beyond Uvada, on the Utah-Nevada State line. Work on an extension in Idaho has been abandoned temporarily, and all the ties, rails, and men shipped to Blackfoot are being rushed down to Nevada for use there.

While the grade in dispute is worth $2,000,000, the battle is one of many millions. On one side are arrayed with E. H. Harriman, J. Pierpont Morgan, John D. Rockefeller, the Gould, Vanderbilts, and allied interests, representing in all considerably over a billion of dollars.

Combat of Multimillionaires.

On the other side are Senator Clark, with an annual income said to be over $12,000,000 from the United Verde mine alone; Senator Thomas Kearns, who draws over $500,000 annually from the Silver King mine in Utah; Senator Stephen B. Elkins, one of West Virginia's millionaire Senators; W. S. McCormick, a Salt Lake City millionaire and banker, R. C. Kerens of St. Louis, and others. Neither side is deficient in political power, and the battle is likely to be carried to the highest court in the land and into the halls of Congress.

Not long ago an emissary of Mr. Harriman informed Senator Clark he would be fought to the end if he continued in his railroad plans. He replied with defiance. The result was this latest move of Harriman, who has over 100 miles the start in construction. Senator Clark is said to have been a heavy buyer of Burlington stock recently.

LESSONS FROM POLICE COURT.

According to the Rev. E. D. Hull They Undermine the Religion of Humanity Theory.

Scenes in the Harrison street police court are living testimony against the religion of humanity taught by Frederic Harrison, the English philosopher, according to the Rev. E. D. Hull, pastor of the Lincoln Street Methodist Episcopal Church. Mr. Hull made this argument before the Methodist ministers yesterday morning, and his remarks were applauded.

"Before coming here this morning," said the Rev. Mr. Hull, "I visited that court of justice in the Harrison Street Police Station, and the sights I saw made my heart ache. There were scores of wretched women arraigned in the court. They were miserable and unhappy, resigned to their fate, and formed a ceaseless river of humanity flowing on toward ruination. As the name of each was called by the clerk a fine of $1 was imposed and quickly paid. I asked a policeman why the women were brought in, and he shook his head. I remarked that perhaps they had been arrested for no other reason than to get the fee and the fine for the officials at the court, and he said: 'There is something in that, I guess.' Then there were scores of young men. They were called, and these who had a political pull were released and those who had no influence back of them were fined and sent away to the bridewell. I say that nobody who witnesses such a scene as that can ever believe in the worship of humanity."

The speaker was discussing a paper read by the Rev. William Macafee, past

AWAITS REPORT ON VENEZUELA.

United States Will Take No Action Pending Return of Loomis.

FACTS NOT YET KNOWN.

Differences Between Governments May Be Result of a Dispute with Minister.

NEWS FROM CAPITAL CITY.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, Washington, D. C., April 8.

Minister Loomis, the American representative at Caracas, is now on his way to Washington, and upon his arrival will advise the State department officials of exact conditions existing in Venezuela. The Navy department today received a dispatch announcing the departure of the Scorpion from La Guayra for San Juan, Porto Rico, with Minister Loomis aboard. At San Juan Mr. Loomis will take passage on a merchant steamer and go direct to New York. He is expected to reach San Juan on Wednesday evening or Thursday morning, and if he makes close connection will be in New York a week later.

Loomis Comes to Tell of Affairs in Venezuela.

Much importance is attached to the coming of Mr. Loomis, as upon his report will depend to a large extent the action the United States may take in regard to the attitude of Venezuela toward the Americans and American interests in the South American Republic, which now seems to be in the hands of a dictator.

For some time the conditions in relation to Americans residing in Venezuela have been far from satisfactory. The Venezuelan government imprisoned Ignatio H. Bais, a Danish subject, who is the American representative at Barcelona. This officer was forced to pay a debt he claimed he did not owe.

The protests of the American government against this arbitrary action were ignored by Venezuela. The asphalt controversy contributed to the unsatisfactory conditions, and a large number of small incidents, none of which was of great importance, also added to the strained relations. Charges of all kinds were brought against the American Minister, and his recall was welcome to the Venezuelan government. The officials of the department here will not say whether Minister Loomis' recall was requested by that government or not.

Much Mystery in Movements of the Minister.

In addition to all of this the telegraphic communication between Washington and Caracas was interfered with materially, and, at times, it was impossible for this government to communicate with its Minister. These unsatisfactory conditions became unbearable, and the government determined it would not remain in the dark any longer as to the actual situation, but would take some action which would bring about a more satisfactory condition.

There is much mystery shrouding the movements of Minister Loomis and the actions of the State department. No official of the department will volunteer the slightest information as to the reasons for the presence of Mr. Loomis in Washington. They will not say whether he comes of his own volition, whether he was recalled at the instance of the State department, or whether his recall was demanded by the Venezuelan government.

The only thing the State department officials will admit in regard to Mr. Loomis' coming is the stereotyped replay, "Minister Loomis is coming to Washington for the purpose of consultation." The most rigid and searching inquiry develops nothing more definite than this, but there are indications that the relations between the United States and Venezuela are strained much more seriously than any one here is willing to admit.

The State department officials deprecate in the most emphatic manner the idea of a rupture between the two countries, but, notwithstanding this, a strong opinion prevails that after Minister Loomis consults the State department officials Venezuela will be called to account in such a peremptory manner that the wishes of the United States in regard to its citizens in Venezuela will be scrupulously respected.

It is positively known that the personal relations between President Castro and Minister Loomis were of the most unpleasant character. The new President, it is said, is entirely unfitted for his position and has not the slightest notion of international obligations. He has no special hostility to the United States, but despises all foreigners and lets the fact be known.

Personal Quarrel with Castro May Be Sole Trouble.

Even Castro himself, according to confidential reports, did not expect to be made President when he started his revolution. President Andrade's flight, however, forced Castro to become dictator because there was no one else who could control the armed mob called the revolutionary army.

Loomis and Castro clashed from the first, chiefly because Castro, who is ignorant to an extreme degree, could not comprehend the functions of a diplomatic agent. Loomis had been on good terms with Andrade personally, and so when the revolution was successful and Andrade had fled Castro could not understand that the United States Minister was accredited to the country and not to the President.

Castro therefore snubbed Loomis at every turn, and it is evident that so long as the present Minister and the present President remain in Caracas friendly relations between the United States and Venezuela are impossible.

It is said the disagreement is largely personal, as there is no question of great importance pending between the two countries except the asphalt dispute, which only concerns two rival New York syndicates. It is believed that if Loomis is recalled and some other man sent to Caracas President Castro will resume friendly relations.

FLORAL WONDERS IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

FOSTER TALKS OF DIAZ.

SAYS MEXICAN PRESIDENT IS IN GOOD HEALTH.

Evanston Man, Back from a Month in the Southern Republic, Declares Recent Sensational Stories Were Caused by a Slight Cold and Stiff Neck, Brought On by a Hunting Trip —Praises Highly the Patriotism of the People.

"President Diaz is in perfect health," said Volney W. Foster, who returned to Chicago yesterday from the City of Mexico, where he has been for a month.

"The only foundation for the sensational reports of his illness was a 'crick' in the neck, resulting from a slight cold caught in a rain-storm," said Mr. Foster. "The President, who is fond of hunting, started out with a party of sportsmen. They went into a wild part of the forest without tents and the exposure gave the President a stiff neck for a few days.

"He also took a short rest at Cuernavaca, a pleasure resort, and although he denied himself to the public, he was in close and constant touch with the affairs of the republic.

"After his return from Cuernavaca I met President Diaz on several different occasions. I called on him at his home, and I saw him at the opening of Congress. A more alert, robust man would be hard to find. There is not a life insurance company in the United States that would hesitate to take a risk on the life of President Diaz with the provisions attendant on a man of his age, and that is the strongest test of a man's physical condition."

Referring to Mexico's business advantages, Mr. Foster said he thought the republic offered greater opportunities in almost any line of business to the honest and wise man than any other country in the world. "It also has a trap for the fool," he continued. "Mexico has no more use for a class of people who are not true to their trusts than any other country.

"The country's mining laws are excellent, and all the laws are good. Mexico's horticulture has been neglected, and its agricultural resources are practically untouched. Mexico can be made one of the greatest fruit producing countries in the world.

"One thing that impressed me greatly," Mr. Foster added, "was the patriotism of the leading men. We Americans might learn a valuable lesson from them. I always have considered myself a fair sample of a patriot, but I discovered in Mexico that many of us lack much in true loyalty and love of country when compared to our Mexican brothers. For instances of national devotion there is none greater than the leading men of affairs in Mexico, the President's Cabinet and the President himself."

BEAT POLICEMAN TRYING TO ENFORCE ANTI-SPITTING LAW.

Loungers in St. Paul Resist Patrolman Thomas and Almost Kill Him When He Orders Ordinance Obeyed.

St. Paul, Minn., April 8.—[Special.]—Patrolman William Thomas of the Margaret Police Precinct tried to enforce the ordinance prohibiting spitting on the sidewalk, and as a result he is now at his home in a precarious condition. His head is broken, two of his ribs are fractured, and his body is seriously bruised as the result of kicks. Five young men were lounging at East Seventh and Mendota streets when the officer came along and warned them of the ordinance forbidding expectorating on the sidewalk. They defied the policeman. A fight ensued, in which the policeman was badly beaten, but three of the men were subsequently arrested.

ESCAPES FROM INDIANA JAIL.

E. S. Rabat, an Insane Man of Chicago, Disappears from Prison at Michigan City.

La Porte, Ind., April 8.—[Special.]—Ernest S. Rabat, an insane man, whose home is at 5014 Cottage Grove avenue, Chicago, and who was picked up by the police on Friday, escaped from the jail in Michigan City this morning by prying off the bars of his cell. Although the escape was discovered within ten minutes, no trace of him could be found. It is understood he ran away from the Kankakee, Ill., insane asylum some time ago.

[Ernest S. Rabat's mother and brother reside at 5014 Cottage Grove avenue. His mind has been unbalanced for some time. He left home last Friday and his relatives have been endeavoring to learn his whereabouts. They know nothing of his reported detention and escape.]

FAMILY OF D. L. MOODY HERE.

Widow and Two Sons of the Evangelist Arrive with the Rev. F. Meyer of London.

Old friends of Dwight L. Moody crowded the Bible Institute yesterday to meet Mrs. Moody and her two sons, W. R. and P. D. Moody. W. R. Moody arrived in town yesterday morning accompanied by the Rev. F. Meyer of Christ Church, London, who is on a preaching tour under the auspices of the Northfield assembly. Mrs. Moody and P. D. Moody came on Saturday and took up their abode in the institute. Mrs. Moody will go to Evanston, where she will visit Mrs. Fleming H. Revell and Mrs. T. Reese. Her sons leave for the East on Saturday.

LEITER SELLS TOPEKA BANK.

Chicago Capitalist Disposes of Interest in First National to C. J. Devlin for $136,000.

Topeka, Kas., April 8.—Levi Z. Leiter of Chicago today sold the controlling interest in the First National Bank of Topeka to C. J. Devlin of Topeka, a large operator of coal mines in Illinois and Kansas. The price paid was $136,000. William Sim remains as President of the bank.

NOTICE.

During the construction of the new building THE TRIBUNE business office will be in the premises now occupied by the Chicago National Bank, Dearborn and Monroe streets. The removal will take place on May 1. The editorial rooms will also be at the corner of Dearborn and Monroe streets, but the office of the managing editor, the city editor, and all the news departments of the paper will be at 126 to 132 Market street, where the mechanical work of the paper, such as typesetting, printing, and mailing, will be done.

Mrs. Hearst entertained a few friends at luncheon today. Later Mrs. Hearst, Miss Apperson, and Miss Lane left for Boston.

Tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock the Logan statue will be unveiled with impressive ceremonies. Some little uneasiness has been felt in regard to Mrs. Logan, as she has not been feeling well, having an attack of the grip. Today, however, she was about the house conversing with friends. Her physician advised her to remain at home tomorrow if it should turn out to be a raw day, but she replied: "I am going to attend the unveiling of the monument if the heavens fall," and she undoubtedly will carry out her intentions.

Mrs. Logan Will Attend Unveiling of Monument.

Thomas Logan and wife of Murphysboro have arrived, also Judge and Mrs. Turchill and Mrs. George M. Pullman of Chicago. Miss E. M. Logan, the General's niece, also of Illinois, is here. They will accompany Mrs. Logan tomorrow, as will also her daughter, Mrs. Tucker, and her grandsons, Logan Tucker and Master George Tucker, who will pull the string at the unveiling.

Tom Morley of Ohio, who was body servant of Major John A. Logan, and who was with him in the Philippines at the time of his death, will be at the unveiling.

Only three men are living who were on Major General Logan's staff, and two of these will be present. They are General Fred Starring of New York and Major Max Woodhull. Major Hoover of Kansas, the only other living staff officer, is not coming. A number of members from the Loyal Legion of Illinois also will come for the unveiling. All army veterans who will take part in the parade tomorrow and are employed at the departments will be given a holiday.

President McKinley, Senator Depew, and other national people will speak. The two most prominent army societies represented will be the Army of the Tennessee and the Army of the Cumberland. The former is under command of General Granville M. Dodge, the latter of General D. S. Stanley. The column upon arrival at the circle will move to the left around the statue, the field battery not remaining, but marching directly back to the monument grounds, where it will fire a Major General's salute of fifteen guns at the moment of unveiling. Upon the conclusion of the ceremonies the troops will be dismissed and the President will return home unattended.

Today at noon the first of the Easter weddings was solemnized in All Souls' Church, when Miss Beatrice Allen Bates, daughter of Lieutenant Colonel and Mrs. Bates, became the bride of Captain Robert Sewell, son of Senator and Mrs. Sewell of New Jersey. The ceremony was read by the Rev. Dr. Ulysses Perce. The bride was attended by Miss Bessie Hine as maid of honor, Miss Helen Knipe of Philadelphia, and Miss Edyth Totten of Washington.

Daughter of Col. Bates Is an Easter Bride.

William Joyce Sewell, brother of the groom, was best man. The ushers were Colonel Edwards, Captain King, Captain Hart, and Lieutenant Averill. Both Colonel Edwards and Captain King served on General Lawton's staff in the Philippines with the groom. The ushers wore their uniforms. The bride, who is just 18 years old, wore a girlishly simple gown of white satin, a tulle veil, and carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley and bride roses. The maid of honor, Miss Bessie Hine, wore a gauzy gown of green organdie over green silk, and a hat of chiffon of the same shade. The maids wore gowns of white organdie over white silk with sashes of green and large white chiffon hats.

After the church service a breakfast was served, which was attended by the family and immediate friends. Mr. and Mrs. Sewell left this afternoon for New York and will sail from there on Wednesday for London and Paris. They will reside in Philadelphia.

Major and Mrs. McCauley entertained a dancing party at Chevy Chase this evening in honor of their débutante daughter, Miss Lilian McCauley. Among the guests were Miss McKinley, Miss Hanna, the Misses Hay, Miss Root, Miss Carlisle, Miss Wallach, Countess Cassini, Miss Roosevelt, Mr. Winthrop, Mr. Davis, Mr. Zelenoy, Mr. Richardson, Mr. Hay, Mr. Wauters, the Messrs. Hitt, Mr. Bonaparte, and Count Montgelas.

Lieutenant James McKinley, a nephew of the President, is a guest at the White House. He arrived this morning from the Philippines, where he was on the staff of General S. B. M. Young. General Young also arrived here today and called at the White House. He was accompanied by Captains Smedberg and Howard, also members of his staff. General Young's visit was only a brief one, and he did not have time to discuss the Philippine situation with the President on account of his desire to hasten to the bedside of his son-in-law, Major John T. Knight, who is seriously ill at the Washington barracks. General Young will call at the White House in a few days, however, and tell the President of the conditions as seen by him when he left the Philippines.

Nephew of the President Home from Philippines.

Controller Dawes today granted authority to the First National Bank of Prescott, Ia., to begin business. Its capital is $25,000.

Postmaster General Smith today directed the establishment of a rural free delivery route on May 1 at Wellesville, Franklin County, Kas. It will be twenty-five miles long and cover an area of forty-one square miles. It has a population of 500, which will be served by one carrier. When the new service begins the postoffice at Pressonville will be discontinued. A route will be established at Chatfield, Fillmore County, Minn. The route will be seventy-three miles long and will cover an area of eighty-four square miles. The population numbers 1,500 and will be served by three carriers

Two New Rural Free Delivery Routes Named.

RISING IN NORTH CHINA.

TUNG FU SIAN LEADS REBELS IN MANCHURIA.

Is in Conspiracy with Prince Tuan to Defy the Government — Shen-Si, Where Court Is Now Located, Said to Be in Danger—Ministers Say Overthrow of Dynasty Will Not Affect Negotiations Now On — Celebrate Birthday of Waldersee.

(Continued from first page.)

sion to Huang Hsui Sen, who has been ordered to resign. This is interpreted to indicate that the reactionists of Sian-Fu intend to introduce the Boxer movement in the southern province.

Is Blow to Russian Prestige.

LONDON, April 9.—In a dispatch to the Times from Pekin, dated Sunday, Dr. Morrison comments upon the blow to Russian prestige in China resulting from the check to Russia's ambitions regarding Manchuria. "This blow is all the more severe," he says, "because Japan, whom the Russians have affected to treat with the utmost contempt, has had the largest share in dealing it.

"There is little doubt that Russia will renew the struggle in some shape. It is a remarkable outburst of popular feeling which has thus enabled China to withstand Russia. All the appeals against the convention concerning Manchuria were addressed to the Emperor. It is, therefore, difficult to believe that the Empress Dowager has not been affected by the defeat of the policy of which her henchman, Li Hung Chang, is the sturdiest exponent.

"The Emperor has summoned the President of the Board of Revenue from Pekin to prepare for the removal of the court. Probably this only means a removal to Kai-Fong-Fu, in the Province of Ho-Nan, which would bring the court into closer contact with the Yang-tse Viceroys."

Minister Wu Seeks Information.

Washington, D. C., April 8.—The Chinese Minister called at the State department today to seek information as to the report, based on advices to the State department, that there had been an interruption of the diplomatic intercourse between Russia and China. Mr. Wu had not been advised of any such development and the information before the State department was so contradictory that it did not permit any clear explanation of the real state of affairs.

A brief dispatch from General Chaffee was received today, but beyond the record of a casualty to a private soldier its contents are withheld from the public. It is believed that the unpublished portion of the dispatch refers to the declination of the other foreign military commanders to reduce the number of fortified posts and the strength of the garrisons between Pekin and the sea to the proportions suggested by General Chaffee under direction of his government.

Japan Feels Relieved.

YOKOHAMA, April 8.—The news of Russia's decision not to press the Manchurian agreement was received here with a feeling of relief. In anticipation of complications that might ensue had Russia reached another conclusion, the government had resolved to postpone a number of important state undertakings involving large expenditures.

CELEBRATE ROYAL BIRTHDAY.

All Denmark Unites in Congratulating King Christian on His Eighty-third Anniversary.

COPENHAGEN, April 8.—The eighty-third birthday of King Christian was celebrated today everywhere in Denmark. The King is in quite good health, and received the congratulations of officials, diplomats, and other dignitaries. The streets of the city were crowded, and in the square fronting the Amailenborg Palace several thousand people constantly cheered the King, who in response appeared on the balcony with his daughters. At the banquet given tonight at the Crown Prince's palace, the Crown Prince, Prince Frederick, toasted the King, his father. Queen Alexandra and Dowager Empress Marie of Russia, who have been attending the celebration, leave here tomorrow. Queen Alexandra will go to Cronberg for a few days and will thence return home.

TURKISH MASONS MAKE APPEAL.

Ask King Edward to Use His Influence in Behalf of Mourad, Elder Brother of Reigning Sultan.

LONDON, April 9.—The Turkish Freemasons have sent to King Edward a curious appeal on behalf of the unfortunate Mourad, elder brother of Abdul Hamid, who resigned as Sultan under the name of Amurath V. for three months and was then deposed on the ground of insanity. The appeal refers to him as "one who for the last quarter of a century has been imprisoned on the pretext of a mental malady," and begs King Edward to use his influence to secure the freedom of a brother Mason.

DEAN FARRAR IS NO BETTER.

Famous English Churchman, Who Has Been Seriously Ill for Some Days, Does Not Improve.

LONDON, April 8.—The Very Rev. Frederick W. Farrar, dean of Canterbury, whose condition has for the last few days caused anxiety, had a restless night and today shows no improvement.

News from Foreign Lands.

CAIRO—The bubonic plague has reappeared in Egypt, one case having occurred in Alexandria.

KINGSTON, Jamaica—Private advices received here from Panama say smallpox is prevalent there.

LONDON—Fire destroyed twenty-five houses in Andover, Hampshire, rendering 150 persons homeless.

CAPE TOWN—Mr. Cecil Rhodes, who is at Kimberley, is now in good health, having recovered from a recent slight indisposition.

CAPE TOWN—Speaker Berry of the Colonial House is engaged to be married to Miss Baden-Powell, a sister of the defender of Mafeking.

CAPE TOWN—Imports into Cape Colony last year aggregated £17,000,000, those from Great Britain amounting to £15,000,000 and those from the United States £1,772,580.

LONDON—It is semi-officialy announced that Emperor William is sending Lieutenant von Usedom to England to show King Edward the new uniform for German troops on foreign service.

CAPE TOWN—Six fresh cases of bubonic plague in Cape Town are officially reported. There have been 349 cases of the plague in all. Of this number eighty-three were Europeans. The total deaths number 190.

EDINBURG—Robert and Walter Pattison, who were managing directors of the Pattisons' whisky firm, which failed in 1898 with a deficiency of £80,000, have been arrested in connection with the floatation of a company.

BANKER PALMER MAY SETTLE.

Proposition by Which Creditors Will Receive 50 Per Cent and Drop Efforts at Prosecution.

Edmund Palmer, whose operations in liquid air contributed to the failure of his three banks, is about to make a settlement with his creditors, by which they will receive about 50 per cent of their claims. Within the last few days Palmer's attorney visited the depositors in the defunct bank of Desplaines, and a majority of them agreed to the proposed settlement. It is understood that part of the agreement will be that creditors will drop their prosecution of the banker.

LIFE OF EASE FOR AGUINALDO.

Filipino Leader Soon to Move Into More Commodious House Near River.

IS BUYING DIAMONDS.

Less Fortunate Natives Begin to Display Some Signs of Jealousy at His Luck.

NEW RULE BEGINS JULY 1.

MANILA, April 8.—General MacArthur says it is possible that Aguinaldo will soon be removed from the Malacanang Palace to a large house, with pleasant grounds, 56 General Solano street, a fashionable quarter of the city, beside the Pasig River, which is being renovated and prepared for occupancy. Aguinaldo is purchasing diamonds and other jewelry. He continues to receive certain visitors, but newspaper correspondents are excluded.

It is said that the manifesto which Aguinaldo has been preparing has not yet been signed, and it is added that Aguinaldo is reluctant to comply with the conditions.

It appears that the majority of the Filipinos in Manila distrust Aguinaldo and dislike to see him accorded special favors. They say he ought to be severely punished.

General Sandico, a former member of Aguinaldo's Cabinet, has surrendered to the American authorities at Cabanatuan. He has a bad record and may be tried.

The trial of M. Brix Hoelterman, the Belgian, who was connected with the Philippine Trading company, on the charge of furnishing supplies to the insurgents, has been completed. The Filipino Colonel Herrera testified that Hoelterman had furnished money and rice supplies to the insurgents.

Get Details of Big Surrender.

Washington, D. C., April 8.—Late mail advices to the War department contain added details of the surrender of the insurgent leader, Emiterio Funes, at Bulan, on Feb. 22. The expedition to capture Funes consisted of Second Lieutenant B. F. Disque of the Forty-seventh Volunteer Infantry and twenty-two enlisted men of Company B of that regiment. The soldiers were accompanied by four members of the federal party of Bulan, who, upon arrival at Irocin, addressed the people of the village gathered in a convent, setting forth to them the advantages that would accrue from a declaration of fealty to the American cause. As a consequence 1,073 natives from the surrounding country took the oath of allegiance within the next few days. Meanwhile Emiterio Funes had signified his intention to surrender all the insurgent forces in Sorgoson Province, and the entire force formally laid down their arms on Feb. 22.

New Rule in Effect on July 1.

The new Philippine government will be established about July 1. One of the most interesting features is the question as to who will be in supreme authority under the President. Judge Taft, it is understood, is to be the Governor of the islands, but it will be necessary to have some one in Washington to act as the medium of communication between the President and the Governor. Authority over the islands probably will be exercised by the President through Secretary Root, as the Secretary already is familiar with the governmental machinery of the islands.

The fact that the actual control of the islands will remain in the War department does not mean that Governor Taft will have his power curtailed.

NEW FRANCO-ITALIAN TREATY.

Morocco and Tripoli Will Be Equally Divided Between the Two Powers.

LONDON, April 9.—The Daily Chronicle publishes a dispatch from Tangier regarding a new Franco-Italian entente in north Africa. "This is likely to have great consequences," says the correspondent, "Italy ceasing her opposition to French designs in Morocco in return for permission to occupy Tripoli. It is suggested that Great Britain would welcome the creation of a friendly state between Tunis and Egypt. A big move is expected after M. Delcasse's interview with Count Lamsdorff in St. Petersburg."

MAN ROBBED IN THE ADAMS.

Says a $200 Diamond Was Taken from Him in David Lewinsohn's Basement Saloon.

A man giving the name of Ray Nugent reported to the police yesterday that he had been drugged and robbed of a $200 diamond shirt stud in the Adams saloon, at Adams street and Wabash avenue, early on Monday morning. Upon his complaint a man was arrested last night and booked at the Harrison Street Police Station under the name of John Wood. He is said to be a bartender in the saloon and a relative of David Lewinsohn, proprietor of the place. The Adams resumed business only a short time ago, after a suspension of its license for some months.

Safe-blowers entered the office of the Garden City Box and Barrel company, 80-88 North Curtis street, early yesterday morning. They blew open the door of a steel safe with dynamite, wrecking the interior of the office. The report of the explosion aroused the neighborhood, but the burglars got away before the police arrived. As books only were kept in the safe the intruders secured nothing for their trouble.

While E. Greenbaum and family of 4835 Calumet avenue were visiting on the North Side thieves entered the house through a back window and secured valuables to the amount of $500, including a gold watch and chain and some diamonds. Mr. Greenbaum is a bookkeeper employed by J. V. Farwell & Co.

LEAVES FORTUNE TO COLLEGE.

Mrs. Josephine Newcomb's Will Gives Nearly $3,000,000 to Tulane University of New Orleans.

New Orleans, La., April 8.—[Special.]—Mrs. Josephine Louise Newcomb, who died in New York today, left her entire fortune, with the exception of a few legacies, to the administrators of Tulane University, to be used in the support and maintenance of a college for the higher education of girls.

Mrs. Newcomb had already given $750,000 for the college named in memory of her daughter, who died just before reaching womanhood. She had since made numerous contributions to it, erecting a dormitory and paying each year whatever deficit there might be in the expense of the college, which she visited each year, and in which she was deeply interested.

She now leaves the residue of her fortune, estimated at from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000, to the support of the college, making its President, Professor B. V. B. Dixon, and the secretary of the Tulane board, her executors.

PORTRAIT SAFE IN LONDON

GAINSBOROUGH PICTURE NOW IN OWNER'S HANDS.

Is Carried to Liverpool by Moreland Agnew, Who Recovered It in Chicago, and Is by Him Given Into Care of His Brother, William Lockett Agnew, Just Outside of City—Firm Issues Statement Declaring It Genuine—Reward Not Yet Paid.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

LONDON, April 8.—Thomas Agnew & Sons have issued an authorized communication to the press announcing the recovery of the famous portrait of the Duchess of Devonshire, which was painted by Gainsborough. The communication briefly recalls the circumstances of the theft in 1876, after the portrait had been purchased by the Agnews for £10,605, which was then the highest price ever paid for a single picture at Christie's. It adds that the Scotland Yard officials informed the firm that the stolen canvas was hidden in a town in the western United States, and that they were working for its recovery in conjunction with the Pinkertons. One of the Agnews immediately proceeded to America for the purpose of identifying the picture.

Tells Story of Recovery.

Mr. William Lockett Agnew was seen at his residence, 11 Portland square, today. It was said there were some inaccuracies in the cabled statement—namely, the reference to Pat Sheedy, and the reward.

He said: "There is no such man as Sheedy. If there is I never heard of him. The first we knew of the affair was when Scotland Yard communicated with us. We immediately dispatched Mr. Moriand Agnew to the United States. Inspector Frost of Scotland Yard and Mr. Pinkerton were the only ones concerned. No other person entered into the negotiations. We paid absolutely no reward, but we will probably pay a small sum. It was Scotland Yard that first informed Pinkerton, who arranged for the restoration. Moriand Agnew arrived at Chicago on March 28. He was sitting in a hotel when Mr. Pinkerton entered and asked: 'Will you be here for half an hour? If so, I will have something to show you.'

"Mr. Agnew said he would remain where he was, and in a short time Mr. Pinkerton returned with the picture. Mr. Agnew recognized it in two minutes, and left Chicago with it the same night. We are absolutely certain it is the right picture. We have got it safe now and are taking good care to keep it so.

Passed Off Train at Willesden.

"Mr. Moriand Agnew on his trip from Liverpool engaged a special compartment of the train, which was isolated from the corridor carriages, in order to avoid interference. He had the train specially stopped at Willesden, where I was waiting with one of my brothers. The picture was conveyed to my banker's, where it now is. We have fully insured it against further risk. It is in exceedingly good condition, with the exception, perhaps, of a slight scratch on the face. The canvas has certainly been trimmed. It will be on exhibition in three or four weeks' time."

Mr. Lockett Agnew was in high spirits. He closed the interview by saying: "I'm glad to get it back after all these years." He then hurried to join the family gathering that had assembled to celebrate the recovery of the lost treasure of art.

The identity of the man who restored the stolen Gainsborough portrait to its owners is likely to remain a secret unless the man himself should choose to speak. William A. Pinkerton, who conducted the negotiations for the return of the picture, said yesterday that the effort to connect Adam Worth with the recovery of the painting was mere guesswork.

"I have promised not to reveal the name of the man who had the picture," said Mr. Pinkerton, "and I always keep my word. I will neither affirm nor deny that Adam Worth is the man who gave up the picture. I will say, however, that I know Adam Worth and that he is not known to any member of the Chicago police force. The story that Mr. Agnew was accompanied to London by the man who had the painting is a fabrication, for I saw the man here in Chicago last Monday."

STRIKE OF LAKE ENGINEERS MAY BE CALLED OFF TODAY.

Union Men Said to Have Offered to Return to Work at Old Schedule if Members Discharged Are Reinstated.

Cleveland, O., April 8.—It is believed here that an agreement will be entered into tomorrow by the officials of the Engineers' union and the Lake Carriers' association, by which the strike of the engineers, which has held back the work of fitting out the fleets for several weeks, will be declared off and that every steamer on the lakes will be receiving the repairs necessary to enable it to start as soon as word is received that the ice has gone out at the straits and in the rivers.

It was reported today that the engineers were willing to go to work at the schedule of wages adopted by the Lake Carriers if all the old men are reinstated. A message was received by the local lodge today from President Uhler saying that he would be here on Tuesday to discuss the situation with officials of the Lake Carriers, and it is thought this conference will result in the ordering of all engineers back to work.

[General satisfaction was felt at the local engineers' headquarters over the probability that the strike would end tomorrow. The men expect to receive orders by tonight to resume work on their steamers again after the winter's idleness. Many engineers from other ports whose craft are laid up here have been in town for some time waiting the settlement. While no actual time has yet been lost by the winter fleet, it is probable that by the time the fleet is ready to sail the straits will have been open a week. About two weeks is required to do the necessary work of fitting out on board a steamer. If the strike is settled tomorrow the tieup will have cost every steamer on the lakes a round trip.]

NAME OF PLAGUE VICTIM KNOWN

Charles B. Hare of Pawnee City, Kas., Supposed to Have Bubonic Pest at Ann Arbor.

Ann Arbor, Mich., April 8.—[Special.]—The name of the supposed bubonic plague victim at the university hospital has at last been discovered. He is Charles B. Hare, a sophomore medical student, and his home is at Pawnee City, Kas.

It has been learned that Hare is an enthusiast on the subject of bacteriology. He has done special research work for both Dean Vaughan and Professor Novy, and is in a small way a connoisseur in germ lore.

This fact has strengthened the theory that the young medical student became infected while working with some dangerous bacilli under culture in test tubes.

PRESIDENT ASHLEY RESIGNS.

Head of Albion College Decides to Retire on Account of Ill Health and Overwork.

Albion, Mich., April 8.—[Special.]—A month ago this community was startled by the sudden collapse of President John P. Ashley of Albion College. He is now at Hot Springs, Ark., and has lately sent word to Mrs. Ashley that he would resign his position here, as the work is too hard for him. Inquiry at the college office shows that his resignation is in the hands of the secretary, but will not be acted on until April 24, when the Board of Trustees have a special meeting. Samuel Dickie is acting President of the college at present.

GUARD LOUBET WITH EXTRA CARE

No Pains Spared to Protect French President from Assassins.

PARTY ARRIVES AT NICE.

Spends Day in Making Visits and in Speech-making.

VESSELS GATHER FOR FETE.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

NICE, April 8.—The most extraordinary precautions have been taken to guard President Loubet from assassination during his stay in Nice on the way to the naval review and fêtes at Toulon.

When the head of the French republic arrived here this morning the stations had been cleared of all outsiders, and double guards stood at every entrance.

Ten thousand soldiers have been detailed to maintain order, and most stringent orders have been issued to use most vigorous measures of suppression on the appearance of the slightest hostile demonstrations.

Secret service men are scattered throughout the city, and every suspicious character is closely watched.

Hearty Reception for Loubet.

The President was accompanied by his wife, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Delcasse, and the Minister of War, M. Andre. The only stoppages made on the way here were at Cannes and Antibes, where there were brief receptions upon the part of the local authorities. But all the stations were gayly decorated with flags.

There has been a great influx of visitors here. Numbers of Italians who, with the regiments of infantry and members of the gymnastic societies, were in uniform, enhanced the color and animation of the street scenes.

Troops lined the route from the station to the prefecture, where the President will stay while in Nice.

A vast concourse gathered early in the morning to await President Loubet's arrival. He was welcome by the military and municipal functionaries at the station, where the "Marseillaise" was played by a regimental band. Proceeding to the court-yard, where the Alpine troops were drawn up, the President distributed a number of decorations to the officers and men. He then entered a gala landau and was driven slowly to the prefecture amid a fanfare of bugles and rolling drums. The President's reception by the spectators was most warm. The cheering was unceasing for the President and for the republic.

Delegations Pay Respects.

The usual receptions were held at the Prefecture, where the consular, military, municipal, and religious bodies, through their representatives, delivered short addresses, which the President replied to. The utterances on both sides were without special significance.

The most interesting feature of the day's ceremonies was a parade of 4,000 athletes belonging to 180 gymnastic societies. Many carried banners and victors' golden palms.

Replying to an address from a delegation of the clergy, President Loubet pointed out that he had always favored tolerance toward the episcopate, as he believed they ought to be a stanch auxiliary of the government in effecting the union of all French and for the welfare of the country.

To an address delivered by General Mazinger on behalf of the garrison President Loubet assured the delegation that the government was proud of the army and knew the giant effort it had made to be ready for eventualities. The Fifteenth Army Corps were especially worthy of the confidence shown in them in charging them with the safety of the post of honor, a few steps from the frontier.

Will Go to Toulon on Wednesday.

After receiving the foreign Consuls President Loubet was entertained by the various officials at luncheon. The President's visit to Nice is merely a prelude to the more important fêtes at Toulon, where President Loubet will arrive on Wednesday afternoon on board a warship, being escorted from Ville Franche by the French squadron. His time here will be taken up with banquets, visits to gymnastic competitions, and flower shows, and other such functions. Ten such functions were gone through today, concluding with a fireworks display and a gala performance at the opera.

Speaking at the municipal banquet this evening M. Loubet alluded to the situation of Nice on the frontier, remarking that "her children realised the duties which this post of honor imposes upon them." This reference to Italy is the subject of some comment, in view of the participation of the Italian navy in the celebrations at Toulon.

Italians Reach Toulon.

TOULON, France, April 8.—The Italian squadron has arrived here, the battleship Lepanto, with the Duke of Genoa on board, heading the line. Salutes were exchanged and an official visit was paid to Vice Admiral de Beaumont, who said he was proud to welcome the fleet of a friendly nation. The Duke of Genoa expressed the happiness he felt at being charged with such an agreeable mission.

BANISH BAD NEGROES TO AFRICA, SAYS BISHOP TURNER.

Colored Churchman Openly Advocates the Banishment of Criminals of His Race to the Dark Continent.

Macon, Ga., April 8.—Bishop Henry M. Turner of the African Methodist Church, who has been conducting services among the negro churches here for the last two days, openly advocates the banishment of negro criminals to Africa.

CARTER ASKS FOR FREEDOM.

Convicted Army Officer, Now in Leavenworth Prison, Appeals to United States Supreme Court.

Washington, D. C., April 8.—A motion was made in the United States Supreme Court today by the Hon. Jeremiah Wilson for the admission of Captain Oberlin M. Carter to bail. Solicitor General Richards gave notice that he would resist the motion, and he was given five days in which to prepare a brief.

$30 to California, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, and Puget Sound.

Chicago and Northwestern Ry. on each Tuesday, April 9 to April 30. Shortest time en route. Finest scenery. Daily tourist car excursions. Personally conducted semi-weekly. For tickets, illustrated pamphlets, and full information apply at ticket offices, 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station.

ROYAL VICTOR'S DERBY PRIZE.

Lady Schorr Defeated Because of the Instructions Given to Her Jockey.

RIDER WAITS TOO LONG.

Chokes His Mount in Early Part of the Race Waiting on Farmer Bennett.

BALLYHOO BEY IS A ROARER.

Memphis, Tenn., April 8.—[Special.]—In the presence of the greatest crowd that ever witnessed an afternoon's racing at Montgomery Park, T. P. Hayes' imported Victory—Sena Royal colt Royal Victor today won the fourteenth renewal of the Tennessee Derby. J. F. Schorr's Oaks candidate, Lady Schorr, who was coupled with Farmer Bennett in the betting, finished second, and George J. Long's Pardee colt Galeris third.

Farmer Bennett was added at the last moment, Alard Scheck and Joe Frey having been withdrawn, and Schorr expected to win with the selling plater. He had, however, placed too low an estimate on the caliber of the field which started against him, and his instructions to J. Woods, who rode Lady Schorr, beat him out of the big end of the purse. There were six starters, and the Schorr entry was at 1 to 8 in the betting.

Farmer Bennett was sent out to make the running. Lady Schorr ran lapped on him to the stretch under a choking pull and could have run away from him at any part of the journey, but Woods' instructions were to let Farmer Bennett win if he could. Farmer Bennett was all out when the stretch was reached, and then Woods sat down in earnest on Lady Schorr, but the choking which she got in the first seven furlongs told on her when Royal Victor, who had been laying in third place, challenged her below the eighth pole. It was a hard drive from there home, but Royal Victor was steadily drawing away and crossed the line winner by half a length. Gallerius was three lengths farther back.

Had Lady Schorr been allowed to make her own running and make use of her speed in the early part of the race she would have won with plenty to spare. She could have opened a gap on her field at any stage of the race. She was much the best horse today, and if the same field should meet tomorrow she would be just as big a favorite as she was today.

Victory Proves Popular.

The win of Royal Victor was popular. The holiday crowd would not back the Schorr entry at short odds and went to the field, playing Hayes' colt to run second, and every book in the ring lost on the race. The adherents of Farmer Bennett were jubilant and a majority of the horsemen rejoiced over the victory of Hayes' colt.

Many of the so-called outlawed owners have entered the two big stakes of the Memphis meeting. Robinson & Leach won the Montgomery Handicap with Lassper and Hayes was the prime mover in the fight against the interest-bearing club's outlaw rule.

Gilberta, who ran third, is a maiden and was ranked as 20 to 1 against the field. His action and those of Queen Dixon kept the field in front of the barrier sixteen minutes before Starter Fitzgerald got them together and dropped his flag on a good start.

The time was a second and three-quarters slower than Starter Herring's record for the race.

It was a typical Derby day gathering. All classes and conditions were represented. The grandstand and clubhouse were taxed to their capacity. Every train this morning brought delegations from neighboring cities. Louisville, Nashville, Cincinnati, Chicago, and other points were well represented.

The time-honored custom of throwing the field glass presented by Colonel R. A. Montgomery, the founder of Montgomery Park, was observed and was taken advantage of mostly by the black populace. Colonel Montgomery has furnished amusement for the folks on the other side of the track between races.

The crush in the betting ring was the greatest ever known here. Twenty-five bookmakers had and four field books in line, and they had all the business they could attend to. Several other bookmakers would have swarmed in, but there were not enough slates on hand to supply them.

Savoy Lowers Track Record.

All of the races were hotly contested, and Savoy lowered the track record for six furlongs in the first race. He is best about as shifty a lot of racehorses as ever faced the starter at the track. It was contested every foot of the way, Savoy and the bunch were in front from the fall of the flag, and Jockey Adams just caught the judge's box a head to the good in 1:14½.

Brannigan, who captured the 2-year-old event for 2-year-olds, the only two-cold gallopers in the race, was the only horse before the choice which finished in front. It outclassed and outgamed.

In the fast and one-half furlongs for 2-year-olds, under selling conditions, Ben Eder, a 20 to 1 shot, who is by Corrigan's one time great racer Kenwood, passed out winner well, the favorite, on the post, Ben Eder's type and color not unlike that against her. Tom Stevens' Yana was second and Belle Ridge third.

Ben Eder, in his first purse of the meeting with Amelia Breathmore, a half sister to the famous sprinter Prestonia, with 20 to 1 against her and tipped to be held in the mud, at a eighteenth and won by three lengths from Albertvale, their fashion, the favorite, was an indifferent fourth and Ben Eder paid $42.70 for $2.

Jockey Burlingame got his usual daily double. His Hanover entry, Prof. Heath, slighted in the betting, beat the favorite, Educate, home in a hard drive by a head.

Among the out-of-town visitors who were attracted by the Derby were W. F. Schultz, President Jockey Club of Louisville, and Jockey Hughes, the erstwhile trainer of Garry Herrmann; Jack McGarity, who came from Louisville.

Jockey Burlingame, who rode Prof. Heath, and other Chicagoans came down on a special train.

Memphis Summaries April 8.

Weather clear; track fast.

First race, ¾ mile, purse $400; 2-year-olds, colts and fillies, maidens:

Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
Royal Victor, 112 (Woods)	1	1	1	1	1
Lady Schorr, 112 (Burns)	2	2	2	2	2
Galeris, 112 (Burlingame)	3	3	3	3	3

Time, 1:14½. Start fair. Won easily. Winner, T. P. Hayes' ch. c. by Royal Victor—Sena Royal. Trained by Woods.

Second race, 1 mile; purse $400; 3-year-olds, colts and fillies, maidens:

Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
Brannigan, 107 (Burns)	1	1	1	1	1
Ben Eder, 107 (Burlingame)	2	2	2	2	2
Yana, 107 (Stevens)	3	3	3	3	3

Time, 1:47. Start fair. Won easily. Winner, Dr. Hall & Co.'s ch. c. by Brandon—Lizzie Brannigan. Trained by Burns.

Third race, 1 mile and 70 yards, selling—Jockey Jones, 108 (Jones), 1; Petit Maitre, 108 (Swigert), 2; Swordsman, 107 (Hood), 3. Time, 1:46½. Also ran—Hood's Brigade, 106; Simonsweld, 97; Knova, 90; Cape Jessamine, 86.

Fourth race, 1 mile, Country Club Handicap, $400 added—Ben Brush, 122 (Woods), 1; Caylan, 106 (Odom), 2; Louisville, 96; Yarro, 98; Velidex, 92; Senator Sovereign, 88.

Fifth race, about 2½ miles, steeplechase—Joe Bell, 153 pounds; Zutelling, 158; Domesette, 151; Seldenback, 142; Don Clarence, 148; Valid, 143; Ballust, 143; Recoite, 143; Basle, 134.

Sixth race, 1 mile, selling—Tom Middleton, 114 pounds; Kinsley, 111; Sea Rover, 111; Doubtful, 111; Felix, 111; Fox Tucker, 111; Celtic Park, 104; Myth, 108; Sister Alice, 106; Duke of Baden, 103; Dagmar, 103; Sue Johnson, 103; Defender II., 103; Stanford, 102; Myra Morello, 94.

BALLYHOO BEY WILL HARDLY RACE.

Reliable Report That American Derby Colt Is a "Roarer."

There is excellent authority for the statement that Ballyhoo Bey, W. C. Whitney's famous colt which won the Futurity, the richest prize on the American turf, last season, will not be seen this season in the American Derby or in any other big stake. Ballyhoo Bey was the sensational 3-year-old of last season, although his list of victories does not compare with that of Commando, and he is one of the short-priced horses in the winter betting on the American Derby, notwithstanding the report of his sickness was generally published a few months ago. "The Tribune" now learns on good authority that this early winter sickness has affected Ballyhoo Bey's breathing apparatus and that the colt has become a roarer. From the same authority it is learned the report of Ethelbert being seriously amiss is true, despite New York denials, and that the great Belmont horse is not likely to race again.

"FATHER BILL" DALY'S GOOD COLT.

Is Offered $5,000 for Tamak Nawis—Honolulu Well Backed.

Washington, D. C., April 8.—[Special.]—The last week of the Washington Jockey club's meeting began with cloudy weather and only a fair card. An unusually large crowd made the trip to the track. The Easter Monday steeplechase was the feature. For the first mile the three starters ran in close order. Prince Midas and Queenship raced head and head to the stretch, where Queenship drew out and won easily. Beechmont fell at the far turn but as he was making his run. Brasil remounted him and finished the course, securing third money. In the second race Tamak Nawis, a horse who easily, his second win. After the race his owner, Father Bill Daly, was offered $5,000 for him by Richard Croker, who, it is said, is acting for H. Hitchcock. Tamak Nawis cost Daly $250 at the sale of yearlings from the late Marcus Daly stud. Speedmaster was the favorite in the third, the fourth race, but her backers were lucky, as Matt Simpson would have added another purse to Daly's credit but for being kinked down at the start. In the fifth race Honolulu, backed down from 30 to 1 to 5 to 1, beat the favorite, Red Damask.

Harry Manlove, who was recently reinstated by the Jockey club, rode his first race on a legitimate track in almost eight years.

Washington Summaries April 8.

Weather cloudy; track good.

First race, 5½ furlongs, $300 added, selling:

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Time, 1:10 1-5. The Burlington Route, 117 pounds, also ran. Winner, b. c., by The Bard—Lucy Lee. Start fair. Won easily.

Second race, 4½ furlongs, $300 added, 2-year-olds:

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Fourth race, 1 mile, Country Club Handicap, $400 added—Ben Brush, 122 (Woods), 1; Caylan, 106 (Odom), 2; Louisville, 96; Yarro, 98; Velidex, 92; Senator Sovereign, 88.

Fifth race, about 2½ miles, steeplechase—Joe Bell, 153 pounds; Zutelling, 158; Domesette, 151; Seldenback, 142; Don Clarence, 148; Valid, 143; Ballust, 143; Recoite, 143; Basle, 134.

Sixth race, 1 mile, selling—Tom Middleton, 114 pounds; Kinsley, 111; Sea Rover, 111; Doubtful, 111; Felix, 111; Fox Tucker, 111; Celtic Park, 104; Myth, 108; Sister Alice, 106; Duke of Baden, 103; Dagmar, 103; Sue Johnson, 103; Defender II., 103; Stanford, 102; Myra Morello, 94.

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DAN RICE SET BACK AT NEWPORT.

Penalized for Fouling Banque and Bienheim—Track Is Bad.

Cincinnati, O., April 8.—Racegoers experienced another spell of cold weather at Newport today. The track was in wretched condition, but most of the events furnished exciting contests. In the last race Dan Rice, who finished second to Waterboque, was disqualified for fouling Banque II. and Bienheim.

First race, 7 furlongs, selling—Prince of Song, 95 pounds (Cough), 12 to 1, won; Zelnez, 108 (Watson), 10 to 1, second; Marion, 101 (Hothersoll), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:30. Patchwork, Hija, Fourlands, Vicche d'Or, and Mr. Brookwood also ran.

Second race, 4½ furlongs—Elgiva, 100 pounds (Rothersoll), 6 to 1, won; Follow, 100 (F. Thompson), 10 to 1, second; Miss Lulu, 105 (Hilsee), 3 to 5, third. Time, 1:00. Lady Alza, The Rounds, and Andy Williams also ran.

Third race, 1 mile—George Gardner, 108 pounds (Lindsay), 4 to 1, won; Miss Aubrey, 102 (Post), 6 to 2, second; Tuskaross, 110 (Bolan), 7 to 10, third. Time, 1:50. Salvalets and Scotch Bramble also ran.

Fourth race, 5½ furlongs—Horseshoe Tobacco, 108 pounds (McCann), 1 to 2, won; W. G. Welch, 108 (Cornwell), 5 to 1, second; Sims Louise, 100 (Hess), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:13. Red Cross II., George Lobar, and Bokchen also ran.

Fifth race, 1 furlong, selling—Dutch Comedian, 110 pounds (McCann), 2 to 1, won; The Bronze Demon, 101 (Rothersoll), 8 to 2, second; Lord Vane, 102 (C. Murphy), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:30. Mudder, Reluctant, Al Lopez, Nachal, Lucy Lesso, Blackford, Oscar Rhoder, Goodale, and Uncle Steve also ran.

Sixth race, mile, selling—Waterboque, 112 pounds (Washington), 6 to 1, won; Banquo II., 112 (Hoover), 12 to 1, second; Benbia, 102 (Lindsay), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:50. Dan Rice finished second, but was disqualified for fouling. Brown Vale, Danny Duffy, Damesthenes, and Outburst also ran.

Stake Winners in England.

LONDON, April 8.—At the first day of the Manchester Easter meeting today the Lancashire Handicap steeplechase of 3,000 sovereigns, distance three miles and a half, was won by J. Tuscola, 110; The Boston, 100; Persimeadow, 100; Evening Star, 100; Kentucky Maddie, 100; Sally Preston, 100; Pearl Bass, 100; Miss Belle, 100; Marie Bell, 100; Rena, 100; Queen Burlington, 100.

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THREE COMBINES FORMED IN A DAY

Gas, Electric Light, and Traction and Power Interests Make Agreement.

CAPITAL IS $35,000,000.

Wire Glass Concerns and Railroad Manipulators Organize Trusts.

GENERAL NEW YORK NEWS.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, April 8.

The announcements of industrial combinations made today composed the following three: An undetermined number of gas-light, traction, and water-power companies throughout the United States, with an estimated capital of $35,000,000.

Three Combines in a Single Day.

Five leading wire glass companies, whose combined capital represents $1,500,000.

A new corporation to control the stocks of the larger railroad companies of the country.

Emerson McMillin, one of the prominent stockholders of the East River Gas company, which is now a part of the Consolidated Gas company, is credited with the gas project. The companies already under consideration are given as the Detroit Gas company, the Binghamton gas works, the Columbus (O.) Edison company, the Grand Rapids (Mich.) Gas company, the Jackson (Mich.) Gas company, the Laclede Gas company of St. Louis, the Consolidated Gas company of Long Branch, N. J.; the Madison (Wis.) Gas and Electric company, the St. Joseph (Mo.) Gas company, the St. Paul (Minn.) Gaslight company, the Western Milwaukee Gas company, the Denver Gas and Electric Light company, the Southern Light and Traction company of San Antonio, Tex.; the Montgomery (Ala.) Light and Power company, the Jacques Cartier Water Power company of Quebec, and the Winnebago Traction company of Oshkosh.

The second proposed combination will be known as the Mississippi Glass company, for which corporation papers were filed at Trenton a few days ago. The companies involved are the Beaty Glass company, the Wire Glass company of Pennsylvania, the American Wire Glass Manufacturing company, and the Appert Glass company of Port Alleghany, Pa. The main office of the company will be in this city. E. W. Humphreys of the old Mississippi company of St. Louis will be the President and William Dulles of the Appert company will be the Vice President and treasurer. The stock will be held by constituent companies.

Wire glass has recently become important as a fire retardent, and is used by builders and contractors to protect exposed portions of high buildings. It is comparatively a new industry in this country, though it has long been established in France.

The railroad deal is indefinite, but credited as usual to James J. Hill and J. Pierpont Morgan. The new corporation, if formed, would hold shares of the Northern Pacific, Burlington, Erie, and possibly the St. Paul and Great Northern.

In connection with the plan it was said Mr. Hill and associates had made a traffic deal between the Northern Pacific and Burlington which diverted a large amount of business to the Burlington which formerly went over the St. Paul road, and it was alleged that unusual discrimination is being practiced under the new regime against the St. Paul company. It is claimed that Mr. Hill and his associates have a large block of St. Paul stock, and seek to control it.

The two wills signed William Marsh Rice were on the calendar before Surrogate Fitzgerald today for the setting of dates for the trials in the contests. The Surrogate adjourned the hearing until next Monday.

The controlling interests in the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad have refused the offer of purchase submitted by J. Pierpont Morgan and James J. Hill, in behalf of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern roads. From the highest authorities it was ascertained that the large stockholders in Burlington had considered the Morgan-Hill offer with favor, but had expressed dissatisfaction with the general form of it. According to persons who have been engaged in the negotiations, there is no serious disagreement regarding the price offered. The Northern Pacific and Great Northern people agreed to take over all of the stock of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, and pay for it 220 in 3½ per cent bonds.

Purchase of the Burlington Held in Abeyance

The men now in control of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy coupled with their refusal of the terms offered a suggestion of just what they would be willing to accept, and the matter is now again under consideration by the Northern Pacific and Great Northern interests. A meeting of the Executive committee of the last-named railroad was held today, and Colonel Daniel S. Lamont, Vice President of the Northern Pacific railroad, was called in to confer with the Great Northern directors.

J. Pierpont Morgan, who is now on the ocean, will be advised regarding the situation by cable, and if he reaches Southampton on Wednesday an answer will be expected from him before the close of the present week. His wishes will form the basis of a new proposition to the Burlington.

It is said also there is no basis for the rumors of a deal in Rock Island.

After a conference the Canal Association of Greater New York, comprising all of the leading commercial organizations of this city, emphatically repudiated the $26,000,000 canal improvement bill now before the State Legislature and declared unequivocally in favor of a 1,000-ton barge waterway as the only solution of the canal problem.

It is stated on authority that the plan to consolidate the large retail dry goods companies, on which John Claflin has been at work for some time, has now been definitely completed, and a syndicate has been organized to finance it. This would seem to indicate that the securities of the new company will be offered for public subscription. J. P. Morgan & Co. are the head of the syndicate, and will, it is understood, underwrite the issue. The capital of the new concern will be about $20,000,000, including the common and preferred shares and bonds. It is reported that the success of Wanamaker in coming to New York is attracting the attention of other Philadelphia and also of Boston interests.

Plan to Unite Dry Goods Stores Completed.

The Constitution and Independence will meet, no matter what action the New York Yacht club may take in regard to the Boston yacht's eligibility for the trial races. The yachts will not only meet but will be raced for all they are worth off Newport next summer for a cup or cups offered by the Newport Yacht Racing association.

The Pennsylvania Steel company has bought the entire stock of the Spanish-American Iron company, and thus became the owner on April 1 of the iron mines at Setiquiri, Santiago de Cuba.

Pennsylvania Concern Buys Cuban Steel Plant

The Pennsylvania Steel company is now in course of reorganization, and is to have a capital stock of $24,000,000. The price paid for the concern is reported to have been between $1,500,000 and $2,000,000. The Pennsylvania, is one of the companies that has not gone into the United States Steel corporation, and there was talk today that by this purchase the company fortifies itself, as there are unworked ore bodies in the Spanish-American property which it is thought are ample to supply the entire 1,000,000 tons of ore required annually by the company. The Pennsylvania Steel company is also interested in the Auburn Steel Ore company, with iron mines west of Santiago. These purchases mean that the Pennsylvania Steel company has come into control of all the iron mines in the Province of Santiago.

The fourteen commissioners to represent the Presbytery of New York at the General Assembly which meets in Philadelphia on May 16 were elected at the semi-annual meeting of that body today in the old First Church. Of the fourteen chosen nine are understood from their votes last fall to be opposed to any change whatsoever in the creed, so that the attitude of the presbytery in the voting at Philadelphia will be the same as expressed in its answer to the overture last fall.

Two hundred members of the St. Nicholas society and their guests sat down to an Easter festival at Delmonico's tonight. The principal feature of the occasion was the exhibition of a loving cup given by the society to Queen Wilhelmina of Holland as a wedding gift. Toastmaster Fister read the address which will accompany the cup. It was written by Bishop Henry C. Potter and congratulated the Queen on her recent marriage and assures her of the love of persons of Dutch descent in the United States, who from their sturdy ancestors in Holland inherited those great ideas which made the new republic what it is.

Send Loving Cup to Wilhelmina.

The steamer New York arrived this morning from Newport News with a new propeller-shaft. The other damage caused by its recent mishap has been repaired, and it will sail for Southampton on Wednesday.

The first move to stretch the wires on the new East River bridge connecting New York and Brooklyn will be made tomorrow at noon when the lighter aboard which are three reels of wire rope will be towed from its anchorage at the Brooklyn side of the bridge. Three powerful tugs will make fast to the lighter and tow it across the river. The rope thus payed out will lie at the bottom of the river. It is probable that traffic will be stopped for fifteen minutes. On Thursday one of the three ropes on the float will be pulled up to the top of the tower. From there it is to be pulled taut and the first wire for the new bridge will hang between the two towers. If this operation is successful it will be repeated on Friday for the second rope and on Saturday for the third.

To Stretch Wires for New Bridge.

J. & W. Seligman & Co., bankers of this city, announced today that they have purchased from the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad company $30,000,000 in 4 per cent fifty-year gold bonds, with an option on another like amount of bonds. The authorized issue of the mortgage will be $85,000,000, of which $62,500,000 will be used for refunding purposes, and the balance will be reserved for extensions and improvements.

After having battled with rough weather for 205 days, the Norwegian bark Simeon arrived here today. It left Batavia with a heavy cargo of coffee last September and reached the neighborhood of Bermuda on Jan. 22, when it met a series of northwest gales. For a whole month no headway could be made. A leak was sprung, and the crew became so exhausted bailing out water that they gave up hope. But a tug sighted them and towed them into St. Thomas, whence they cabled for the tug H. B. Luckenback to come from New York and bring them to their destination.

Norwegian Bark Has Long and Stormy Voyage.

A memorial window, given by John Drew in memory of his mother, Mrs. Louisa Drew, was unveiled at the Easter services yesterday in St. John's Episcopal Church at Larchmont. The actor and his wife were present at the unveiling. The window represents Mary holding the infant Jesus.

There has been no letup in the Health department's crusade against the practice of expectorating in street cars and ferryboats. Acting Captain Gehegan of the sanitary squad had ninety-five policemen in plain clothes hunting for spitters all day Sunday and today. On Sunday twenty-four arrests were made in this city and Brooklyn. Today twenty-one arrests were made. Most of the prisoners were held for trial in Special Sessions, but some of the prisoners were discharged in the police courts by the magistrates, who contended that a spitter must repeat the offense after being warned to secure a conviction. Ten persons who had previously been held by magistrates were fined $15 apiece in the Special Sessions today and one was obliged to pay $20.

Police Keep Up Raids on Expectorators.

District Attorney Philbin has appointed Assistant District Attorney Osborne to prosecute the forthcoming "police cases." Mr. Osborne has the Patrick and the Kennedy cases on his hands and Mr. Philbin intended to hire special counsel to prosecute the police. But Osborne's work in the Patrick case impressed the District Attorney so much that he abandoned his idea. Mr. Philbin is anxious to convict police Captains who may be indicted.

Former Alderman James Dunne of Brooklyn, and at present Under Sheriff of Kings County, surprised his family as well as his friends on Tuesday by his unannounced departure for Europe on the Teutonic. Mr. Dunne himself, it appears, did not know he was going until the last moment, as he was bidding good-bye to his friend, Charles Weber, who was making the trip. There was a story to the effect that Mr. Dunne had been spirited off to Europe to prevent him becoming the leader in a movement to depose Sewer Commissioner James Kane from the Democratic control in Lynn. This is stoutly denied by Mr. Dunne's friends. They say he usually makes a trip to Europe about this time and he thought at the last moment he might as well start now.

Under Sheriff Makes Sudden Trip to Europe.

One of the most interesting places in Brooklyn, Melrose Hall, at Bedford avenue and Winthrop street, was sold under the auctioneer's hammer today for $5,700. It was built in 1748 by John Lane, an Englishman. During the revolution it was occupied at various times by Tories and patriots, finally falling into the hands of an American officer, General Giles.

Senator Hennessey at Albany introduced a bill providing for three-cent fares on rapid transit routes in New York City, which hereafter may be provided for by the city. Senator Martin objected to the bill being ordered to a third reading, and it was referred to the city's committee.

Bill for Three-Cent Fares Introduced.

WILL WORK ON JUSTICES BILL.

John C. Everett Goes to Springfield to Press Amendments to the Mahoney Measure.

Justice of the Peace John C. Everett went to Springfield last night and will meet today with Senator Mahoney and George Mills Rogers, author of the measure, to consider certain amendments to the Mahoney justices bill now in the Legislature and with which the committee representing the bench and bar of Cook County is not satisfied.

NOTICE.

During the construction of the new building THE TRIBUNE business office will be in the premises now occupied by the Chicago National Bank, Dearborn and Monroe streets. The removal will take place on May 1. The editorial rooms will also be at the corner of Dearborn and Monroe streets, but the offices of the managing editor, the city editor, and all the news departments of the paper will be at 126 to 132 Market street, where the mechanical work of the paper, such as typesetting, printing, and mailing, will be done.

CHICAGO ALUMNI MEET IN EAST.

Former Students of University Attend Banquet in New York City.

DR. HARPER IS A GUEST

President Relates Wonderful Growth of the Institution and Talks of the Future.

MANY BUILDINGS PROMISED.

New York, April 8.—[Special.]—Fifty members of the Eastern Alumni association of the University of Chicago listened to President Harper's word picture of the future of their alma mater at the third annual banquet of that organization at the Hotel Manhattan tonight.

The atmosphere of college days, the linking of past and the present, was furthered by the presence of H. A. Rust, controller of the university, and ex-President Lemuel Moss, who happened in unexpectedly.

The other guest of the evening was Chancellor MacCracken of New York University.

The Rev. Robert Bruce Smith, pastor of the West Side Baptist Church, is President of the association. He outlined in brief the history of its formation and growth in the three years of its existence. Then he introduced President Harper, who began:

"It is significant that the men and women who have come East after completing their university studies should continue that mutual interest and come together occasionally like we have done tonight. It speaks well for the future position of our institution.

Tells of University's Progress.

"I have attended many alumni dinners in Chicago—dinners of associations of Eastern colleges, and at all of them the topic of discussion is the wonderful progress of our university."

Dr. Harper then dwelt on the advancement and prestige of the colleges and universities located in the large cities. Their influence, he said, was becoming widespread, supplanting that of the colleges of the smaller towns. Columbia and the University of Chicago were striking examples. The reason was that men were attracted to the larger cities. There seemed to be a wider field for individual thought in the educational institutions. Here again was Chicago a shining example.

In no university except one was there greater freedom of thought, especially in theology. That in a great measure was the secret of its phenomenal success. A man or woman was permitted to pursue any line of thought which he believed to be right.

President Harper than related what he termed some of the inside workings of the university. During the year which closed in July last alumni from 391 of the 481 colleges and universities in the United States were entered on the books of the institution for post-graduate work.

Other Colleges Study Methods.

Of this total 171 represented the faculties of their respective colleges. Thus one-third of the college faculties of the United States sent representatives to Chicago to secure that degree of perfection in study to be found nowhere else in the United States. He continued:

"In a material way the position of the university will be best shown on July 1 next, its decennial celebration. As features of the occasion the corner-stones of ten new buildings will be laid. A year later these buildings will be ready for occupancy. The list included a gymnasium hall for men, a commons, a students' clubhouse, an assembly hall, and a new building for the department of education. Their total cost will be $1,500,000. Only when these are finished will the University of Chicago possess the many things necessary for real university life."

Other speakers were H. C. Mabie of Boston, the Rev. W. C. Bitting of New York, Eben C. Sage of Yale, and Milo B. Price of Worcester, Mass.

One coed, Miss Lewis, joined the graduates while their dinner was in progress. She was greeted with cheers.

FAVOR FREE TEXT BOOK LAW.

United German Societies, Executive Board of Turners, and Federation of Labor Pass Resolutions.

The United German Societies of Chicago, the Executive Board of Turners, and the Chicago Federation of Labor have passed resolutions favoring legislation providing free text books in the public schools. The resolutions adopted by these organizations cite among other reason for their action that twenty-four States either have permissive or compulsory free text book laws. Twenty-six large cities are given as examples where the plan has been tried, while it is urged that Philadelphia has had the system since 1818. Then the resolution urges:

The present plan of furnishing free books to the poor children from the so-called indigent fund cannot be carried on without doing grave injustice. We cannot organize a detective force and investigate whether parents are entitled to ask for free books or not. Moreover, the label now placed on the fund books puts the stamp of social inequality upon the recipients. The whole scheme is illogical, absurd, and un-American.

The resolutions set forth that it is an advantage to have all the children furnished with books the first day of the school year, that the board now has enough books to supply 50 per cent of the children, and there is little danger from contagious diseases.

TO OBSERVE APPOMATTOX DAY.

Hamilton Club Anniversary Banquet at Auditorium Tonight—Noted Men Will Speak.

The Hamilton club will celebrate its eleventh anniversary tonight with an Appomattox day banquet at the Auditorium. Seats will be provided for 500. Bishop Underwood Dudley of Kentucky will respond to the toast, "Lee"; James B. Angell, President of the University of Michigan, to the toast, "General Grant in the Orient"; and Senator Julius C. Barrows of Michigan will talk on "The Verdict at Appomattox." Several local speakers will make short addresses.

Bishop Dudley is pronounced by Henry Watterson to be "one of the greatest orators in the world," and is said to be an exceptionally entertaining after-dinner speaker. It was on Mr. Watterson's recommendation that the club secured the Bishop's presence here.

President Angell, who was Minister to China during General Grant's visit to that country, will relate some of the experiences of America's noted war leader while in the Orient.

DR. M'INTYRE TO GO OCT. 5

TRUSTEES OF ST. JAMES' M. E. CHURCH ACCEPT NOTICE.

Pastor Compelled by Ill-Health to Take a Year's Rest and Refuses to Consider Remaining with Help of Assistant—Board Now Seeking Another Pulpit Orator Who Shall Be His Equal—Only Two Names Are Suggested.

Dr. Robert McIntyre officially notified the trustees of St. James' Methodist Episcopal Church last night that he would end his pastorate next October, when the Rock River conference meets to assign the ministers. The trustees accepted the notification and plans for finding another man for the place were discussed. Dr. McIntyre will continue to occupy the pulpit during the summer. Ill-health was given as the reason for the doctor's action.

Dr. McIntyre will end his fifth year with St. James' Church next October. He is admittedly the best pulpit orator of the Methodist Church in Chicago or the Rock River conference, and is paid a larger salary than any other minister in the conference.

It was the unanimous opinion of the trustees that they must find a man to succeed Dr. McIntyre who shall be nearly his equal. The Rev. Frank Bristol of Washington and the Rev. S. P. Cadman of New York were the only men in the church whom the trustees could suggest.

The resigning pastor urged the trustees to consider that there are qualities in a minister which take the place of oratorical power. He expressed regret at going. The suggestion was made that he hold the pulpit and ask the church for an assistant pastor. He would not listen to this.

Dr. McIntyre's physicians have told him that he must take a complete rest for a year. His voice will strengthen with the summer, they believe, to enable him to complete the year ending Oct. 5. He is advised not to spend another winter in the North.

He began his ministry in a humble way. He preached for several years in a number of small Illinois towns, where no one ever discovered that he was an orator. Finally, he went to Urbana and there he began to attract attention. When first called to Chicago he came to Grace Church, and later went to Denver. From Denver he came back to Chicago to accept the pastorate of St James'.

FLOOD MAKES THOUSANDS IDLE.

Mills and Factories in New England Are Surrounded by Water and Forced to Close.

Boston, Mass., April 8.—[Special.]—Scores of mills and factories have been forced to close and thousands of operatives are idle as a result of the floods in New England. At Lowell the street railway power-house is in the midst of a lake; at Nashua the light, heat, and power company was on the verge of suspension tonight.

Among the mills which were compelled to shut down today were many at Lawrence, Mass., where 20,000 hands were idle; at Lowell, where the majority of the big corporations suspended; at Lewiston, Me.; Manchester and Nashua, N. H.

Lowlands in all sections are inundated. At one or two points bridges have been washed away and in some places the structures have been weakened. This causes considerable interruption to traffic upon various short railway lines in Maine, New Hampshire, and Massachusetts.

The rivers continue to rise and indications at nearly all points are that the record of the great floods of 1896 will be reached, if not surpassed.

INVITES PRESIDENT TO CHICAGO.

National Business League Will Request Executive to Stop Two Days in June.

A committee representing the National Business league has gone to Washington to invite President McKinley and the members of his party to stop two days in Chicago on their return from the Pacific coast in June. It is proposed by the league to have a banquet at which representative men from various sections will speak of the advancement made in industries. The President will be asked to speak on "Our Greater National Life" if he should consent to stop over.

The invitation to the President is signed by President Erskine M. Phelps and the other officers of the National Business league. In addition to these the following names are among those appended to the invitation:

E. G. Keith, James Deering, V. W. Foster, L. W. Noyes, P. W. Upham, Marcy Harrison, A. C. Fuller, H. F. M'Cormick, J. B. Payne, C. L. Hutchinson, J. V. Farwell Jr., H. G. Selfridge, H. J. Macfarland, W. E. Warren, A. A. Sprague, F. MacVeagh, C. B. Harris, W. R. Harper, Lambert Tree, P. W. Gates, Granger Farwell.

Colonel Elliott Durand was at the head of the committee which left for Washington with the invitation. The present plans for the Chicago visit provide only for a delay of a few hours here.

BRICK FIRM SUES FOR $100,000.

United States Company Asks Heavy Damages from Rivals and Masons' Association.

The United States Brick company began suit yesterday for $100,000 against the other brick companies and the Chicago Masons and Builders' association. The action is based on the charge that members of the Masons and Builders' association are fined for purchasing brick from the United States Brick company. The suit is a sequel to the injunction suit which has been pending in the Circuit Court for more than a year attacking the alleged combination.

OBITUARY.

MRS. CARTHARINE STOUT BISHOP, widow of the late Rev. H. N. Bishop, for many years rector of the St. John's Episcopal Church of this city, died on Friday last at Jacksonville, Fla. Mrs. Bishop came to Chicago with her husband in 1856, when the church was established at West Lake street and St. John's place, Union Park, then near the western limits of the city. During the rebellion and the days of the Chicago fire Mrs. Bishop was prominent among those who aided in relieving unfortunates. At the time of the fire the church building was transformed into barracks and soup kitchens, and she directed the relief of the sick and injured. When the late Dr. Bishop organized this parish the stock yards were then located at Madison and Reuben street, the latter now being Ashland boulevard. Mrs. Bishop was the daughter of the late Rev. Charles B. Stout of Michigan. She was born at Mount Morris, N. Y., in 1804 and was married to Dr. Bishop at Urbana, O., in 1833. Four children—Charles N. Bishop of Chicago, W. S. Bishop of Duluth, and Misses Laura and Kathryn Bishop of Chicago survive. Funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon at the Church of the Epiphany.

MRS. MARIE C. REMICK, Oak Park, died at her home, 340 North Euclid avenue, yesterday morning, at the age of 55 years. Mrs. Remick was President of the Chicago Woman's club in 1897, one of the charter members and first President of the Nineteenth Century Woman's club of Oak Park, a member of the Political Equality league, and of the Daughters of the Revolution. Her husband died in 1888. Three children survive her—R. C. Remick, a lumber dealer of Detroit; Mary Ethel, and Jesse C. The funeral will take place tomorrow at 11 o'clock from the home. Interment will be at Oakwoods.

CHILDREN IN TROUBLE FOR TAKING GOLD TO INDULGE TASTES.

Teney Lockfar Pines for the Play and Robs a Neighbor's House of Six Dollars and Clothing.

Bert Wallace and Harry Brown Want Bright Marbles and Scrape Gilding from Barber Pole.

Teney Lockfar, who is 16 years old and lives at 39 Hope street, suffered till yesterday from an insatiable thirst for the drama. She had no money with which to buy a ticket to the theater, and she could borrow none. So she watched the house of George Couch, 18 Hope street, till the family left, and then, gaining entrance, took $6 and a quantity of clothing from a trunk. When seen loitering about the place she was arrested and taken to the Maxwell Street Police Station. The money, which she said would have given her untold enjoyment at the play, was taken away from her, and now she says the taste has rather palled. She will let the theater go.

The marble playing season opened in West Forty-seventh street yesterday with the larceny of a newly painted barber pole. Two youthful devotees of the game wished to scrape the gold from the tonsorial sign and regild their last year's "commies" and "ailys." The boys, who gave their names as Bert Wallace and Harry Brown, were arrested and locked up in the New City Police Station. The case will be heard by Justice Fitzgerald this morning. The pole stood in front of Charles Warren's barber shop, 1602 West Forty-seventh street. Warren put it out in the morning, and ten minutes later found the boys scraping away the gold and trying to apply it to their marbles.

USES GUILLOTINE IN SUICIDE.

Californian Uses a Broadax So It Decapitates Him When He Cuts a String.

San José, Cal., April 8.—[Special.]—"Death resulted from a cut in the neck, made by a guillotine, and operated with suicidal intent." Such was the verdict rendered here today by a Coroner's jury impaneled to inquire into the facts surrounding the death of John Connelly, whose body was discovered this morning in a cabin at Wright's Station.

Connelly had rigged up a guillotine and cut off his own head. He swung a broad ax by a rope in such a position that when he cut a cord the ax fell across his neck, which was stretched on a block of wood conveniently located. The plan worked effectively, as death probably was instantaneous.

The Coroner's jury fixed the date of the suicide at about March 27, as the body was much decomposed, and it was about that time that Connelly was last seen alive. He was 57 years old and unmarried.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

After a sleepless night use Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters to tone up your system.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON CITY WATER.

USABLE	USABLE	GOOD	GOOD
LAKE VIEW	CHICAGO AVE.	14th ST.	HYDE PARK

Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Kinzie street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth streets, and Hyde Park all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the Stock Yards.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

Foreign mails will close at the Chicago Postoffice today as follows:

For Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, and Lourenzo Marques, via Havre, 4:30 p. m.

For Belgium, Russia, and Cape Colony, 4:30 p. m.

For British Honduras, Guatemala, and Republic of Honduras, 4:30 p. m.

For Cuba, via Havana, 6 p. m.

For Japan, China, Corea, and Philippines, 9 p. m.

For Nassau, Guantanamo, and Santiago, 12 p. m.

For Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Austria, Netherlands, Denmark, Norway and Sweden, 12 p. m. (SS. Auguste Victoria).

For France, 12 p. m. (SS. La Champagne).

F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., April 8.—Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

For Illinois and Indiana—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, fresh northeasterly winds.

For Lower Michigan, Upper Michigan, and Wisconsin—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, fresh north to northeast winds.

For South Dakota—Fair in western, showers in eastern portion Tuesday, Wednesday fair, variable winds.

Time taken: April 8, 8 p. m.

Place of observation.	Height of barometer.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Velocity of wind.	Precipitation in inches.	State of weather.
Abilene	29.96	64	70	S.E.	6	....	Clo'dy
Albany	29.70	40	46	W.	6	.04	Rain
Alpena	30.24	40	46	N.W.	....	....	Clear
Amarillo	29.94	52	62	S.E.	....	....	Clear
Battleford	30.50	28	42	S.E.	....	....	Clear
Bismack	30.36	52	58	....	....	Tr.	Rain
Buffalo	29.70	42	46	N.W.	....	.02	Rain
Boston	29.62	44	44	N.	....	.06	Clo'dy
Cairo	30.30	54	58	W.	....	....	Clear
Calgary	30.18	52	58	S.E.	....	.02	Clear
Cheyenne	30.32	36	52	S.	....	....	Clear
Chicago	30.38	38	40	N.E.	....	....	Clear
Cincinnati	30.26	48	48	N.W.	....	.01	Clo'dy
Cleveland	30.14	42	46	N.W.	....	....	Clear
Davenport	30.36	52	58	N.E.	....	....	Clear
Denver	30.34	40	42	N.	....	Tr.	Clo'dy
Des Moines	30.40	52	58	N.E.	....	....	Clear
Detroit	30.18	46	46	N.	....	....	Clo'dy
Dodge	30.04	60	64	S.E.	....	.04	Fair
Dubuque	30.30	46	54	....	....	....	Clear
Duluth	30.48	42	46	E.	....	....	Fair
El Paso	29.78	72	78	W.	....	....	Clear
Edmonton	30.18	44	46	E.	....	....	Clear
Galveston	30.04	66	72	S.	....	....	Clo'dy
Green Bay	30.42	40	40	N.W.	....	....	Clear
Havre	30.36	50	50	N.E.	....	....	Clear
Helena	30.20	46	48	E.	....	....	Clo'dy
Huron	30.38	54	60	E.	....	....	Clo'dy
Indianapolis	30.28	44	48	N.	....	....	Clear
Jacksonville	30.02	68	74	N.W.	....	....	Fair
Kansas City	30.32	56	60	N.	....	....	Fair
Lander	30.38	32	34	S.W.	....	.30	Snow
Little Rock	30.27	60	72	S.E.	....	....	Clo'dy
Los Angeles	30.00	62	68	W.	....	....	Fair
Marquette	30.44	40	40	N.W.	....	....	Clear
Minnedosa	30.44	30	42	N.	....	Tr.	Clear
Montgomery	30.14	64	68	N.	....	....	Clear
Nashville	30.24	54	58	N.W.	....	....	Clear
New York City	29.72	42	48	N.W.	....	....	Clo'dy
Norfolk	30.38	54	54	N.W.	....	....	Clo'dy
North Platte	30.24	48	60	S.E.	....	....	Fair
Oklahoma	30.06	66	72	S.E.	....	....	Clear
Omaha	30.32	52	60	S.	....	....	Fair
Oswego	29.82	36	38	N.W.	....	.28	Rain
Parkersburg	30.20	42	46	N.W.	....	.02	Clo'dy
Philadelphia	30.12	46	48	N.W.	....	....	Clo'dy
Pittsburg	30.08	40	44	N.W.	....	....	Clo'dy
Pueblo	30.08	46	60	N.W.	....	Tr.	Clo'dy
Qu'Appelle	30.44	36	46	N.W.	....	....	Clear
Rapid City	30.20	48	46	N.W.	....	.06	Clo'dy
San Francisco	30.14	58	60	W.	....	....	Clear
St. Louis	30.24	52	54	N.E.	....	....	Clear
St. Paul	30.44	52	54	N.E.	....	....	Clear
Salt Lake City	30.22	40	48	N.W.	....	Tr.	Clear
Ste. Marie	30.32	40	40	N.W.	....	....	Clear
Springfield, Ill.	30.36	52	56	N.E.	....	....	Clear
Springfield, Mo.	30.02	60	66	N.E.	....	....	Clear
Vicksburg	30.14	68	72	E.	....	....	Clo'dy
Washington	30.02	48	54	N.W.	....	....	Clo'dy
Williston	30.34	48	48	N.E.	....	.16	Clo'dy
Winnipeg	30.54	50	56	E.	....	....	Clo'dy

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 88 East Madison street, Tribune Building, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 40; 9 a. m., 42; 10 a. m., 42; 11 a. m., 42; 12 m., 42; 1 p. m., 43; 3 p. m., 44; 6 p. m., 45. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.73; 6 p. m., 29.77.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

	Age.
Timothy Ryan, Isabella Brown	22—23
Michael Hyland, Annie Hylan	27—27
Michael F. Green, Margaret Kennedy	36—29
Olaf A. Olson of Michigan City, Ind.; Annie Ericksen	31—26
Fred F. Stolba Jr., Cassie D. Powers	28—24
Edward Johnson, Nellie C. Nelson	36—27
Wilson Carmichael of Ottawa, Ill.; Julia Clark of same	30—25
Adolf Lane, Wilhelmine Tesnoe	23—19
John Gallagher, Catherine Cox	23—19
Joseph J. Grim, Juanita A. Foerster	30—18
John C. Haines, Gertrude Ebehmesser of Denver, Colo.	28—26
Olaf Hanson of Kewanee, Ill., Dorothy Johnson	27—27
Fred Neuenschwander of St. Paul, Minn., Mary L. Byrne	29—27
Louis Segelken, Minna Maegdlin	28—30
Jacob P. Jung of Milwaukee, Wis.; Clara Arndt of same	29—22
Thomas Flynn, Alice Fox	40—38
Frank Popielewski, Josefine Nadolska	26—24
Horatio J. Duffy, Nellie Tennis	40—34
John Schmeis, Barbara Weisbuecker	33—30
William I. Battin, Elsie Edelblut of Sheboygan, Wis.	24—20
Bernard P. King, Della Hogan	37—36
James W. Hamilton of Sheol. Mon.; Katie T. Madden of Monroe, Mo.	21—18
Nick Kuhn, Annie Fernan	21—18
Frederick C. Drager, Agnes Henschke	21—18
Guy R. Bean of Three Rivers, Mich.; Maude E. Weeks of same	28—22
Louis Koske, Elizabeth Hein	50—40
William L. Rickman, Estella D. Mors	30—30
Fred W. Schultz, Adelia Popka	36—35
Henry A. Tanner of Newberry, Mich.; Ella Baker of St. Charles, Mo.	29—23
Paul O. Reilly, Anna Whalen	27—20
James H. Lyon, Ella H. Gordon	47—40
Charles Buska, Maryanna Polaszitis	21—18
Edward Senge wald, Frances Dunn	34—35
Thomas Dwyer of Parnell, Wis.; Sarah Byrne	29—28
George W. Pottle, Perries B. Garrett	36—30
Michael Cummings, Mary Cummings	35—43
George T. Jennings, Clarabel Horenberg	23—19
Emmett E. Lott, Hattie M. Robb	25—21
Leslie Arens, Mary E. McGuire	21—21
Gerald Irvine, Maggie Long	30—19
Claude Flake, Anna Hefner	21—19
Clyde Flake, Ada Hefner	21—19
Thomas Murray, Augusta Johnson	35—31
Charles F. Bliss, Beatrice L. Nagel	25—22
Michael Kirby, Mary Duskin	24—23
Emil Nystrom, Elizabeth Larsen	31—25
John W. Hollin, Emma R. Dunne	25—21
Frederick Mahon, Katie Flanigan	26—24
Gustav Behling, Augusta Lluppmann	53—30
Fredrick Feldman, Katie Fischer	25—24
Albert C. Kerst of Streator, Ill.; Pearl Mackey of Devil's Lake, N. D.	28—19
Charles Fitzgerald, Bessie L. Phillips	25—22
Fritz Steinert, Ella Devine	26—24
William E. Justice, Emily B. Messer	30—34
Ernest H. Phillips, Emma R. Bisoine	23—24
Bert S. Reid, Alice Kallotte	23—24
John K. Robinson Jr., Elizabeth Hitchcock	21—21
James Russell, Lillie Ryan	25—24
George F. Knoerr, Amanda Jasinski	23—24
Jay N. Swift of Kalamazoo, Mich.; Louise Rhordiche	29—23
Willy E. Pruner, Marie Lindstrom of Delphi, Ind.	27—24
Fred S. Shaft of St. Paul, Minn.; Edith T. Fuher of Toledo, O.	36—18
Charles von der Heidt of Mohee, Ill.; Henrietta Haltenhof of same	28—44
William A. Pitt, Mabel P. Mason	29—22
John F. Wielking, Emilie Sonnenschein	29—26
James Fitzpatrick, Margaret Grady	27—30
Harvey L. Brewer, Anna Furste	27—30
Henry C. Bach, Emma Schmidt	31—34
Gerald Hayes, Bertha Stahl	23—23
Charles A. David Jr., Josephine Muiry	21—21
A. Emmanuel Corit, Laura G. Broman	30—21
Frank A. Hundertmark, Marie Sawrda	21—21
John H. Miller, Annie Fisher	30—33
Theodore W. Evans of Madison, Wis.; Cora E. Rodermund of same	24—23
Charles Baumann, Annie Wenake	27—30
John Stumpf, Cora M. Flenegen	23—24
Oscar Bordner, Sylvia A. Dugan	21—21
Jacob S. Nathanson, Rosie Jacobowsky	23—23
Hamilton

The Tribune.

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Daily, with Sunday, three months 1.75
Daily, with Sunday, one month ..... .75
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DOMESTIC POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 1 cent; 16 to 24 pages, 2 cents; 26 to 40 pages, 3 cents; 44 to 56 pages, 4 cents; 60 pages and over, 5 cents.

FOREIGN POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 2 cents; 16 pages, 3 cents; 24 pages, 4 cents; 32 pages, 5 cents; 40 pages, 6 cents; 44 to 48 pages, 7 cents; 48 to 56 pages, 8 cents; 60 pages and over, 9 cents.

Note—The laws of the Postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

LINCOLN PARK LODGE NO. 611, A. F. AND A. M.—Emergent communication Wednesday, April 10, at 1 p. m., for the purpose of exciting the ashes of our late brother, William H. [illegible]. JOHN C. CRAWFORD, W. M. C. L. GRIGGS, Sec.

TUESDAY, APRIL 9, 1901.

Not a Matter for Politicians.

A member of the Masonic committee which is investigating the charges of bad management made against the County Hospital authorities by a member of the order has been visited by two politicians who asked him to drop the charges in the interest of party harmony. This simply furnishes an additional reason why the investigation should be pushed more vigorously. It has been demonstrated that political influence has resulted in the reckless and extravagant expenditure of public funds at the County Hospital and other county institutions. Now it appears the same influence is attempting to protect the hospital authorities from the charges of cruelty and mismanagement in the treatment of patients. These charges are so serious and are made by so many people that they cannot be overlooked. They are not charges in which politicians can have any legitimate interest. If patients at the County Hospital are treated with cruelty and indifference by nurses or other attendants it is a matter of grave public concern. The committeeman who was visited by the two politicians in question should make their names public. It would be interesting to know who they are and why they take such a keen interest in the welfare of the present management of the hospital.

The Priestman Incident.

An error made by immigration inspectors at New York last week indicates that more intelligence is needed in applying the immigration laws. According to the law, an alien who goes from this country to Europe and returns must be inspected and passed upon as rigidly as a new immigrant. When the Germanic arrived last Thursday it had on board a well to do Philadelphia merchant, Albert Priestman, who had been abroad to buy goods. Though Mr. Priestman has lived in Philadelphia fifteen years, has married an American wife, and is the father of several children born in this country, he is still a British subject. Accordingly he was inspected to see whether he was liable to become a public charge and hence should not be allowed to enter the country. The official of the marine hospital service who examined him discovered that he had an artificial left arm, and though Mr. Priestman brought proof of his business standing and showed the officials a certified check for $10,000, they insisted that he must be detained on Ellis Island for examination and investigation. In vain did Mr. Priestman protest that he had been across the ocean a dozen times before with this same artificial arm, or that he would furnish bonds for his appearance. Finally he was paroled over night in custody of the superintendent of the steamship line, and the next morning he was compelled to undergo an examination. Of course he was released, but he and his friends naturally resent the treatment to which he was subjected. The inspection commissioner says the incident was due to green employés, who have not been reprimanded, however, for their stupidity. Certainly it shows the need of more discretion and common sense in applying the law.

THE RICE MURDER CASE.

Whatever else may have been established by the Patrick-Jones-Rice murder case, so far as it has progressed, it has exposed in the person of Jones, valet of the dead millionaire Rice, the most consummate liar since the days of Ananias, and in the person of Patrick the most nervy lawyer on record, for whether he be innocent or guilty his nerve is none the less remarkable.

The valet, Jones, has succeeded in making four separate statements. Shortly after his arrest he made one denying guilt, both for himself and Patrick. A month later he told the Assistant District Attorney that Patrick was the guilty party—guilty not alone of forgery but of killing Rice with drugs, which he induced him (Jones) to believe were harmless. Then after making an attempt at suicide, which he alleges was at the instigation of Patrick, he openly confesses that he murdered Rice himself upon the suggestion of Patrick. Not satisfied with this, he has confessed to his own counsel that Patrick himself murdered Rice and that Rice signed the will in favor of Patrick which is now alleged to have been forged.

In the midst of all these contradictions, retractions, and falsehoods, constituting a tangled web of testimony upon which it may be hard to convict any one, the central fact remains clear that for two years there was a conspiracy between this nervy lawyer, who had not the slightest claim on the millionaire's money, and the ignorant, weak valet, who was the lawyer's tool, to get possession of that money. It is still doubtful with so much lying whether the principal or the agent killed the millionaire, but he is dead and the lawyer holds the deeds to nine-tenths of his property, though he never had any valid claim to a dollar of it.

Waiving all the discrepancies in this case, numerous as they are, there is still enough evidence left to create a strong presumption of guilt. Are not the very hysterics of the valet indications of guilt? Is not the nerve of the lawyer an indication of guilt also? Would an innocent man seize every occasion to make a public exhibition of his nerve? It is to be hoped in any event that we are not many such rabids as Jones or lawyers as Patrick. It would not be comforting to millionaires to suspect that such creatures were plotting against them.

WAITING ON SPRINGFIELD.

The street railway passengers of Chicago are waiting on the Legislature to open the way for their relief.

Today it is impossible for any such passenger to ride through the business section of the city without changing cars and paying two fares. Today it is impossible for a wage-earner in the thickly populated west and southwest river wards to take his wife and children to see the animals and to enjoy the lake at Lincoln Park without changing cars and paying double fares each way. Today Halsted street, the great north and south thoroughfare for the interior of the city, instead of affording a continuous car line as its character and traffic require, presents an adroitly calculated series of broken and piecemeal routes which constitute as conspicuous an affront to reason as to convenience. Today street car passengers on all lines throughout this entire city are subjected to crowding which is as indecent as it is systematic.

The city requires additional powers in order adequately to deal with these conditions. With great deliberation and care it has formulated a bill to confer those powers and has asked the Legislature to enact it into law. Three-fourths of the session—considering its probable length—have now passed and almost nothing has been done in any line save to wrangle over the apportionment question. One hearing was had last Wednesday on the bill in question before the House Committee on Municipal Corporations, but the Committee on Municipalities, which has charge of the bill in the Senate, has failed thus far to afford an opportunity for such a hearing. A second hearing before the House committee has been arranged for today, but it is still undecided whether the Senate committee will join therein.

Responsibility for the next step in regard to the street railway question in Chicago rests now with the legislators at Springfield and the people are waiting on their action. Unless there is evidence on the part of both committees charged with this important bill that they are endeavoring to expedite its consideration and passage by the full chambers, the traveling public in this city will have a grievance which will not easily be forgotten. The people of Chicago want action in this matter, and they want it now.

ILLEGAL EXPECTORATION.

New York City is engaged at present in a crusade against spitting on the floors in public buildings and conveyances. The Board of Health recently passed a resolution calling for the strict enforcement of the ordinance on this subject, and fifty or sixty persons have thus far been arrested for violating it. The ordinance makes the offense punishable by an excessive penalty, but in spite of this handicap the magistrates have shown a disposition to apply the law strictly. Already good results are said to be apparent. The notoriety given to the matter by the New York papers has made people more careful, and the nuisance is said to be abating to a noticeable degree.

The Chicago Council passed a similar ordinance a month or two ago, with a reasonable penalty attached, and it now remains to be seen whether the Health Commissioner of this city will follow the good example of the New York authorities and enforce the ordinance, or whether he will allow it to become a dead letter, like some other excellent ordinances which he ought to enforce, to some extent at least, but does not. The vile practice of spitting on the floors of public conveyances can be suppressed to a large extent by enforcing this ordinance. Offenders should be given due warning, and then the law should be applied to them without further ceremony. The arrest and fining of a few dozens of the incorrigibles would have a salutary effect. The others would soon be persuaded into reforming their ways. The habitual offenders are a small percentage of the population, and there is no reason why they should be allowed to make themselves a nuisance and a menace to the whole community.

Scientists agree that certain diseases are carried by dried sputum, which is breathed in the form of dust. The ordinance against expectoration in public places is a sound sanitary measure as well as one in behalf of decency and cleanliness. Requests and informal notices in street cars have been largely disregarded. It remains to be seen what can be accomplished by a little wholesome discipline in the shape of arrest and fines.

VENEZUELA AND CUBA.

Venezuela has been independent for eighty years. During that period it has nominally been a republic. The different constitutions it has had have recognized the principles of free, democratic government as completely as does that of the United States, which was taken as a model. Nevertheless, Venezuela is not yet a genuine republic. It has not yet free institutions, except on paper. It is not ruled by laws but by a despot. While the account of the existing condition of affairs in Venezuela printed in the New York Tribune last week may not be correct in all its details, it is correct as to the main points.

Eighteen months ago Cipriano Castro headed a revolutionary movement, drove out President Andrade, and installed himself as dictator. There is a Congress, but it is made up of men chosen by the dictator. There are Judges, but if their decisions do not suit him he throws them into prison and keeps them there until they admit they were quite mistaken as to the law. All officials hold their places only so long as the dictator does not distrust them. Those whom he suspects he removes, and sometimes imprisons.

During his first month of power the dictator had a number of wealthy bankers and merchants brought before him and assessed them from $20,000 to $60,000 apiece for the support of his government. Those who refused to pay were cast into unpleasant prisons and held there till they had a change of heart. It is Castro's custom, when his agents tell him a man is making much money, to arrest him on a charge of "conspiring against the government." A large money contribution is the only satisfactory evidence of innocence.

This is the state of affairs in Venezuela after eighty years of training in self-government. It does not differ materially from that which obtains in other so-called republics in South and Central America. What reason is there to expect a better condition of things in Cuba if the inhabitants of that island, with no experience whatever of self-government, while the Venezuelans have had eighty years, were allowed to manage their own affairs, subject to no friendly interposition and guidance on the part of the United States when they managed affairs badly?

In an independent Cuba there will be aspiring military chieftains as well as reckless civilian demagogues, who will look on the property-owners as their natural prey. To protect the latter from the former and to assure to Cuba a government republican in substance as well as in form, the United States must have the admitted right to intervene under certain contingencies which it does not possess as regards Venezuela. The members of the Cuban constitutional convention are reluctant to admit this, but they will bow to necessity at the last.

NEW YORK'S AMENDED CHARTER.

Last week the Legislature of the Empire State passed, with some changes, the amended charter for Greater New York as reported by the Revision committee appointed last year by Governor Roosevelt. The act is now awaiting Mayor Van Wyck's approval or disapproval.

If there were needed any further illustration of the irresponsible and high-handed manner in which the State Legislature arrogates to itself the government of Greater New York it might be found in the conduct of that body respecting the charter of the great metropolis. The first charter was prepared in shameful haste, rushed through the Legislature practically without deliberation, made applicable to the new city without submission to popular vote, and finally forced upon it over the veto of the Mayor. It proved a wretched bungle, and after it had been two years in operation the Governor appointed a commission to revise it.

That commission got up its report last year, but in its very form this betrayed the haste as well as the indifference to public comment or suggestion with which it was prepared. Though comprising 814 pages and setting forth the entire city charter as proposed to be amended, the volume contains neither index, table of contents, page headings, nor even side titles to guide the inquirer through its voluminous titles, chapters, and sections. It is absolutely true that the only way to find in this report the provisions, for example, on the duties of the Controller, or on the powers of the Mayor, or on any other topic, is to turn the pages seriatim until the desired section is disclosed. If any more effective procedure for putting the proposed amendments beyond the reach of public discussion could have been devised it is not easy to imagine what it would have been.

When instruments of local government are manipulated or betrayed in this irresponsible manner it is not surprising to learn from Monday's dispatches in THE TRIBUNE that the revised charter as passed contains a provision which opens the way for a "scandalous" subsidy scheme affecting eight daily papers in connection with city advertising.

Mayor Van Wyck will veto the bill, but the Legislature will pass it by the requisite two-thirds majority over his veto. A year or two hence there will be another demand for the revision of the charter for political or other reasons, and the Legislature will probably meddle once more with something it should let alone. There can be no decent city government so long as incessant legislative interference goes on.

FLAT THEATERS.

By the sale of an apartment house in New York City the other day it has become known that among other "modern improvements" it contained a theater for the use of the tenants, and the new owner, recognizing its value, has determined to keep it in operation. He says: "The time is coming when a fifty-foot stage will be as necessary to rent an apartment as hot water, steam heat, dumb waiters, or a month's rent free.

Considering the trouble which flat tenants already have with hot water, steam heat, dumb waiters, janitors, and each other, it is a little remarkable that they should voluntarily add to their troubles by calling for amateur theaters as conditions of rental. It is not to be assumed that the theatrical performers in flats are professionals, though most every one who struts about a stage nowadays is a professional in his or her estimation. They must be amateurs. But where do they get their audiences? Men living in flats are known to be patrons of the regular theater. Women living in flats, as a rule, prefer something more exciting in their theatricals than can be found on a fifty-foot flat stage. As to the matinée women, nothing could hire them to waste matinée opportunities on amateur performances. There is another contingency which will work against the flat theaters, and that is the difficulty of adjusting the views of those on different floors as to the dramas to be presented. Catholicity of taste is apt to degenerate as one goes upward in the building. The people on the twelfth or fifteenth floor are much more frivolous and light-minded than those on the second and third floors. Consequently, when the latter are demanding Shakspeare the former will be clamoring for vaudeville, and there can be no way of adjusting the difference, for caste lines are rigidly drawn in flats. It is well that it is so. If tenants in one of these caravansaries were all of one mind, not alone theaters, but libraries, schools, churches, clubs, restaurants, carriages, soda fountains, as well as ministers, doctors, and lawyers, might all become "necessities" with the occupants of huge apartment buildings.

POSTAL SAVINGS BANKS.

In the last issue of the North American Review certain alleged dangers of the postal system are pointed out by Henry A. Castle, Auditor of the Postoffice department. Among other things, Mr. Castle strongly opposes postal savings banks. While he freely admits certain advantages in the system, such as the stimulating of thrift and the affording of a safe place where working people could deposit their small savings, he holds that it would involve a heavy loss to the government and would be a serious injury to the postal service. Some of his arguments throw new and interesting light upon the subject.

The most important argument advanced by the Auditor against the postal savings bank scheme rests upon the present low interest rates. Unless the system could be self-sustaining it would be another instance of taxing one class for the benefit of another. The postal money order system is already conducted at a considerable annual loss. Mr. Castle believes the savings bank system would be ruinously expensive. The 2 per cent government bonds are selling at 106¼. The lowest interest suggested for the postal bank depositors is 3 per cent. Mr. Castle believes the offer of such a rate would cause the accumulation of $1,000,000,000 in the postal banks within five years. Not only would the government lose the difference in interest, but it would be at an enormous outlay for additional employés needed to handle the funds and keep the accounts. He estimates that at least 1,000 more clerks would soon be needed in the Auditor's office. None of the bills proposed in Congress on this subject seems to have made allowance for the costly item of accounting.

The problem of finding a secure investment with adequate interest for these savings seems to be extremely difficult. The English government has not been able to solve this problem. It pays its postal depositors 2½ per cent and invests the money in 2¾ per cent consols, which in the past have been bought in at a rate ranging from 110 to 114. All this premium, as well as the entire cost of accounting, is a dead loss. Yet no ministry dares to suggest a reduction in interest, as the wrath of several million voters would fall upon any statesman who attempted to put the system on a business basis. Mr. Castle fears the same thing would happen in the United States, while the annual loss would be enormously greater on account of the larger sums to be handled, the greater territory to be covered, and the larger salaries paid. His views are well worth considering, because they come from the office that would be most affected by the savings bank innovation.

THE GARNISHMENT LAW.

The Illinois Legislature is discussing the garnishment law. So is the French Senate. Although the law in France is far more liberal than it is in Illinois, only one-tenth of a workingman's wages being subject to attachment, yet it is assailed vehemently for much the same reasons that are advanced by the spokesmen for Chicago workingmen.

It is asserted in France that if no seizure of wages were permitted shopkeepers would give credit less freely. The facilities and temptations to spend money freely would be reduced, and workingmen would learn habits of order and economy. It is said in this State that the lowering to $8 from $50 of the amount exempt from garnishment has induced shopkeepers to give credit more freely, to the great injury of workingmen. On the other hand, it is insisted in France and in Illinois that if wages cannot be garnisheed credit will not be extended, and workingmen will be deprived of the economies of credit. It is asserted, also, that if workmen cannot get credit at the stores they will fall into the clutches of the professional money lenders.

One grave defect in the Illinois law is the rapidity with which legal expenses pile up and add to the troubles of the debtor. The same state of affairs exists in France. There the expenses run up sometimes to ten times the amount of the debt. There ought to be enough legislative wisdom in this State to provide in the interest of debtors a cheaper method for the collection of small debts.

The French employer, like the Illinois employer, dislikes being dragged into a law suit between one of his workmen and a creditor, and is much inclined to dismiss that workman, which is bad for the latter and for the creditor also. Where the debtor has no work the creditor need expect no money.

There would be much less controversy over this question on either side of the Atlantic were it not that there are two classes of debtors. There are the debtors who can pay all or a part of what they owe, but who will not do so unless they are forced to it. There are the debtors who are really unable to pay at the moment, but who will pay if given time. The creditor is often unable to tell to which class a debtor belongs. He begins suit occasionally when it would have been wiser not to do so, and honest debtors suffer because there are so many dishonest debtors. There are dishonest debtors in Illinois as well as in France.

THE Russian occupation of Manchuria is to be merely temporary. It will end when time ends.

MR. BRYAN is now a public man, to a certain extent, once a week.

THE naming of babies in honor of that upstart volunteer soldier, Fred Funston, goes merrily on.

THE City Council threw a collection of large and costly bouquets at itself last night.

PORCH-CLIMBERS have invaded Kenosha. Have they exhausted the possibilities of Chicago?

BY way of adding to the post-Lenten hilarity most of the stocks lined up and took a drop yesterday.

Et tu, Ag!—Edward Atkinson.

IN A MINOR KEY.

They Encounter Each Other.

Years afterward the two distinguished men met.

"So this is the 'Honorable' Sam Jones, is it?"

"Yes, sir. I am speaking to the 'Reverend' Sam Jones, am I?"

Systematic Economy.

"The idea of your telling me I'm extravagant!" protested Mr. Chugwater, "when I've saved $500 in the last ten years on one item alone, by a little self-denial!"

"What item is that?" demanded Mrs. Chugwater.

"Cutting down my life insurance from $3,000 to $1,000."

Taking Too Much for Granted.

The political manager was giving his ward lieutenants their general instructions.

"Never let a man know, when you approach him," he said, "that you suspect him of being a scoundrel. Always appear to take it for granted that every man is honest, just as we take it for granted that every gentleman keeps his fingernails looking neat and clean."

Here his lieutenants, one and all, casually put their hands in their pockets and went on listening attentively.

Reducing It to Schedule.

"I know I express myself lamely, Miss Thriller," the young man faltered, "but I want to tell you how much I love——"

"Mr. McGinnis," interrupted the assistant editor of the Weekly Society Recorder, with a vivid blush, "can you do it in about 200 words?"

His Description of Her.

While watching the circus parade 'Rastus became separated in some unaccountable way from his sweetheart, and he asked a policeman to help him find her.

"What does she look like?" queried the officer.

"Well, sah," replied 'Rastus, "she's—she's a brunette, sah, with a Yeastah hat on her haid, an' her name's Jopheeny, sah."

Taking Advantage of the Case.

"What are you doing, Josselyn?" asked his wife.

"The idea has just struck me," replied the poet, who was overhauling the pigeonholes in his desk and extracting various lots of moldy papers marked "Rejected Manuscripts," "that it might be a good thing to put out a Rummage Edition of Poems."

Where It Will Fall Down.

After the world had waited a long time a capitalist finally came forward and endowed a theater with $10,000,000, in the name of Pure Art.

It was the night of the first performance.

The curtain had gone down on the third act, and the audience was applauding wildly.

"You'll have to come before the curtain and make a speech," said the manager, going behind the scenes.

"I will not!" exclaimed the star actor. "It is not Art. It destroys the illusion."

"But the audience is growing wild. Some of the people have begun to hiss their displeasure at your refusal."

"Let them hiss. What do we care? We are not dependent upon audiences for the support of this theater."

"I know it, but here's a note from the man who gave us ten millions. He says if you don't come out he'll insist on your being fired."

And Pure Art continued to get it in the neck.

Worse.

Cholly—"They're saying that the valet whom you discharged yesterday used some plain language to you, millions."

Freddy—"Plain? Baw Jove, it was positively ugly!"

Side Splitting Mirth.

Representative Hatch of Hornellsville introduced into the New York Assembly a bill providing that towns and cities might pass curfew ordinances requiring children to be at home at a certain hour in the evening, but the committee to which it was referred amended it so as to authorize Hornellsville to prescribe the hour of night after which it shall be unlawful for Hyatt C. Hatch to be on the streets or in public places unless accompanied by parents or guardians, and in that form it was passed amid "uproarious laughter." Truly legislative humor is funny. There are times when it is almost equal to a vaudeville.—San Francisco Call.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

CITIZEN AGUINALDO is buying diamonds, entertaining visitors, and ever and anon adding a paragraph to his celebrated manifesto. Citizen Aguinaldo is having the time of his life. Had he known what awaited him he would have suffered himself to be captured long ago.

THE Thirtieth says that "30" has been written to the insurrection. Or, in less technical language, that it is ausgespielt.

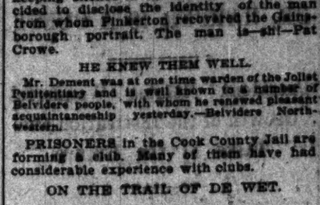
AS there is no longer any necessity for our keeping silence in the matter, we have decided to disclose the identity of the man from whom Pinkerton recovered the Gainsborough portrait. The man is—sh!—Pat Crowe.

HE KNEW THEM WELL.

Mr. Dement was at one time warden of the Joliet Penitentiary and is well known to a number of Belvidere people, with whom he renewed pleasant acquaintanceship yesterday.—Belvidere Northwestern.

PRISONERS in the Cook County Jail are forming a club. Many of them have had considerable experience with clubs.

ON THE TRAIL OF DE WET.



Lickettysplittontein, April 8.—[Wireless Special—Delayed in Transmission.]—"After all," said I, "what is life?"

"Begobs, 'tis a good thing, and Oi wish there was more of it," said Hennessey.

We were sitting in our prison quarters, waiting for noon and the executioner.

"Life," said I, "is but a walking shadow, a jest, a bubble, an empty dream, and a dozen other futile things to which the poets have aptly compared it. Life, Hennessey, is a four-flush."

"Well, well," said Pat. "Oi'm nayther a poet nor a ca-ard player, an' if I was well quit of this I'd give the divil a ha-ard run for his money. Smoke up, General. Yi'll not have another chance in this wurruld."

"No," said I, knocking the ashes out of my pipe, "smoking sets me moralising, and it's wasted on such an audience as you."

"How much toime is there lift, Gineral?"

"Five minutes—a long time for a butterfly."

"But dom'd short for an Oirishman," said Hennessey. "Give me another match. Oi'll smoke to the ind—and lotkely afterward."

"Have you a family, Hennessey?" I asked.

"Eleven childer."

"Good heavens, what a bereavement!" I groaned.

"Sure, the more there is to sorrer the less sorrer for aich," said Hennessey. "How manny more minutes?"

"Four," said I, staring at the second hand of my watch. I watched it travel around four times. Then we both started at a slight noise, like the turning of a key in a lock.

I arose and held out my hand.

"Hennessey," said I, "this is where we get off."

JOSH SLINGER.

[Note.—We are as much in the dark as ever concerning the fate of our correspondents. General Slinger's messages have been coming in installments, delayed by heavy fogs, and the last one leaves off at an especially aggravating point. From Colonel Dubbs we have heard nothing since he left for Lickettysplittontein. The silence is ominous. We have no wish to detract from Colonel Dubbs's abilities or the prowess of his command, but as his total force is but 11 Dublin Fusiliers, and De Wet has at least 5,000 men, the odds are against our soldier-correspondents. Yesterday we wired Mr. William St. John Brodrick, British Secretary of State for War, and received the following reply:

"B. L. T., Chicago:

"Will exhaust all avenues of information and ascertain, if possible, the fate of General Slinger and Colonel Dubbs. Have instructed our Consul at Lourenzo Marques to wire you direct.

"BRODRICK."

We had already got in communication with Captain F. H. E. Crowe, R. N., British Consul General at Lourenzo Marques, and at midnight received the following:

"B. L. T., Chicago:

"Boers say all Irish look alike to them. Give more accurate description. CROWE."

[Later—Received at 2:30 a. m.]

"Unable to learn anything of doings at Lickettysplittontein. De Wet is no longer there, having moved to Hofbrauntontein. CROWE."]

MR. WILLIAM LOCKETT AGNEW of 11 Portland Square, London, says he never heard of Pat Sheedy. Mr. Agnew argues himself unknown.

ATTRACTIONS FOR THE WEEK.

"Secret Service."

We hope that Mr. Atkinson, Mr. Garrison, Mr. Pettigrew, and the other warm admirers of Citizen Aguinaldo will appreciate what the administration is doing to make the gentleman comfortable.

NEVERTHELESS, we continue to treat Citizen Aguinaldo as if his capture were of first importance.

THE New York spitters are getting into the law's clutches in blocks of 14. In physical cleanliness New York is a long way ahead of Chicago.

WONDER WHO PRESENTED THEM.

William Lee's favorite jersey was presented with twin male calves Friday night.—Casey Republican.

THE original Cain was denied the opportunity of hearing Dr. Brushingham preach. Else he, like James Cain, might have surrendered his club before using it.

ADVENTURES OF A RAGTIME FARMER—II.

After Farmer Johnson has whistled and sung ragtime on his farm for a week, the hitherto staid and respectable family cow takes to making goo-goo eyes at him. And "Just Because She Made Them Goo-Goo Eyes" Farmer Johnson milks on the wrong side of the pail.

SOME CORRESPONDENCE.

Lincoln, Neb., April 6.—Dear Sir: We are now prepared to furnish a limited number of sample copies of the Commoner to persons who would be likely to subscribe for the paper. If in your judgment sample copies would assist you in increasing your clubbing list and you will indicate the number of papers you would like, we will send them to you to distribute, or, if you will forward us the names and addresses, we will mail the papers direct to your readers. W. J. BRYAN.

Chicago, April 8.—Mr. W. J. Bryan—Dear Sir: We should prefer that you send sample copies direct to the following persons:

The Hon. Dan Li, Manila.
General Josh Slinger, south Africa.
Colonel Ananias F. Dubbs, south Africa.
Mme. Squee Goo, Chicago.
Munchausen P. Dream, New York.
Miss Peeta Panta, Chicago.
Criticus Flub-Dubbs, Chicago.

Kindly mark "Forward" on each wrapper, especially on those designed for General Slinger and Colonel Dubbs. Very truly, D. L. T.

THE Jeffersonian simplicity at the inauguration last night was especially noticeable from the fact that it wasn't there.

POLITICO-ANATOMICAL note: Boss Lorimer has a broken slat.

DID your Alderman get any dowers?

THEY might at least have sent Old Ed a floral jimmy.

D. L. T.

WHO'S WHO AND WHAT'S WHAT.

TO PROMOTE INTERNATIONAL FLIRTATIONS.—The latest organization to come from the idea factory of William T. Stead, the English editor, is one for promoting what he calls "international flirtations." Primarily the scheme is intended to promote correspondence between the school children of all nations. He would have a German school girl write a fruity letter in English to an English school boy, who in turn will send back an answer written in more or less fruity German. In the same way French and American pupils may correspond, or any two pupils who speak and write different languages. So far as he has already gone Mr. Stead has succeeded in getting more than 9,000 school children—English, French, and German—busy in murdering each other's languages on paper. He works through the school teachers. For instance, he finds a school teacher in England who has a dozen pupils who would like German correspondents, and he puts him in communication with a German teacher who wants an equal number of English correspondents for his children.

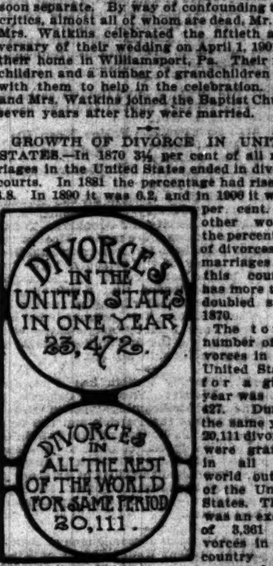
W. T. Stead.

"There is nothing so likely to promote and cement the friendliness of nations," says Mr. Stead in his enthusiastic way, "as this plan of international correspondence. Often the young people become warm personal friends. My son, for instance, went over and visited the boy in Germany with whom he had corresponded, and later the young German returned the visit. In addition, there is no other way in which a foreign language can be so quickly and so easily learned. It makes it pleasant from the first, and the children learn German and French without ever realizing that they are studying at all. The children write to each other about postage stamps, botanical specimens, and all sorts of things. We find that sex has little to do with it. Boys would often rather write to other boys and girls to other girls."

TO CONFOUND THE WISE MEN.—On April 1, 1851, an April Fool party was given at Newburg, N. Y. Among the guests were Edward Watkins and a young woman whom he had known for a year or two. It happened also that it was Mr. Watkins' twenty-first birthday. As he finished a dance with the young woman in question some friends began to banter him, and proposed that the couple should get married then and there as a sort of April Fool joke on the Smileys and the rest of the world. They were willing, a minister was sent for, and the marriage ceremony was performed. Mr. Watkins took his bride home, and all the village gossips predicted that they would be unhappy and would soon separate. By way of confounding their critics, almost all of whom are dead, Mr. and Mrs. Watkins celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding on April 1, 1901, at their home in Williamsport, Pa. Their four children and a number of grandchildren met with them to help in the celebration. Mr. and Mrs. Watkins joined the Baptist Church seven years after they were married.

Mrs. Edward Watkins.

GROWTH OF DIVORCE IN UNITED STATES.—In 1870 3¼ per cent of all marriages in the United States ended in divorce courts. In 1880 the percentage had risen to 4.8. In 1890 it was 6.2, and in 1900 it was 8 per cent. In other words, the percentage of divorces to marriages in this country has more than doubled since 1870.



Divorces in the United States and Elsewhere compared with the remainder of the world.

The total number of divorces in the United States for a given year was 23,472. During the same year 20,111 divorces were granted in all the world outside of the United States. There was an excess of 3,361 divorces in this country as compared with the remainder of the world. Of foreign countries the smallest number of divorces in the given year was in Canada, where only twelve were granted. Next to the United States the largest number was in France, with 6,245 in the year. Germany was a close second with only 100 less.

From a religious standpoint there are about 73 divorces to every 100,000 Catholics, while divorces for the same total among Protestants are 280.

More than 40 per cent of all divorces granted in the United States is on the ground of desertion, and divorces are five times as frequent in the city as in the country districts.

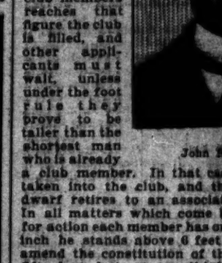
VETERAN LIFE SAVER A PHYSICAL MARVEL.—In command of the government life saving crew at Stony Beach, Hull, Mass., is a man who is past his seventy-second year and who yet has just passed a physical examination before a government board of physicians with a higher marking than any of the men under his command. His name is Captain Joshua James, and he is a member of a family remarkable for its longevity and great physical strength. He was also presented with a special gold medal struck in recognition of his work as a life saver.

Captain Joshua James.

The Captain retains active and personal command of his crew, and rather enjoys a tussle with the winds and waves off the rocky coast of Massachusetts. One of his brothers, only a few years younger, is a famous life saver and lifeboat builder, and his eldest son is in command of the volunteer lifeboat service of the State.

FIFTY YEARS A SCHOOL TEACHER.—A remarkable anniversary was that celebrated in Philadelphia last week when Miss Annis Lyle gave a reception in honor of the completion of the fiftieth consecutive year of her service as a school teacher in the public schools of Philadelphia. Miss Lyle, who is now a woman of 66, began teaching in the primary grade when she was a girl of 15, and immediately after she had completed her course in the Philadelphia public schools. She showed great talent as a teacher, and in three years from her start she was promoted to be a school principal. That was in 1854, and ever since then she has continued in charge of one of the large schools of the city, having been transferred twice from one school to another. At her reception were present three generations of her pupils. Miss Lyle thoroughly enjoys her work, and does not expect to retire for a number of years.

FROM PULPIT TO STAGE.—Mrs. J. Clarence Lee is the pretty young wife of the pastor of the Church of the Restoration, Fifteenth and Master streets, Philadelphia. Six weeks ago, during the temporary absence of her husband from the city, she surprised and pleased her husband's congregation by herself filling his pulpit. She preached at two services, and the Innovation proved a popular one. Now she is about to take a still more radical step. She has written a two-act comedy called "Cupid's Arrow," in which she is to take the leading part, and which is to be produced in Philadelphia within a few weeks. She declares that her idea of going into theatricals is that of benefiting both professions. "More education and refinement are much needed on the stage," says Mrs. Lee, "while a little real dramatic force in the pulpit would be greatly appreciated by churchgoers. There is no reason why both the preacher and the actor should not learn something from the other."



Mrs. J. Clarence Lee.

QUEEREST OF MEN'S CLUBS.—The most unique of men's clubs has recently been organized at the University of Pennsylvania. Its membership is regulated not by ballots but by a foot rule. No man can be elected a member unless he stands at least 6 feet in his stockings. Furthermore, the membership of the club is limited to eighty feet. That is, if the aggregate height of the club members reaches that figure the club is filled, and other applicants must wait, unless under the foot rule they prove to be taller than the shortest man who is already a club member. In that case the giant is taken into the club, and the comparative dwarf retires to an associate membership. In all matters which come before the club for action each member has one vote for each inch he stands above 6 feet in height. To amend the constitution of the club requires fifty-four feet, or two-thirds of the active membership of eighty feet, in its favor. The founder of this club of giants is John H. Maris of Chestnut Hill, Pa., who is 6 feet 4½ inches in height. The club's tallest member is Montgomery, a boy of 6 feet 10 inches. At the next annual meeting of officers of the club he expects to be chosen Supreme Skyscraper.

John H. Maris.

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

IT is impossible to read "The Love Letters of Victor Hugo" (Harper's) without feeling one's self an intruder. They are so intensely personal, so delicately intimate, and so absolutely devoid of anything that could possibly serve as an excuse for making them public property. Reading the Browning letters one was conscious of no such scruples. They were written by a man and woman of mature intellect, whose deep devotion was expressed with dignity and reserve, and whose keen interest in every outside occurrence gave to their correspondence an added interest. But the nature of the intercourse of these shy, sensitive children (Victor Hugo was but 17, and Adèle Foucher a year younger), makes one hesitate to look into its detail.

The letters are a record of hopes and fears, joys and discouragements, scoldings and caresses, quarrels and reconciliations expressed with all the extravagance of youth. At the same time there is always present a certain nobility of sentiment that is surprising in one so young and that could be prompted only by the deepest and sincerest love. Nothing in all the world surrounding them matters, and nothing of it enters into their letters. It is as if nothing but themselves existed, and probably for them at the time nothing did. "If I listened only to my own perpetual thought," he wrote her, "if I gave free play to my pen, I should write to you constantly that I loved you; and always that I love you, unless I devoted myself to describing to you all the sentiments that this solitary, this splendid idea, arouses in my heart; otherwise, Adèle, these letters would be simple repetitions one of another." And after reading them only two or three stand out as being in the least different from all the others. Only once does he speak at any length of his work, and then it is only that she may know that their marriage day is fast approaching; for neither of them inherited enough to make their marriage warrantable. Another time, when he had noticed with distress the precautions she took against soiling her dress when walking in the street, he wrote her a long letter of tenderest and kindest advice about it. "I have hesitated a long time, my love," he says, "before speaking to you on this matter, which is somewhat delicate in its nature, but it seemed to me that your husband, who is your best friend, was the proper person to bring it to your notice, and that it was no less my duty to protect you from an insolent glance than from any other insults."

The letters extend over a period of two years from 1820 to 1822. For the greater part of one of these years all communication between them was stopped by their parents. Then Mme. Hugo, who was most active in keeping them apart, died, Victor's career in a literary way was marked, and Adèle Foucher was quite won over and consented to an engagement. The correspondence was resumed and continued to within a day or two of their wedding.

Books Received.

"Love Letters of Victor Hugo." Harper & Bros.

"Love Among the Mistletoe." By James B. Pinmore.

"The Octopus." By Frank Norris. Doubleday, Page & Co.

"Our Fate and the Zodiac." By Margaret Anne Brentano's.

"Lysbeth." By H. Rider Haggard. Longmans, Green & Co.

"Pro Patria." By Max Pemberton. Ward, Lock, Bowden & Co.

"The Silver Skull." By S. K. Crockett. F. A. Stokes & Co.

"East London." By Sir Walter Besant. The Century

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

ANTIQUARIANS GIVE A TEA AT ART INSTITUTE.

Mrs. D. Harry Hammer Gives an "Easter Luncheon," Mrs. Joseph Pershing Reading a Poem—Mrs. Ralph Greenlee's Luncheon for Mrs. George Douglas Penwick—Wedding of Miss Edna May Rood to Mr. Frederick Cundell Gordon.

The Antiquarians gave a tea yesterday afternoon in the rooms in the Art Institute. Mrs. John N. Jewett, the President, received, with Mrs. W. W. Kimball, Mrs. B. F. Ayer, Mrs. S. E. Barrett, Mrs. O. W. Potter, Mrs. Moses Wentworth, and Mrs. J. W. Maxwell. The tea table, trimmed with pink carnations, was presided over by Mrs. Frank O. Lowden, Mrs. F. S. Coolidge, Mrs. Samuel Jewett, Mrs. J. Arnold Scudder, and Mrs. William Scudder. Several new purchases have been added to the antiquarian collection and the object of the tea was to display them. The hours were from 4 till 6, and among the guests were:

Miss Healy,	Mrs. La Verne W. Noyes,
Mrs. John Herrick,	Mrs. C. P. Quinby,
Mrs. J. M. Hill,	Mrs. Burton Hanson,
Mrs. O. Comorer,	Miss Pauline Palmer,
Mrs. Fernando Jones,	Mrs. A. F. Stevenson.
Mrs. Frank Smythe.	

Mrs. D. Harry Hammer of 3908 Lake avenue gave an Easter luncheon yesterday. Easter lilies being used in the decorations. After the luncheon Mrs. Joseph Pershing read an original Easter poem. The guests were:

Mrs. Mary Hartwell Catherwood,	Mrs. William Dunn,
Mrs. Luther W. Bodman,	Mrs. George W. Cass,
Mrs. O. W. Sheldon,	Mrs. La Verne W. Noyes,
Mrs. Marshall Baxter,	Mrs. George H. Kettelle,
Mrs. George W. Haskell,	Mrs. James Barrell,
Mrs. C. C. Sutton,	Mrs. Twing B. Wiggin,
Mrs. Frederick R. Babcock,	Mrs. Samuel K. Martin,
	Mrs. Robert Hunt.

Mrs. Ralph Greenlee and Miss Greenlee of 66 Buena avenue gave a luncheon yesterday for their guest, Mrs. George Douglas Penwick of St. Paul.

Mrs. Louis Edwin Burr of 4017 Lake avenue gave a tea yesterday afternoon for Miss Bertha Georgine Dunlop. Mrs. Burr and Miss Dunlop received the guests, and at the tea table were Miss Margaret Hately, Miss Elizabeth Baker, Miss Mary McWilliams, and Miss Anne Read.

The wedding of Miss Edna May Rood, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Rood, to Mr. Frederick Cundell Gordon took place last evening at St. Andrew's Episcopal Church at 8 o'clock. The Rev. William C. De Witt, assisted by the Rev. J. M. D. Davidson, officiated. Miss Alice Gordon was the maid of honor, while the bridesmaids were Miss Mabel Rood, Miss Elizabeth Gordon, Miss Imogen Iarts, Miss Lillian Meade, and Miss Jessie Bingham. Imogen Gillespie and Geraldine Browne were flower girls. Mr. F. H. Bartholomew was the best man, the ushers being Mr. Frank W. Pardee, Mr. Roy France, Mr. Egbert Castle, Mr. Howard Bradford, Mr. Leo Silverman, and Mr. Charles Senyard. Following the ceremony a reception was held at the residence of the bride's parents, 284 Park ave.

Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Baxter of Evanston have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Edith Baxter, to Mr. Henry Fellows Dickinson.

Count Hans Wachtmeister of Sweden and his daughter, Miss Wachtmeister, are the guests for a few days of Mrs. Joseph Kirkland and Miss Kirkland of 161 Rush street. Count Wachtmeister, with his daughter, has been traveling in Mexico.

Mrs. B. A. Eckhart and her daughters are at Atlantic City.

CHILDREN GIVE FANCY DANCES.

One Hundred Attend Party at the Edgewater Casino and Make a Brave Showing.

Children resplendent with the laces and ruffles of colonial days, children decked in Spanish and every other imaginable kind of fancy dress danced at a party given last night by Mr. and Mrs. Lainie Higgs at the Edgewater Casino. One hundred children, none over 15 years of age, crowded the ballroom, while their parents looked on and applauded them as they went through the intricacies of fancy dances.

It was the closing event of the winter festivities at the north shore suburb, and the little ones had been drilled for weeks in their various parts. The grand march was led by Milton Blain with Jessie E. Decker and Jack Gates with Nellie Brown. Before them walked four flower girls, carrying garlands, Katherine Bowe, Margaret and Katherine Frankhouser, and Florence Shaw. Then followed the dancing.

The dances were all in costume. A colonial minuet was given by children in the garb of Washington's time, a scarf dance by little ones dressed in pink and decorated with rose buds, and a Spanish dance made noisy by castanets. A solo dance was performed by Miss Ruth Brothers of Evanston.

The dances and those taking part are as follows:

Minuet—Winnifred Angell, Helen Burton, Lilly Mills, Katherine Balmer, Treadwell Hubbard, Jewel Dick, Chester Warrenton, and Edward McDonald.

Spanish—Josephine and Helen Burton.

Solo dance—Ruth Brothers.

Scarf—Florence Burgii, Mabel Bryan, Winnifred Angell, Vera Muchmore, Helen Burton, and Josephine Burton.

Fan dance—Margaret Paine, Lina Symonds, Grace Hibbard, and Tracy Epstein.

After the dance there was an informal reception.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

Yesterday's New Vaudeville Bills.

Josephine Sabel, who has not been seen on the Chicago vaudeville stage since early last fall, appeared yesterday before the Olympic Theater audience. She sang a variety of songs. Robertus and Wilfredo, a pair of clever acrobats, from Europe, according to the bill, the Clipper Quartet in a sketch, "Uncle Eph's Dream"; and Hal Davis and Ines Macauley in one of Will M. Cressy's sketches, "One Christmas Eve," were the chief of the other entertainers on the bill.

The Chicago Opera-House, though it lacked a headline performer of any wide note, sheltered a diverting show. The Ponce de Leon tale was given a new twist by Foy and Clark in a sketch they called "The Spring of Youth." In place of one spring there were several of them. From one of them flowed waters warranted to give the drinker strength, from another ran a stream guaranteed to bring to him who quaffed the sentiment of love, and from another fell drops which could wash away the years of a human being's age. The springs were the property of a hotel man, and he surrounded them with ordinary looking board walls. To the spot was shipped an ossified man, and it fell to the landlord's pretty but inexperienced daughter to treat him. She infused him with the "athletic waters" till his muscles swelled up and he began to smash things in the joy of finding he no longer was ossified. Then both of them drank of the waters of love. After that she tendered him a glass containing the water of generosity. Thereupon he scattered greenbacks. Finally, she prepared to give him ten drops of the waters of youth, each drop calculated to take away a year. But he drank the whole goblet, and when the blanket with which he had covered himself was dragged away out hopped a monkey.

Charles Leonard Fletcher, a man unknown before in local vaudeville, proved to be an impersonator of more than average talent. He imitated Sir Henry Irving in the death scene of "Robespierre" and Richard Mansfield in the death scene of Baron Chevrial in "A Parisian Romance," and in one of the transformation scenes of "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," and was remarkably faithful to the peculiarities of voice and inflection of both actors, besides copying the acting with unexpected skill. He made up in view of the audience, using grease paint, pencil, and powder instead of trusting to a facial contortion.

Swiggett and Clark continued to use a burlesque on Rose Melville's "Sis Hopkins" and the Meinon family of acrobats performed their accustomed feats.

At the Haymarket the Streator Zouaves and Lee Hawkins occupied the feature places on the new bill.

Frank Monroe, who has been ill in the East for several weeks, rejoined the "Sag Harbor" company yesterday and was seen last night in his former rôle of "Uncle Billy" Turner.

The Wedding Day.

"The Wedding Day," when first seen in Chicago, shone with the glory lent it by three of the brightest "stars" of the light opera firmament; when revived last night at the Studebaker, by the Castle Square company, it lacked this stellar splendor, but proved not a whit less attractive. The performance the local company gave was well balanced in every respect, moved with admirable smoothness, and kept the large audience in the best of humor until a late hour.

Mr. Moulan was the Polycop of the cast—the part originally played by Mr. D'Angelis—and in few rôles has he looked more attractive, danced with equal ease and grace, or sung as well as he did in this. His fun-making is not of the boisterous sort, but is none the less entertaining and laughter-winning. Gertrude Quinlan made her reappearance after several weeks' absence, and as Marie did unusually satisfactory work. Her steady gain in vocal finish and power is pleasant to note. Miss Berri had a congenial rôle in Lucille, sang it well as she ever does, and acted it with spirit and understanding.

Lucille Saunders, who made her début here as a member of the company, is well known from previous appearances with other organizations. She acts acceptably, and her singing found favor last evening, despite the throatiness in tone production that characterised it. Mr. Roberts made a handsome Raoul and as he had considerable to sing was in every way enjoyable. Arthur Wooley was a jolly Pianchette, Mr. Prasette a rotund Due, and Edwin Clarke a satisfactory Pomade.

Song-Birds Have Recovered.

Manager Adams of the Auditorium received yesterday a telegram from Mr. Grau announcing that Jean de Reszke has recovered from the cold that disabled him in Boston last week, and will make his reappearance there tomorrow night in "Faust." Mme. Melba, who also was prevented by hoarseness from singing the first night of the engagement, is again in voice, and sang Mimi in "Bohème" at the matinée on Saturday. The outlook for good conditions during the week here at the Auditorium is therefore bright again.

E. S. Willard Halts Here.

E. S. Willard stopped off in Chicago yesterday on his way to Milwaukee. It was his first visit since illness interrupted his tour here three years ago. During his halt the following arrangement of his plays for his forthcoming engagement at Powers' Theater was made: For the first week "David Garrick" will be played every night, and on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons "The Professor's Love Story" will be performed. For the second week "Tom Pinch" will be played nightly, with "David Garrick" for the two matinée offerings. "The Middleman" will be presented for half the last week, with "The Professor's Love Story" and "Tom Pinch" dividing the other half.

Illinois to Be Open All Summer.

Another theater, the Illinois, was added yesterday to the list of those that will remain open all through the summer. "Florodora," the English light opera, which, by original plan, was to have been brought to the theater in May and kept there until some time in June, will not be brought to the city until June, and then will be the all summer attraction. The change was brought about by the engagement, published yesterday, of Miss Mary Mannering in "Janice Meredith" for several weeks in May.

President's Band Tonight.

The United States Marine Band of seventy-four players from Washington, D. C., will give the first of three concerts tonight in the Auditorium.

PASSION PLAY PRODUCED BY BOHEMIAN ACTORS.

Ludwik Company Goes Through Scenes of the Last Supper, Betrayal, Crucifixion, and Resurrection.

The "Passion Play," in Bohemian, was presented by the Ludwik Theatrical company last night at Thalia Hall, Eighteenth street and Allport avenue. The different scenes of the passion week, the last supper, the betrayal in the garden, the trial before Pilate, the crucifixion, and finally the resurrection, were depicted with great care by the large company of Bohemian players.

The part of Jesus Christ was taken by Mr. Horlivy, who was attired in a blue and white robe and wore long hair and beard as represented in the paintings by old masters. The apostle John was impersonated by Miss Spiaveova, who wore the yellow hair of a Raphael angel. Judas was arrayed in yellow.

The audience was deeply affected by many of the scenes, and there were sobs and tears at the parting of Christ from Mary Magdalene and at the crucifixion scene. The play will be repeated every night this week. The Ludwik company is composed of actors from Bohemia, who present a play every Sunday night at Thalia Hall.

Make a front. Wear a diamond. Easy payments. Loftis Bros., 103 State street.

SHORT STORY OF THE DAY.

The Love of the Archduchess

BY GEORGE H. HOWARD JR.

[Copyright, 1901.]

THE darkness was creeping over the forest as the Duchess finished her gallop, and now she had checked her tired horse and was riding slowly, meditating the while. The horse drew up before the old hunting chalet and began to crop some grass to its liking. The Duchess made no effort to restrain him.

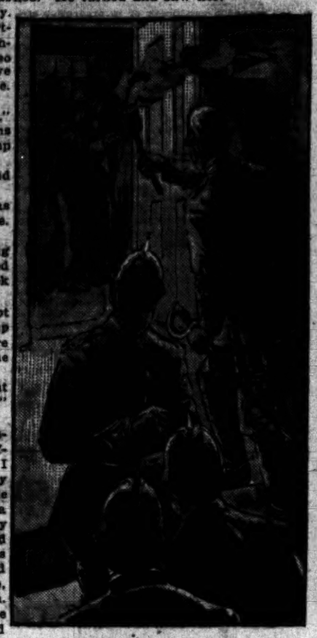
"I wish—I actually wish that I might find love," she told herself in a whisper. "What is the use of having all that I have if there is no one to share it with me? I have had suitors in plenty, but no love. No one that I might love."

Suddenly there came a burst of melody from the hunting chalet. Some one was singing; it was a man's voice, a rich baritone. It sang of love and of happiness.

"Count Otto of Mehrenburg!" she cried. "I know it. He had nothing good but his voice when he went away." Then her own sweet voice joined in the song. Then the man in the chalet came out.

"I thought I heard a woman's voice," he said, wondering. He was a medium-sized man, with fair face and brown, clustering hair. The Archduchess did not recollect the face as well as the voice. Her memory was only for things that were beautiful.

"Are you Otto of Mehrenburg?" she asked. He turned and saw her.



"My little Archduchess," he said, softly.

"Welcome back to Barthuria, Count Otto," she said, sweetly. "And accept a compliment from me. You have changed so much for the better that I would not have known you had it not been for your voice. That wonderful voice of yours."

"It is all that I have except my title," he said. "And will soon be my sole means of subsistence." A flash of lightning lit up the grove, making his sad face pathetic.

"What do you mean, Otto?" she said, and the thunder accompanied her speech.

"Come into the chalet," he said. "It has begun to rain. It cannot last for any time. I will tell you then if you care to hear."

"Very well," she assented, dismounting and giving her horse into his hands. He led it into the gloomy old place and then took off the bridle.

"We had better go up-stairs. It is not so damp as this floor." He led the way up the steps and into a room on the hall. Here he sat the bridle down in the middle of the room and motioned for her to be seated.

"Tell me what was it that you said about being the only thing that you possessed?" she asked.

"I am going on the stage in England, beginning with the autumn. I have had a profitable offer, which I cannot refuse. When I left Barthuria, a mere lad, to yearn military tactics at Woolwich, so that I might one day be a great officer, I did not think that a mere defect of money could so hinder my plans. You know the story. Before I had been at Woolwich for a year my father was dead. Before the next year my brother had run through the estate, committed suicide, and left me without a pfennig to call my own. In that trouble a little Bavarian by the name of Schultz heard me sing one day and offered to teach me for the stage if I would sign a bill promising to pay him half my receipts for the first year. I did so. That is four years ago. Now I am ready to enter my profession."

"But, Otto—you, a Mehrenburg—one of the noblest in the land—become a singer—O, Otto!"

"Must I repeat the well-worn platitude about nothing being without honor that is honest?" he asked, smiling.

"I know, Otto—and admire your bravery in taking such a course. Many a man would have striven to live around my court as a hanger-on, depending for his living on cards and the fact that his family name had once been great. But you——"

"It has stopped raining, Duchess," he said. "Shall I escort you to the castle?"

"If you will," she answered. "Come."

The crackling of the brush could be heard distinctly in the wood. "What is that?" asked the Duchess.

"I do not know," he answered, peering out of the window. Then he caught sight of a brilliant uniform in green and red through the trees. "I believe they are soldiers," he answered. "Look!"

"They are soldiers," she answered. "My troops." She watched them come into the open space and draw up in close ranks.

"He is in this house," the officer in command cried out. "The first six men stand out. We will search this and find him."

"Whom do they want?" asked the Archduchess, in a whisper.

"I do not know," he answered, hoarsely. "But they are going to search the house. They must not find us together—and here."

The Archduchess blushed, then became imperious. "I am the Archduchess," she said.

"Aye," he answered, quickly. "And you are beautiful, and I am the son of a profligate race." He looked below. The soldiers were entering the chalet.

"Quick! You must get into that little room!" he cried.

"I will not," she said, angrily. He said nothing more, but picked her gently from her feet as one would a fragile object. She struggled, and he restrained her. At last there came a sweetness to her that she had never felt. To be in his arms, and to be conquered, seemed to be the most desirable thing on earth. She looked bewitchingly into his face. As by a sudden impulse he stooped and kissed her, and she held his head down to hers and returned the caress. Then, hot and angry, she struggled free.

"I will not enter!" she cried.

"Listen, listen!" the man cried. "The soldiers are ascending the steps. I love you too well to see your good name hurt."

"You love me?" she asked.

"Yes, but you shall not be troubled by my importunities. I leave you tonight, and shall never see you again. I know my case is hopeless. Go into the room. The soldiers are here now. You have not a second to spare."

He rushed to her side and attempted to move her. A soldier's head showed at the door.

"He is here! He is found!" he shouted through the house. His companions rushed in, the officer last. The Archduchess had turned her head. The darkness of the room was lighted up by the flickering of a torch.

"Johann Grauts, I arrest you as a spy," the officer said.

The Duchess turned her face full in the flickering light of the torch. "Captain von Barts, you are unaware of the woman's identity, are you not?"

The officer staggered back. "My God! The Archduchess!"

"Yes," she said, linking her arm in that of Mehrenburg's. "You will have to go farther for your spy, Captain von Barts. This is Count Otto of Mehrenburg, the future Archduke of Barthuria—my husband."

Every sword went out of every sheath and to the rafters rang the shout: "Long live the Archduchess—and the Archduke!"

So in such a warlike scene did these two plight their troth. The Archduchess had found love.

Marquise de Fontenoy Letter.

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ALTHOUGH the submarine cable connecting the mainland of Italy with the Island of Monte Cristo is now completed it is doubtful whether King Victor Emmanuel will visit this favorite retreat of his until after the birth of the heir to the throne, a few weeks hence. Otherwise no changes have been made on the island, and the small but pretty villa, surrounded by its picturesque grounds and park, has not been enlarged, as when the King and Queen stay there they will dispense, as heretofore, with the presence of gentlemen and ladies in waiting, and live the life of private people of bourgeois rank.

The history of this island, rendered so famous by the most popular of all the novels of Alexander Dumas, is an interesting one, which doubtless those who have read the book will like to hear. From the eighth to the sixteenth century it was inhabited by monks, the ruins of whose monastery, perched on the loftiest peak of the highlands, are still to be seen, as are likewise the ruins of the fort on the seashore, which they built in the twelfth century to defend themselves against the attacks of the Barbary pirates. The latter, however, invaded the island in force in the sixteenth century, sacked the monastery, and carried the monks off into slavery in Tunis and Algeria. For the next 200 years the island remained absolutely uninhabited, and it was not until the end of the eighteenth century that the Grand Duke of Tuscany established a penal colony there, with a small garrison of soldiers to keep watch over the convicts.

This was, in turn, abandoned after a time, and again the island remained uninhabited until a wealthy and eccentric Englishman of the name of Taylor took a fancy to the place while yachting in the Mediterranean, and, visiting Florence, induced the Grand Duke of Tuscany to sell the island to him. He built the villa, which still exists, surrounded it with pretty grounds and park, and lived there in solitude for a number of years, his island monarchy and his eccentric isolation undoubtedly giving to Alexander Dumas the idea of his novel of "Monte Cristo."

At length Taylor got tired of the island and disappeared, whereupon, first of all, the Tuscan authorities, and after 1860 the Italian government, made vain efforts to colonize it, ultimately selling it to the well-known Florentine Marquis Ginori, who used it as a game preserve.

While in garrison at Florence King Victor Emmanuel, then only Crown Prince, was on several occasions the guest of the Marquis, and took such a fancy to the place that he eventually purchased it from him. It was thither that he took his bride for the honeymoon after their marriage, and the place has been specially dear to them ever since. The total population of the island does not exceed fourteen peasants, all in the employ of the King.

The villa built by Taylor in the early part of the last century is furnished in the most simple fashion. It has not more than twelve rooms, all told, and when the royal couple are staying there they divide their time between stalking the game with which the island abounds, and in crabbing barefooted among the rocks and along the shore, or else the young Queen sits on the steps leading into the villa and chats with the peasants, while embroidering the while, occasionally throwing a look at the King, who will be working at such state papers as brook of no delay. No one who has not had some experience of court life, of its utter lack of privacy, of its pomp, ceremony, and etiquette, can appreciate at its just measure the pleasure which the young King and Queen of Italy find in occasionally withdrawing to this quiet and remote retreat, to live the life of ordinary, every-day people of the middle classes.

"Ouida" is once again on the warpath against King Edward, to whose alleged shortcomings as Prince of Wales she has never lost an opportunity of calling attention in her novels and articles. Thus she has lately gone out of her way to ridicule him as "the facile dupe of every scientist and faddist with whom he is brought into contact." The King, in return, has always professed unbounded contempt for "Ouida" and for her work, denouncing her as "the high priestess of vulgarity and of bad taste."

Sir Nigel Kingscote, who has just been appointed Paymaster of the King's Household, with a salary of $6,000 a year, and an official residence, is one of the oldest friends of his sovereign, and has been a member of his entourage as equerry and extra equerry for more than five-and-thirty years. He is the owner of Kingscote, in Gloucestershire, and head of one of the oldest families in that county. Lady Emily, his wife, who is just as close a friend of Queen Alexandra as Sir Nigel is of the King, is a daughter of the first Earl of Howe, and sister of the present Duchess of Abercorn. She has just been appointed one of the women of the bedchamber to the Queen. One of Sir Nigel's daughters is the wife of Lord Cholmondeley, the Lord Great Chamberlain, and it is a brother of Sir Nigel who is the husband of that daughter of Sir Henry Drummond Wolff, former Ambassador at Madrid, who achieved such unenviable notoriety by extorting money from Lord Byron and from other men of high and low degree whose credulity and susceptibility of heart outweighed their common sense.

As Paymaster of the Household Sir Nigel, who is a veteran of the Crimean war, and one of the best-known men in London, an authority in all questions relating to club life and to the code of honor, is a member of the Board of Green Cloth. The latter is one of the oldest surviving institutions of the realm, and in times gone by exercised not merely jurisdiction but powers of life and death within a radius of twelve miles around every royal residence, excepting in the case of royal palaces in London, where the radius was limited to the actual precincts of the palace.

How powerful a tribunal it was may be gathered from the fact that it sentenced Sir Edmund Knevett to the loss of his right hand for striking a servant of the Earl of Surrey in the tennis court of the royal palace of Greenwich. Later on it fined William, Earl of Devonshire, $150,000 for caning a Colonel Coldpepper and for pulling that officer's nose within the precincts of the palace of Whitehall.

Nowadays it still theoretically possesses the judicial powers for all offenses committed within royal palaces, and were, for instance, one of the royal servants to kill another, the Lord Steward of the Household would have the right to have the murderer brought before his Board of Green Cloth and to try him for his life. But it has become customary for the Lord Steward to delegate his rights and his powers in such cases as these to the Judge of the High Court of Justice, and for minor offenses to the senior police magistrate of the metropolis.

The latter, indeed, holds court in a room in the grand stand at Ascot, during the Ascot race week, as a delegate and representative of the Lord High Steward and of the Board of Green Cloth, and in their name judges and punishes all offenses committed on the race course, which, forming part of the domain of Windsor Castle, is, technically speaking, within the precincts of the royal palace of Windsor.

WORLD'S FAIR ART EXCELLED.

Exhibit at Paris, According to Miss Anna Caulfield, Superior to That Shown in Chicago.

Miss Anna Caulfield lectured on "Art at the Paris Exposition" before the North Side Art league yesterday, illustrations adding to the interest of the subject. "The art of the exposition," said Miss Caulfield, who was at Paris, "was so far superior to that of the Columbian fair that there is no comparison between them. An exposition is to us like love or religion, we take from it no more than we bring." Miss Caulfield also spoke at length on the art exhibited by the modists at the exposition, showing the evolution of the gown as exhibited in the M. Felix's palace of modes.

NOTICE.

During the construction of the new building THE TRIBUNE business office will be in the premises now occupied by the Chicago National Bank, Dearborn and Monroe streets. The removal will take place on May 1. The editorial rooms will also be at the corner of Dearborn and Monroe streets, but the office of the managing editor, the city editor, and all the news departments of the paper will be at 124 to 132 Market street, where the mechanical work of the paper, such as typesetting, printing, and mailing, will be done.

CLUB VOTE ROUSES ANGER

AFTER ELECTION WOMEN MAKE REMARKS ON AGES.

Mrs. F. K. Bowes Chosen President of the Culture Organization, Defeating Mrs. H. P. Thompson—North End Contest Results in Choice of Mrs. G. J. Brien as Chief Officer—Question of Admitting Colored Societies to Federation Laid on Table for a Year.

Mrs. Frederick K. Bowes was reflected to the Presidency of the Chicago Culture club yesterday after one of the most sharply contested elections that has taken place among the clubs of the city. Her opponent was Mrs. H. P. Thompson, Recording Secretary of the club. Mrs. Thompson had been spending the winter in Florida and returned to find one ticket in the field with Mrs. Bowes at the head of it. Mrs. Thompson's friends had pasters prepared and were about to fix them on the ballots when they voted. Some one stated that it was illegal under the laws of Illinois to use pasters, and so the plan was frustrated.

On the count Mrs. Bowes had a large majority, receiving 88 votes to 29 for Mrs. Thompson. A bouquet of flowers, which had waited from 10 o'clock in the morning until nearly 6 at night for the outcome of the election, was presented to Mrs. Bowes.

The feeling engendered by the election expressed itself in other directions. Members of the club were scored by Mrs. H. T. Currier for the part some of them had played at the birthday party given by the club last winter. At that time each member of the club had been asked to contribute as many cents as she was years old.

List of Officers Elected.

The officers elected were:

President—Mrs. Ella E. Lane Bowes.
First Vice President—Mrs. Julia A. Phillips.
Second Vice President—Mrs. Alice Johnson Blair.
Recording Secretary—Mrs. Gertrude Stetson Tredgold.
Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Emma Royer Hostetter.
Treasurer—Mrs. Winona Foreman Hood.
Directors—Mrs. Gertrude S. Sinclair, Mrs. Sarah Louise Fesler, Mrs. Elizabeth M. Burkhardt, Mrs. Maria West Button, Mrs. Henrietta Eyer, Mrs. Mary Turner Welles, Mrs. Emma S. Brett, Mrs. Rose D. Berry.

North End Club Election.

The North End club held its annual election of officers in the afternoon at the Edgewater Casino. From noon, when a luncheon was served, until evening the auditorium of the clubhouse was crowded with members. Those elected to office are:

President—Mrs. O. J. Brine.
First Vice President—Mrs. L. J. Pitkin.
Second Vice President—Mrs. C. J. Blair.
Recording Secretary—Mrs. W. F. Wood.
Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. E. C. Davis.
Treasurer—Mrs. M. Hodges.
Directors—Mrs. C. A. Spencer, Mrs. C. A. Burton, Mrs. E. L. Burrell.

At the business meeting which followed the election the regular reports of committees were made, and it was announced that a fountain would be erected by the club during the late spring in some congested district on the North Side. The money has been raised among the members.

Declare for Color Line.

The amendment offered by the Massachusetts State federation and submitted by it to the various organizations which belong to the National federation was not accepted. It involves the admission of colored clubs and colored members to the national organization, and was not voted on because of that provision. The debate was closed by Mrs. W. F. Wood moving to lay the matter over for one year.

KROPOTKIN COMES TOMORROW.

Ill Health Impels the Russian Lecturer to Delay His Arrival in Chicago.

Prince Kropotkin, who is under engagement to deliver a number of lectures in Chicago during the week, will arrive in the city tomorrow at 4:30 p. m. and will be the guest of the Hull House. Poor health caused him to change his plans for coming to Chicago yesterday.

GOES TO WASHINGTON CHARITY.

Charles F. Weller of the West Side Bureau Accepts Position of Manager in the Eastern City.

Charles F. Weller, for six years connected with the work of the Central Bureau of Associated Charities and for some time the head of the West Side bureau, left last evening for Washington to assume the management of the affairs of the Bureau of Organized Charities of that city.

A DAILY HINT FROM PARIS.

This mantle is of amaranth cloth, trimmed with bands of white satin and gold. The

AMARANTH CLOTH MANTLE.

sleeves are in the "visite" style, and the mantle is finished off with a frilled flounce.—New York Herald.

COOK'S Imperial EXTRA DRY

ABSOLUTELY PURE.

Highest award at World's Columbian Exposition.

An American Champagne acknowledged by connoisseurs on two continents to have no superior and few equals.

Lovers of pure, delicious champagne should ask for Cook's Imperial, and accept no substitute.

Brilliancy unsurpassed.

ELECTRO SILICON

SILVER POLISH

Lustre that will last.

Never scratching, never wearing.—16 Ounces.

900 DROPS

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of DR. SAMUEL PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Registered by U. S. Patent Office.

"ESPECIALLY THE BUFFALO LITHIA WATER OF VIRGINIA." FOR ALBUMINURIA AND BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

Samuel O. L. Potter, A. M., M. D., M. R. C. P., *London, Professor of the Principles and Practice of Medicine in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, San Francisco*, in his handbook of PHARMACY, MATERIA MEDICA, and THERAPEUTICS, a text-book in many of the leading Medical colleges of the country, under the head of ALBUMINURIA, page 600, 7th edition, in the citation of remedies, says: "BUFFALO LITHIA WATER of Virginia is highly recommended."

Under the head of "CHRONIC BRIGHT'S DISEASE," page 601, same edition, in the citation of remedies, he says: "Mineral Waters.

ESPECIALLY THE BUFFALO LITHIA WATER of Virginia, which has many advocates."

"A VERITABLE ANTIDOTE"

Dr. William H. Drummond, *Professor of Medical Jurisprudence, Bishop's University, Montreal, Can.*: "In the Acute and Chronic Nephritis—BRIGHT'S DISEASE—of Gouty and Rheumatic Origin, as well as in the graver Albuminuria of Pregnancy, I have found BUFFALO LITHIA WATER as a VERITABLE ANTIDOTE, and I know of NO OTHER NATURAL AGENT POSSESSING THIS IMPORTANT QUALITY."

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER is for sale by Grocers and Druggists generally.

Testimonials which defy all imputation or questions sent to any address.

PROPRIETOR BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS, VIRGINIA

Springs are open for Guests June 15, close October 1.

They are reached from all directions over Danville Division of the Southern Railway.

CATARRH

A Constitutional Affection.

Sprays, washes, powders, salves, medicated tobacco and cigarettes, however long and persistently used, do not cure Catarrh. They relieve temporarily the inflammation in the throat and nose, and enable you to breathe more easily and freely, but the constitutional rush of impure blood to these parts keeps up the irritation and ultimately produces ulceration of the glands, when the breath becomes exceedingly offensive and the soft bones of the nose are frequently destroyed. The catarrhal inflammation extends over the entire surface of the mucous membrane, or inner skin; the stomach, kidneys and lungs are often involved; the whole system soon becomes affected by the rapid absorption of poisonous matter into the blood, and the disease that you had hoped to cure with simple local remedies, assumes a dangerous form.

I had Catarrh about 15 years, and ached during the time everything I could hear of, but nothing did me any good. At last I came to the conclusion that Catarrh must be a blood disease, and decided to give S. S. S. a trial. I could see a little improvement from the first bottle, and continued it three or four months, or until I was cured. Have not taken anything for six years, and am just as well as I ever was.—M. MATSON, Lapeer, Mich.

I had Catarrh so bad was entirely deaf in one ear, and all the parts of my nose and part of the bone sloughed off. The physicians gave me up as incurable. I determined to try S. S. S., and began to improve at once. It seemed to get at the seat of the disease, and after a few weeks' treatment I was entirely cured, and for more than seven years have been just as well as I ever was.—MRS. GEORGE PRINCE FOLKILL, Due West, S. C.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease—a blood disease which is frequently inherited, and only a blood medicine, such as S. S. S., can remove the hereditary taint, destroy the poisons that have been accumulating in the system for years perhaps, and restore the blood to a healthy and pure condition. The inflamed membranes and diseased glands are healed by the rich, pure blood which is carried to them, and the offensive discharges from the nose, and the terrible headache and neuralgic pains cease. Chronic cases of the most desperate character and apparently hopeless, have been cured completely and permanently by the use of S. S. S.

Write our physicians fully about your case and they will cheerfully assist you by their advice. We charge nothing whatever for this service. Book free on application. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

EXCURSIONS.

HOT SPRINGS ... ARKANSAS ... VIA THE WABASH

THE ONLY LINE VIA ST. LOUIS WITH THROUGH SLEEPER FROM CHICAGO.

WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.

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For April, May, and June

Go To Bermuda

An ideal voyage to a paradise of flowers. Steamers sail weekly from New York. For illustrated pamphlets, passages, etc., write to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agts. Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 39 Broadway, New York. ARTHUR ARNIN, Secretary, Quebec. THOS. COOK & SON, 234 S. Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

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ILFRACOMBE HOTEL

All good Americans stay there before they die.

BARNES HATS $3 and $4. CHAS. W. BARNES. WABASH & MONROE

FURS! JOHN T. SHAYNE & CO. Reliable Furriers. 187 State Street. Store and insure FURS against all loss at small cost. Absolute security. (Phone 679 Central.)

VIOLENT SLUMP IN STOCK PRICES.

Upward Tendency Marking Thursday's Close Changed to Backward Drop.

CAUSE IS RISE IN MONEY.

Reaction Comes in Recessions of Full Points Between Small Transactions.

BUSY DAY FOR THE BEARS.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, April 8.—[Special.]—Stocks in Wall street which have been cavorting uphill like a frisky colt as if it were just as easy as going on the level got tired today. After lagging and spurting in a jerky and sensational manner all day most of the stocks finished the five hours of excited effort by showing a net decline. The fluctuations were over such a wide range and so sudden that today was regarded as one of the most erratic and nerve-racking markets that Wall street has ever seen. An inkling of what was to come was seen in last Thursday's wild dealings and big fluctuations. Prices had gone up so steadily and constantly in the face of no particularly favorable news that it seemed as if speculators and public had all turned fatalists and were taking things on faith which nothing could shake. Previous high records for many stocks were far surpassed and the end still seemed not to be in sight. By Thursday they had got so high that cautious men began to stop and consider. They did not go so far as to warn, for there is no basis for high prices in general prosperity, but they urged care. And so, after a period of Easter reflection, the first setback in the upward career of stocks came today. It arrived with the first tap of the gong when the exchange opened this morning, for the initial sales made were at a decline over Thursday's closing. The fall was sudden and apparently unexpected by many.

Thursday's fluctuations, which were counted highly irregular and occasioned much wondering comment in the street, were as nothing to those of today. Breaks of 1½ points between sales were in the first half hour—so far, at least, as the active stocks were concerned—the rule rather than the exception, while on the other hand the price movement was less violent, really, though the price movement was less violent, the advance between transactions were nevertheless sharp. As illustrative of the nature of the early dealings, it may be said that Delaware & Hudson at the opening sale showed a loss of over a point from the close of Thursday and on three sales immediately following broke four points more. Northern Pacific declined 1% at the opening, and a moment later was a point lower; Rock Island, opening down 1¼ points, on the sale of about 100 shares, broke over 2 points, later falling still further, while Amalgamated Copper, whose rise on Thursday of about 8 points had been a feature of the market, sold off, on transactions involving 2,000 shares about 3 points.

The break was not a heavy one in proportion to the rise that has been made, but the tumble was from 3 to 6 points in railroad securities that have been going all one way for some weeks.

Those brokers who came back this morning from their Easter outings found that while they had been away customers from all over the country had been telegraphing and mailing orders to be executed at the opening today. Some houses had commissions covering 40,000 to 50,000 shares, which they were expected to dispose of as soon as trading began. There were about 900 Exchange members on the floor, each with his order book filled with commissions.

The chief reason for the decline today was the rise in money rates late on Thursday and today and the subsequent poor showing of the local banks in the weekly statement which came out on Saturday. This indicated that the reserves are now lower than at any time since last November.

The market was what the Wall street people call "nervous" from one minute gave it an entirely different aspect from that of the minute before. Some stocks rallied 3 and 4 points toward noon, but when brokers began to get uneasy over their supplies of money prices went down as fast again. Call loans ran up to 7 per cent early in the afternoon. From that time stocks fell steadily until 2:30 o'clock. Rock Island at that time had declined to 141¾, St. Paul to 151¼, and Burlington to 151¾. Reading, the first and active and preferred each lost 2 points, Missouri Pacific from 108 on Thursday night was down to 100¾. Illinois Central dropped 4 points, and Western Union nearly 3. In the last half hour there was a rally.

Though transactions were on a big scale today, they did not approach previous records. A feature was the absence of large blocks of stock which have often been dealt in.

James R. Keene, who is the most active operator in the market told many anxious friends this afternoon that the reaction was natural, and was, in fact, desirable, owing to the speedy rise that had taken place in the past few months. He gives corroboration to the belief that the controlling interests in the market are not sorry to see a reaction.

The sensational declines took place on extremely moderate dealings. For instance, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy fell nearly 4 points on less than 3,000 shares, and Rock Island over 6 points on about 3,000 shares.

The professional traders displayed their usual aggressiveness in following up indications of absence of support and sold heavily, reaching bull stop loss orders in large numbers. Nearly all of the commission-house brokers were active sellers, a complete change of front from last week.

Two stocks conspicuous by reason of the fact that they moved quite contrary to the general market were American Smelters and United States Express. Smelters common stock, opening up at 89, jumped up in less than five minutes to 95, later declined to 90, and then finally moved up to 93, where it closed, a net gain of 7 points on dealings in 11,000 shares. The preferred, traded in less heavily, closed with a net advance of 2¼ points on sales dealings in 10,000 shares. Beyond the fact that there is talk of a private settlement of the difficulties between the warring elements in the company over the Guggenheim consolidation plan there was no news in the stock. As for United States Express, it gained no less than 4 points on trading in 3,400 shares. There is talk of an increased dividend in the stock.

In a market in which so many stocks declined without any significance other than the profit-taking and short selling, it is hardly necessary to do other than to call attention to the declines. There was, for instance, no explanation whatever—that is, so far as news was concerned—for the decline in Amalgamated Copper of 4¾ points, for the loss in Pennsylvania of 3 points, in Louisville and Nashville of 3½, in St. Paul of 4¼, in Union Pacific of 2¾, in Wabash of over 2—for that matter, in any of the stocks, the coal shares excepted. In these the extreme weakness—Delaware and Hudson falling 5 points, Lackawanna 4½, the Erie over 2 each, the Reading preferreds over 2 each, and the common 1½—was expected by the fear that were a strike ordered on the New Jersey Central it might extend to the other coal roads.

When the day was ended it was found that Rock Island had taken the largest tumble, falling 7 points, Burlington declined 3¼, St. Paul 4¼, New York Central 4¼, Baltimore and Ohio 3¼, People's Gas 3%, United States Steel common 1¾, and United States Steel preferred 1.

The sharp break in Rock Island was ascribed to disappointment of traders because none of the reported deals developed. Many of them let their stock go "at the market." The recent rise in this stock was today attributed largely to manipulation, starting on the principle that if Burlington was worth what it was selling for, Rock Island was too low. Incidentally, Mr. Gates and other bears, it is said, were smartly squeezed.

IN THE NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash and Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, April 8.—The call loan rate proved again to be the solar plexus of the stock market, as it has done on many occasions before. The construction of the money supply and the advance in the rate for call money precipitated such a panic of liquidation as to throw the stock market into a condition bordering on demoralization. What happened today in the stock market is what, according to the opinion of nearly all classes of observers, was bound to happen in due course of time. Nevertheless, as is the wont of stock market happenings, the day's events came as a surprise. Even though many a bull has agreed to the proposition that such a rampant speculation as has been in force for weeks past was bound to overdo itself and be followed by a period of correspondingly violent reaction, the fact remains that the market opened it became plain that the developments since Thursday had created a determination to sell stocks. The selling became precipitate as the fall in prices wiped out margins and uncovered stop-loss orders. Then was witnessed the spectacle of bulls jettisoning great bales of stock with the hope of relieving their load and saving other holdings from the shipwreck. The movement of money to the interior, as disclosed by yesterday's bank statement, was unexpectedly heavy, and would be sufficient, if continued, to utterly wipe out the surplus of the New York banks, but any considerable stringency in New York would undoubtedly arrest this movement to some extent, although the purely commercial needs for money are likely to be met without regard to distress of purely speculative borrowers. The subtreasury drain, which is destined to continue, is more feared than any other source of encroachment, and the conditional offer of the Secretary of the Treasury to redeem government bonds for the sinking fund is felt to offer little hope of relief for the stock market.

Business in bonds was relatively less active than that in stocks, and the movement of prices was irregular. Total sales, par value, $3,510,000.

United States refunding 2s advanced ¼ and new 4s ¼ per cent on the last call.

Money on call firm at 5@6 per cent; last loan, 5½; prime mercantile paper, 5@6½ per cent.

Sterling exchange weaker, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487¾ for demand and at 484¾@484¾ for sixty days; posted rates, 485¼ and 489; commercial bills, 484@484½. Silver certificates, 59@59¾; bar silver, 59½; Mexican dollars, 48. Government bonds strong. State bonds inactive, railroad bonds irregular.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing Apr. 8.	Closing Apr. 6.
Amer. Sugar	92,800	134¼	124¾	127¾	134¼
Amer. Tobacco	34,400	128	123	127¾	128
Amer. Cotton Oil	200	26½	26½	26½	28¾
Amer. Express	100	126½	126½	126½	201
Amer. Smelting	78,400	95	87	93	86
Do pfd.	9,500	99	95	96	93¼
Amal. Copper	108,400	109¾	104¼	105¾	110¾
Amer. S. & Wire	16,900	49¾	46¾	48¾	48¾
Atchison	42,600	63¾	61¼	61¾	63¾
Do pfd.	28,100	95¾	92	94¾	96
Amer. Steel Hoop	1,100	48¾	47¾	47¾	47½
Do pfd.	900	95¾	95¼	95¾	95¾
Anaconda	7,500	49½	47¾	47¾	47¾
Amer. Linseed	700	15	14	14	15
Do pfd.	700	35¾	35	35	35¾
A. Car Foundry	8,500	29¾	28¾	29¾	29¾
Do pfds.	2,700	87¾	87	87¾	88
Amer. Ice	1,000	39¾	38¾	38¾	39
Do pfd.	500	77¾	77¼	77¼	77¾
Amer. Sout Ry. pfd	100	67½	67½	67½	67¼
Amer. Woolen	100	16	16	16	16½
Do pfd.	100	73	73	73	73
Atlantic Coast Ry.	100	150	150	150	150
Brklyn. Rap. Tr.	17,900	83½	80¾	81¾	83
Brunswick	300	13¾	13¾	13¾	14
Balt. & Ohio	6,300	96¾	94¾	96¾	96¾
Do pfd.	1,900	91	90¾	91	91
Brklyn. U. Gas	100	205¾	205¾	205¾	
Chicago & Alton	25,600	47¾	42¾	43½	47¾
Do pfd.	5,000	78¾	77¾	77¾	77¾
C., M. & St. P.	100	156	156	156	158¾
C., B. & Q.	71,500	185¾	181¾	182¾	185¾
C. & N. W.	2,000	190¾	187	189½	189½
C., M. & St. P.	52,700	155	151¼	151¾	155¾
Do pfd.	200	182	182	182	182
C., R. I. & P.	45,100	149	141¾	143	150¾
C. & E. I.	200	114	114	114	117½
Canada Southern	1,000	68	67¾	67¾	69¾
Ches. & Ohio	4,700	47¾	46	46¾	47¾
Cen. R. R. of N. J.	200	158	158	158	158¾
C., C., C. & St. L.	2,000	91¼	90	90¼	93½
Canadian Pacific	400	94	93¼	93¾	93½
Colo. Fuel & Iron	9,400	216	212	213	215¾
Chicago Terminal	400	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Do pfd.	400	42	41	42	45¾
Colo. & Southern	6,300	11¾	10¾	11	11¾
Do 1st pfd.	1,000	67¾	67¾	67¾	65¾
Do 2d pfd.	600	21¾	20	20¾	21½
Colo. Fuel & Iron	30,900	77¾	71	73¾	74¾
Do pfd.	300	120	120	120	120
C., C., C. & St. L.	6,350	97¾	93½	97	97¼
Do pfd.	2,100	73¾	72¾	72¾	76
C. & H. C. & I.	2,700	22¾	19¾	20	20¼
C. L. & W. pfd.	100	74	74	74	74
Chicago Gt. West.	2,100	23¾	22¾	22¾	23¾
Do pfd A.	1,200	82	81	81	84
Do pfd B.	600	52¾	52¾	52¾	53½
Con. Tobacco	8,900	49¾	44¼	45	46¾
Do pfd.	700	103½	103	103	140
C., St. P., M. & O.	100	135	135	135	140
D., L. & W.	400	218	215¼	215½	220
Del. & Hudson	10,800	180¾	175¾	176¾	181¼
Den. & Rio Grande	800	49¾	43¾	43¾	44½
Do pfd.	100	96	96	96	96
D. M. & Ft. Dodge	5,000	34	31¾	31¾	33¾
D., S. S. & A.	900	9¾	6¾	7¾	8
Do pfd.	300	16	15¾	15¾	16
Detroit Gas	200	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾
E. T. H.	5,800	42¾	41¾	41¾	42¾
Erie	92,900	38	35¾	36¾	38¾
Do 1st pfd.	18,100	70	67¾	68	69¾
Do 2d pfd.	5,800	59¾	56¾	57¾	59¾
Federal Steel	4,000	54¾	53¾	53¾	55
Do pfd.	100	104	104	104	104
G. & F. of Bergen	300	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼
Gen. Electric	1,000	218	215	215½	216¼
Glucose	300	50	50	50	50
Do pfd.	100	103¾	103¾	103¾	
Gt. Northern pfd.	1,500	203¾	203	203	208
Hocking Valley	800	54¾	53	53	55¼
Do pfd.	200	84¾	84	84	84¾
Int. Pump	1,700	36¾	35¾	36¼	36¾
Int. Power	1,300	71¾	70	70½	71¾
Ill. Central	6,100	143	139¾	139¾	142¾
Iowa Central	2,400	25	24¾	24¾	25
Do pfd.	1,000	63½	61½	62¾	63¾
Jer. Paper	200	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾
Do pfd.	200	85	85	85	86
Kan. City & So.	400	20¾	19¾	20¾	20¾
Do pfd.	400	43¾	42¾	43¾	43¾
Int. Silver	300	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
Louis. & Nash.	28,700	105	101	102¾	105¾
L. E. & W.	900	63¾	62	62	63
Lake Erie & W.	200	36	36	36	36
M. St. P. & S. S. M. pf	300	51	51	51	
Manhattan	25,700	129¾	120¾	120¾	129¾
M., K. & T.	14,500	34¾	33¾	33¾	34¾
Do pfd.	7,400	59	57	57¾	58¾
Met. St. Ry.	25,200	168	165	165¾	167
Mex. Cent.	121,100	28¾	26¾	27¾	28¾
Missouri Pacific	22,200	107¾	100¾	102	104
Nex. National	1,800	8	8	8	
Minn. & St. L.	500	93¾	93¾	93¾	96
Do 1st pfds.	100	113¾	113¾	113¾	
National Biscuit	400	39¾	39¾	39¾	40¼
Northern Pacific	58,300	95¾	93½	94¾	94½
Do pfd.	9,800	95¾	95¾	95¾	96¾
National Steel	600	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾
Do pfd.	200	118	118	118	119
N. Y. Central	32,000	143¾	140	140¾	152¾
Nor. & Western	6,900	51	49¾	50¾	52
North Amer. Co.	900	87	86	86¾	87
N. Y., Ont. & West.	11,000	39¾	37¾	38¾	39¾
National Lead	200	169	169	169	169
National Tube	2,800	67¾	66¾	66¾	68¾
Do pfd.	600	116	117	117	118¾
N. Y. C. & St. L.	600	33	32	32	34
Do 1st pfd.	100	113¾	113¾	113¾	
N. Y., Chi. & Stake.	200	103¾	103¾	103¾	155
National Salt	1,000	44¾	41¾	41¾	45
Do pfd.	200	77¾	76	76	77¾
P. & R.	1,000	29¾	28¾	28¾	29¾
People's Gas	42,600	113	109	109¾	111¾
Penn. R. R.	51,200	136	135	135¾	138¾
Pacific Mail	200	39¾	37	37	37
Pullman	400	212¾	209	209	
Pressed Steel Car	2,700	40¾	39	39¾	39¾
Do pfd.	1,000	92	90¾	91	92
Reading	9,200	35¾	34½	35	36¾
Do 1st pfd.	17,600	76¾	74¾	74¾	76¾
Do 2d pfd.	11,100	69	67¾	67¾	69¾
Rep. Iron & Steel	5,500	20¾	19¼	19¼	20¾
Do pfd.	3,700	78	74¾	76	77¾
Southern Ry.	12,400	29¾	27¾	28¾	29¾
Do pfd.	4,600	79	78	78¼	79¾
St. J. & G. I. 1st pfd	300	89¾	89¾	89	89
Do 2d pfd.	200	74	74	74	74¼
Southern Pacific	22,000	46¾	44¼	44¾	46¾
St. L. & S. W.	900	36	35	35	37¾
Do pfd.	4,800	68¾	64¾	64¾	67¾
St. L. & San Fran.	400	83	83	83	43¾
Do 1st pfd.	400	83	82	83	
Do 2d pfd.	1,800	67¾	65	65¾	
S., S. F. & T.	100	35	35	35	37¾
Do pfd.	200	56¾	54¾	54¾	56¾
T. St. L. & W.	4,000	17¾	15¾	16¾	16¾
Do pfd.	2,100	34¾	32¾	32¾	34¾
Texas Pacific	24,100	30	28¾	29¾	31¾
Texas Land	500	38¾	38	38	38¾
Tenn. Coal & Iron	7,500	66	62	62	64
Union Pacific	7,700	93	89¾	90¾	93¾
Do pfd.	4,300	85¾	84¾	84¾	85
U. Bag & Paper	900	15¾	15	15	16
Do pfd.	600	70	69	70	70¾
U. S. Rubber	500	19¾	19¼	19¾	19¾
Do pfd.	2,400	56	54½	55	56
U. S. Leather	5,400	13¾	12¾	12¾	13¾
Do pfd.	1,500	76¾	75¾	75¾	76¾
U. S. Express	3,500	84	79	79	79
U. S. Steel	125,100	48¾	46¾	46¾	48¾
Do pfd.	51,700	95¾	94¾	94¾	95¾
Wheeling & L. E.	100	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Do 1st pfd.	1,000	57	56	56	58¼
Do 2d pfd.	1,300	37	34½	34½	35¾
Wabash	2,000	19¾	18¾	19	19¾
Do pfd.	7,500	39¾	36¾	37¾	40
Wis. Central	1,700	20	19	19¾	19¾
Do pfd.	2,500	45	43¾	44¾	45¾
Western Union	9,400	93¼	90½	90¾	93

Total sales, 1,914,100 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	160	United States	82
American	197½	Wargo	140

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. ref 2s reg	106¾	U. S. old 4s reg	113¾
U. S. ref 2s coup	106¾	U. S. old 4s coup	113¾
U. S. 3s reg	110¾	U. S. 5s reg	111¾
U. S. 3s coup	111¾	U. S. 5s coup	111¾
U. S. new 4s reg	138¾	Dis. of Col. 3.65s	124
U. S. new 4s coup	138¾		

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS.

10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

115000 Atch gen 4s ..... 102¾@½
88000 do adj ..... 95¼@95¾
15000 Ann H & L 6s 95
15000 A & N W 1st..104½
5000 Ann Spir 6s 80
70000 B & O 5½s..97@97¼
12000 do 4s ..... 102¾@¾
45000 B & O S W 3½s ..... 90¼@¾
25000 B A & P J & M 3½s 90
1000 Hyn Un Ga 5s..118¾
1000 Can So 1st..... 107¾
1000 do 2ds 104½
21000 Cent Ga con 5s ..... 104½@105¾
15000 do 1st inc..... 70
40000 do 2d inc..... 20
7000 do 5d inc..... 15
3000 C C & I 6s..... 103
47000 C Pac 4s..... 101@¼
45000 do 3½s..... 80¼
13000 C R I & P 4s ..... 108@¾
2000 C H & D con 5s..183½
12000 do Ill Div 3½s..103¾
6000 C & N W deb 5s 1993..... 124
40000 C & O gen 4½s ..... 106¼@107¼
8000 do con 5s..... 121½
87000 C C & St L 4s..94¼@95¾
2000 C & I C 1st..... 124
10000 Colo So 4s..87¾@¾
42000 Col Mid 1st 4s 87¾
7000 C N J gm 5s reg 121½
5000 C C & St L gen 4s..... 95
35000 Chi Ter 4s..... 90@¾
4000 D & R G 5s..110¾
15000 Erie gen 4s ..... 88¼@88½
42000 do con 4s..96¼@96¾
5000 do 1st con..... 140
13000 Ft W & R G 1st ..... 83@¾
42000 Ft W & D C 1st 105¾
10000 G B & W deb B 9¼
7000 I & G N 2d 5s ..... 90¾@93¼
3000 K C & P 1st..... 80
2000 K & O 1st..... 129
35000 Kings Co El 4s ..... 94¼@¾
6000 Ky Cent 4s..... 100
40000 L & N call cr 4s 100
20000 do call tr 5s..112¾
20000 do gold bonds..113¾
37000 do 4½s 102¾
Total sales, $3,583,000.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash and Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., April 8.—[Special.]—Some idea of the extent of Boston's reaction today may be seen from this—American Telephone sold early at 171¼, later at 169; Massachusetts Electric receded 1¾ to 34¾; Arcadian 1, to 22; Bingham 1, to 34¾; Montana 4, to 366; Butte 5, to 103; Centennial 1, to 30; Eureka 1¼, to 33; Copper Range 1¾, to 83½; Dominion Coal 1, to 87½; Dominion Iron and Steel 1¼, to 37½; Franklin 1, to 13¾; Mohawk 1¾, to 50¾; Old Dominion 2, to 32; Parrott 2¾, to 52; Trimountain 2, to 77½; Trinity 3¾, to 208; Tamarack 1, to 205; Wolverine ¾, to 50¾; United States 2¼, to 19¾. Boston and Albany was an example of notable strength, rising 3¾, with New Haven and Hartford strong at 213, and West End street railway at 93¾. Fort Scott and Memphis was another strong feature at 105. It was in the mining group that the reaction came.

Call loans, 3@4 per cent; time loans, collateral, 3½@4½ per cent; time loans, mercantile paper, 5½@6 per cent; clearings, $20,000,000.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amer. Tel.	400	170¾	171¾	169¾	171¼
Adventure	1,200	23¾	23¾	23¼	23¾
Arcadian	340	22	23	22	22
Atchison	700	63¾	63	61¾	63
Do pfd.	200	95	95	95	95
Amer. Sugar	7,000	142	144¾	141¾	143¾
Amal. Copper	9,000	112	112	105¾	106¾
Baltic	200	45¾			46
Bingham	2,300	25¾	25¾	24¾	25
Butte	2,300	108	108	103	103
Bost. & Mont.	1,100	370	370	360	360
Centennial	300	7¾	7¾	7¼	7¾
Cochiti	200	7¾	7¾	7¼	7¾
Copper Range	600	84¾	84¾	83¾	83¾
C., B. & Q.	1,000	182¾	184¾	182	183¾
Dom. Steel	400	37¾	38¾	37¾	37¾
Franklin	500	20	20¼	20	20¼
Isle Royale	100	44	44¼	43	43
Mohawk	700	31¾	32	30¾	31¾
N. E. Gas & Coke	100	13	13	11¾	11¾
Osceola	100	84	84	84	84¾
Old Dom	3,300	24¾	25	23¾	23¾
Parrott	2,700	53¾	53¾	52	52
Santa Fe	2,400	85¾	87	85	85
Tri-Mountain	400	37¾	37¾	35	35
Trinity	1,000	32	32	30	30
Utah	2,300	39¾	40¼	39¾	39¾
Union Pacific	700	92¾	93¾	90¾	90¾
Do pfd	300	86	86	85	85¾
U. S. Mining	6,100	44	44¾	43¾	44
Westinghouse	250	62	62	62	62
Winona	1,500	6	6	5¾	5¾
Wolverine	400	51¾	51¾	50	50

BONDS.

$7000 Atch 4s	102¼	$1000 UP 1st 4s	104½
$000 CB-Q 7s	107¾	1000 NE Coke 5s	87½

IN THE LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Receipts and Shipments of Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep.

Chicago Stock-Yards receipts and shipments of live stock follow:

Receipts—	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, April 8	20,000	200	18,000	22,000
Totals last week	56,513	3,450	120,803	76,067
Previous week	65,187	3,251	127,116	71,161
Cor. week 1900	64,838	2,561	143,525	64,337
Shipments—				
Monday, April 8	5,000	20	5,500	7,500
Totals last week	20,040	150	28,716	29,930
Previous week	21,845	164	29,505	26,445
Cor. week 1900	16,449	212	34,821	21,821

Today's receipts are estimated at 19,000 hogs, 2,500 cattle, and 15,000 sheep.

The Drovers' Journal's special cablegram from Liverpool quotes American cattle barely steady, with sales at 12¼@13¼c, against 12¾@13¾c last week, and 12¼@13c a year ago.

Carloads of live stock here last week, 5,080, against 4,679 a year ago. The Northwestern road contributed 1,382, against 1,228 a year ago; Burlington, 880, against 1,015 a year ago; Milwaukee, 1,026, against 907 a year ago.

Eleven markets received 84,000 hogs, against 78,000 a week ago, and 76,000 a year ago. Chicago alone received about 8,000 less than a week ago.

Packers purchased 12,700 hogs and shippers 5,500. Last week the same figures were 29,000 and 14,000; 164 lbs cost $8.00, and 248@284 lbs, $8.05@8.15. Armour bought 4,000; Anglo-American, 1,000; Brennan & Co., 1,000; Hathaway, 1,000; Lipton, 700; Morris, 1,000; Swift, 3,700, and butchers, 1,000.

Cattle—Trade was active and values ruled steady to a shade higher. The strength was on export beeves and best cattle. Two loads, averaging 1,467 lbs, sold at $5.60, with 1,500 lbs steers averaging 1,525 lbs at $5.50. Seven loads, averaging 1,361 @1,467 lbs, sold at $5.75. Native steers averaging 1,000@1,540 lbs sold at $5.00@5.70, bulk $4.70@5.60, or 10@15c higher than a week ago. Four loads of 1,467-lb branded steers sold at $5.75. Some 972-lb steers sold at $5.50, though 1,026 @1,095-lb steers at $4.00@4.25. Three loads of 954-lb Oklahoma steers sold at $4.55, with four loads of 1,000-lb Texas at $5.10 and a load of 1,557-lb Texas bulls at $3.75. Native butchers and canning stock sold 5@10c higher and closed strong. Canning cows sold at $1.80@2.30; fair cows, $2.00@2.50; choice, $2.60@3.00; bulls, $2.70@4.50; veal calves, $4.50@5.75; and oxen at $2.80@4.10. Stockers and feeders ruled strong, selling at $2.70@4.85.

Hogs—Receipts were estimated at 18,000 head, the smallest Monday run at the Chicago Stock-Yards since September, 1895. The marked falling off in the receipts was caused principally by bad roads, shippers being unable to get hogs to the stations. With so small a run the market naturally ruled stronger. Prices advanced 5c, and the finish was strong. Six loads, averaging 303@324 lbs, sold at $6.30, with 295@330-lb averages at $6.17½, and 243@290 lbs at $6.05@6.15. Some 196@294-lb bacon weights sold at $6.05@6.07½, with 150@165 lbs at $5.85@6.00. A load of 378-lb rough packers sold at $5.90. Some 180@200-lb butchers sold with 102 lbs at $5.40. Packers were slow to take hold, and around 8 o'clock there was a weak spot, but an hour later the market ruled strong and finished that way, excepting for 50@80-lb pigs, which buyers forced off 10@15c. Quotations follow:

Bulk of sales			
Selected butchers	220@270 lbs	$6.05	$6.15
Selected packers	190@250 lbs	6.10	6.17½
Mixed grades	180@240 lbs	5.95	6.12½
Heavy shipping	200@350 lbs	5.82½	6.15
Heavy packing	250@400 lbs	6.10	6.20
Rough heavy packing		6.00	6.12½
Poor to choice pigs		4.75	5.60

Sheep—Trade was active and prices ruled steady to strong. About 5,000 wooled Colorado lambs sold at $5.25@5.40; shorn lambs, $4.50@5.90, bulk $5.15@5.35, including 2,500 shorn Colorados at $5.10. Feeders bought lambs at $5.15@5.35; yearlings, $4.00@5.25, bulk $4.85@5.00. Exporters paid $5.25 for a load of wethers averaging 157 lbs, with 120@134-lb exporters at $4.80@5.00.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS ELSEWHERE.

NEW YORK, April 8.—Beeves—Receipts, 4,453; trade fair; common steers lower, others steady to strong; bulls and cows steady; steers, $4.25@5.85; extra, $5.75@6.05; bulls, $2.50@4.15; cows, $2.10@4.25. Cables quoted live cattle firm at 11¾@13¾c dressed weights; sheep steady at 13@14c; lambs, 15c; dressed sheep in fair demand at 9@11c; veal calves, 7½c; dressed calves, 11@12c; country dressed hogs, 7½@8c; refrigerator beef, 7@8c per lb.

Calves—Receipts, 5,777; demand fair, but prices 50@75c off; some sales 1.00 lower; all sold except a few late arrivals. Veals, $3.50@6.75; few choice, $7.00; tops, $7.25; little calves, $3.00@3.50. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 9,700; buyers strong; lambs steady to firm; sheep, $4.00@5.00; culls, $3.00; common clipped do, $3.50; lambs, $5.50@6.80; choice do, $6.85@6.87½; culls, $4.50; clipped lambs, $5.00@5.75; spring lambs, $3.50 each. Hogs—Receipts, 8,023; steady to firm at $6.20@6.45; choice State hogs, $6.50.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y. April 8.—Receipts—Cattle, 239 cars; sheep and lambs, 80 cars; hogs, 93 cars. Shipments—Cattle, 119 cars; sheep and lambs, 21 cars; hogs, 46 cars. Cattle—Choice to extra export cattle and heifers, quality $5.50@5.60; good to best, $4.85@5.00; shipping steers, $4.60@4.75; good to choice butcher steers, $4.35@4.65; good to best fat bulls, $2.25@3.50; yearling steers, good to choice, $3.75@4.10; good to choice fat cows, $3.25@3.60; fat heifers, choice to extra, $4.00@4.35; Canada stockers, $3.00@3.50; Canada feeders, good to choice, $3.50@4.25; milkers and calves, choice to extra, $50.00@65.00. Calves—Choice to extra, $6.50@6.75. Lambs—Choice to extra natives, $5.85@6.00; good to choice, $5.50@5.75. Sheep—Choice to extra wool, $5.25@5.50; good to choice, $5.00@5.25. Hogs—Mixed medium and heavy sold $6.10@6.25, with a few bunches at $6.30; roughs, $4.25@4.50. Four loads pigs unsold.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,100, including 400 Texans; market steady to strong and a shade higher; native shipping and export steers, $4.75@5.75; dressed beef and butcher steers, $4.00@5.35; steers under 1,000 lbs, $3.50@4.60; stockers and feeders, $2.65@3.75; cows and heifers, $2.00@3.00; canners, $1.25@2.75; bulls, $2.75@4.00; Texas and Indian steers, $3.25@3.20; cows and heifers, $2.50@3.60. Hogs—Receipts, 7,700; market strong, 5c higher; pigs and lights, $5.85@6.00; packers, $5.90@6.05; butchers, $6.00@6.20. Sheep—Receipts

CORN QUIET BUT STRONG.

IMPROVED MARKET DOES NOT PREVENT ADVANCE.

Some Heavy Realizing, but Covering by Shorts and New Buying on Light Movement and Acceptances Counteract Its Effect—Big Wheat Shorts Cover, Causing Rally, on Heavy Clearances, Decrease in Visible, German Crop Damage, and Cash Demand

There was quiet and calm in the corn pit yesterday, in comparison with the excitement and sharp fluctuations of the preceding week, but no lack of strength. May at the close showing a gain of ¾@¾c, with July just holding its own. At the opening there was a big trade and a variation of only ⅛c between inside and outside figures, May selling at 43¾c, the low point of the day. Offerings were not equal to the demand at the decline, although clearing weather all over the corn belt induced some profit taking, and buying by the country, by shorts, and a few local bulls put the price up to 44⅝-½c. There was a recession on realising and some short selling to about bottom figures and a reaction to 44¼-⅜c at the close. July sold from 43⅛c to 44c, and closed at 43⅝c. Philips was not personally in evidence, but fair buying through his recognized brokers was more than offset by liquidation of a more quiet order. The experience of the bull leader was that of other houses with a big country trade, some customers willing to take profits, but others holding on and buying more in anticipation of a further advance. The prevailing weather was sentimentally against the bull, mild and clear with a promise of fast-drying country roads and perhaps a freer movement. Except for a forecast of unsettled weather in Nebraska and Kansas the prevailing conditions are scheduled to continue. But figures of movement were sufficiently encouraging to offset the influence of the weather map. There were 261 cars inspected in, with 74 contract and 13 more out of private houses, and 310 estimated for tomorrow. A year ago there were 528 cars and 233 of them contract. Primary receipts were decidedly shrunken, only 286,982 bu, compared with 1,059,575 bu a year ago. Clearances were 442,329 bu. There was a sale of 50,000 bu No. 3 out of store at 1½c under May, and a number of carloads west of the river started East for export were delivered to domestic consumption at May price. The seaboard reported sales of 208,000 bu. While there was an increase of 356,000 bu in local stocks the total visible decreased 297,000 bu, compared with an increase of 1,461,000 bu a year ago. These domestic statistics were not of a character to reassure a short, and there was enough covering early to absorb the profit-taking sales. It was pit gossip that Patten, ever-while the leading bear, had left the short side and gone long. Country acceptances showed no increase in quantity. The amount on passage showed the effect of decreased exports, falling off 1,536,000 bu for the week to 9,624,000 bu, compared with 10,000,000 bu a year ago. World's shipments were 3,350,000 bu, against 4,994,000 bu the corresponding week in 1900.

Big Wheat Shorts Cover.

Many millions of bushels of short wheat were covered by the big professional speculators, but the stream of long stuff kept coming out from every quarter and the close showed only ¾-1c over May counter and as cheaply as 70¾c at the opening, sold up to 71½, and closed at 71¼c. July ranged from 71@72¾, closing at 71¼c, losing ½c of its premium. Extremely heavy clearances of 1,051,314 bu, and a decrease of 859,000 bu in the visible supply, compared with an increase of 1,461,000 bu a year ago, were among the signs of the times which convinced shorts a break of 5c in a week was enough for the present. Another potent factor was an improved local cash demand and such a diminution of supplies of the better grades of variety that the discount under Chicago May has nearly disappeared, reduced one transaction to ⅜c. Receipts in the Southwest, as well as in the Northwest, it was figured, would begin to fall off, and with the May liquidation out of the way a new bull movement might be in order at the strength of rapidly decreasing stocks, if the promise of an exceptionally heavy crop could be crowded into the background. Claims of serious damage in Germany by heavy frost were cabled over and had an impartial effect in starting the rally from the opening depression, which was caused by the efforts of traders to cover on the break. Patten was a heavy buyer, 1,008,000 bu and upward, and Cudahy, Linn, Orr, Bartlett-Frazier, Barrett, and other big shorts, covered and probably went long. Their enormous buying was needed to sustain the price, and left the market coming out. Primary receipts showed a decrease gratifying to the new crop of bulls, 591,429 bu, compared with 785,877 bu a year ago. Northwest cars, 411, fell off 69 from the previous Monday and 197 from a week ago. There was a clearance sale of 300,000 bu here, including 50,000 bu No. 1 Northern and 58,000 bu No. 2 hard, with more of the latter wanted, and 404,000 bu were reported taken at the seaboard. The amount on passage increased slightly, 1,494,000 bu to 46,180,000 bu, compared with 44,480,000 bu a year ago. This showing and heavy world's shipments, 8,102,000 bu, compared with 6,967,000 bu last year, contributed the early weak tone. Russia and Roumania still send out heavier exports than a year ago.

Trade "Changing" Oats to July.

The oats market was without special strength, but on the other hand was not depressed by any weakness except such as came from its surroundings. After a range of barely ¾c the close was ¾c lower than Saturday on the May delivery. July was unchanged. There percolated out of the Chicago board early in the day a rumor that one of the big bears of the market was changing May to July, and the tendency of these operations was to weaken the nearby delivery, while holding the deferred steady. May being sold and July bought. Mitchell's bank and Cudahy were credited exclusively in this, and as they are the recognized Cudahy brokers the crowd concluded the operations were for the packer. The spread was generally ¾@1-16c. Patten was about the only big trader who was not credited with buying May and selling July. His changes were to the extent of about 500,000 bu. Statistically there was not much change, the visible showing an increase of 245,000 bu compared with an increase the previous week of 1,000,000 bu. The domestic movement, 21,000,000 bu. Local stocks, now 4,199,000 bu, increased 854,000 bu. Inspection was 221 cars, with 27 of contract. There were 80,400 bu withdrawn from local store. The seaboard cleared 179,800 bu.

The easier tone ran through the entire provision list, May pork losing 25c, lard 10c, and ribs 2½@35c. Offerings were free and mostly in the way of taking profits. May pork at one time got down to $14.26, but recovered slightly. Cudahy brokers bought July and September lard, while Armour took ribs. Otherwise there was no distinctive trading in the pit. Hog receipts fell 10,000 under the estimate, and roads affecting receipts at many points. At all packing centers there were 42,400 against 53,900 the previous Monday, and 56,000 a year ago. There was a free shipment of cut meats, 2,611,900 lbs, as against 2,727,500 last year, and of lard 1,144,200 lbs, as against 2,406,700 lbs a year ago.

The firm tone in rye early in the session did not last, demand falling off and some selling orders coming out. May sold 50¼@50¾c, closing 50c bid, with sellers at 50¼c. July sold 50½c. No. 3 on track sold 48½c. The visible increased 3,000 bu, where last week it decreased a like quantity. Local stocks decreased 11,000 bu.

Barley ruled steady and without special change except as to its statistical position, the visible showing a decrease of 202,000 bu, as against no change the previous week. Local stocks decreased 18,000 bu. There are 236,000 bu here and a total of 850,000 bu. Screenings sold 37@38c, while the malting grades covered a range of 47@53c, the outside almost a nominal figure, owing to the scant offerings of choice to fancy grades. Two days' inspection was only 9 cars.

There were moderate offerings of timothy seed and it ruled quiet and steady market. Comract was called unchanged at $4.15; September sold at $3.20, but was generally $3.25 asked. The cash range was $2.80@2.95. Receipts were 44,570 lbs and shipments 348,000 lbs. Clover seed was quiet and nearly nominally $11.00.

Flaxseed was steady and moderately active at prices slightly lower. No. 1 Northwestern sold $1.53½, No. 1, $1.52, and rejected $1.40@1.50, according to quality. May sold $1.53, $1.52¾, $1.52, and closed $1.52. There were 96 cars at the three points, against 24 last year.

Futures ranged as follows:

	WHEAT.				
	Closed Saturday.	High.	Low.	Closed yes-terday.	Closed Apr. 8.
April	70¾	70¾	69¾	70⅝	69¾
May	71¾	71¾	70¾	71¼	70¾
July	72¼	72¼	71¾	72¼	71¾
	CORN.				
April	43⅝	43⅝	43¼	43⅜	43¾
May	44⅜	44⅝	43¾	43¾	44¼
July	43¾	44	43½	43⅝	43¾
	OATS.				
May	25¾-⅝	25¾-⅞	25⅜	25¼-⅝	24¼
July	25¼	25¼	25¼	25¼	24
	MESS PORK.				
May	14.50	14.50	14.25	14.50	15.50
July	14.67½	14.67½	14.42½	14.60	15.60
Sept	14.87½	14.87½	14.62½	14.85	
	LARD.				
May	8.37½	8.37½	8.22½-.25	8.25	8.82½
July	8.37½	8.37½	8.12½	8.17½	8.62½
Sept	8.25	8.27½-.30	8.12½	8.15	7.00
	SHORT RIBS.				
May	8.12½	8.20	8.05	8.10	7.12½
July	8.20	8.20	8.07½	8.10	6.85

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3.	Low grades.	Total.
Winter wheat	1	20	3	24
Spring wheat		2		2
Corn	14	181	14	209
Oats	17	120	74	211
Rye		1	1	2

Barley	105	2	7	9
Totals	165	358	126	650

Inspected out—23,900 bu corn, 30,400 bu oats, 7,200 bu barley.

The secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade gives the following as the visible supply of grain (bu):

	April 6, 1901.	March 30, 1901.	March 23, 1901.	April 7, 1900.
Wheat	31,096,000	31,140,000	34,114,000	25,618,000
Corn	11,199,000	11,496,000	10,038,000	9,738,000
Oats	11,116,000	11,361,000	10,655,000	7,912,000
Rye	1,112,000	1,110,000	1,214,000	712,000
Barley	850,000	852,000	866,000	447,000

Following are the changes for the week:

	Inc., bu.	Dec., bu.
Wheat		859,000
Corn		297,000
Oats	245,000	
Rye	2,000	
Barley		202,000

The following are the amounts of grain in store and afloat in this city on the dates named (bu):

	April 6, 1901.	March 30, 1901.	March 23, 1901.	April 7, 1900.
Wheat	11,607,000	11,466,000	11,111,000	13,647,000
Corn	4,199,000	3,345,000	3,304,000	11,547,000
Oats	4,199,000	4,353,000	4,353,000	3,444,000
Rye	212,000	210,000	210,000	227,000
Barley	236,000	254,000	254,000	277,000
Totals	20,453,000	24,625,000	24,919,000	27,327,000

Movement of Produce.

The following were the receipts and shipments of flour, grain, and provisions for the last forty-eight hours, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	Receipts 1901.	Receipts 1900.	Shipments 1901.	Shipments 1900.
Flour, brls	34,000	39,000	34,947	34,947
Wheat, bu	84,000	98,000	111,943	143,000
Corn, bu	141,100	872,800	220,771	892,442
Oats, bu	117,000	1,000,000	292,100	1,000,000
Rye, bu	3,000	6,000		6,970
Barley, bu	1,200	81,977		19,732
C. seed, lbs	44,100	118,400	248,000	14,617
T. seed, lbs	1,100	10,400	12,000	14,617
O. seed, lbs	1,100	80,000	12,000	32,000
Flax seed, lbs		4,000		4,614
C. meats, lbs	266,774	498,250	2,011,272	2,727,110
Cn. meats, c			4,112	4,614
D. beef, lbs	200,707	620,621	2,008,181	2,274,804
Lard, lbs				24
Pork, brls	7		163	24
Port. brls			1	24
Tallow, lbs	91,220	113,420	1,144,173	2,406,127

The receipts and shipments of wheat and corn at the points given were as follows:

Western Receipts, bu—	Wheat.	Corn.	Shipments, bu— Wheat.	Corn.
Chicago	84,000	141,100	111,943	220,771
Milwaukee	29,100	3,450	31,000	
Minneapolis	262,000	1,000	47,000	4,760
Duluth	108,347	900	4,013	
St. Louis	30,000	82,000	80,000	97,000
Toledo	10,149	28,000	2,000	11,000
Detroit	7,000	1,000	2,677	11,943
Kansas C.	47,200	8,200	32,600	5,000
Peoria	700	46,000		
Totals	591,429	286,932	332,351	431,473
Same time—				
New York	66,000	106,000	329,125	185,473
Boston	101,000	24,352	255,500	
Philadelphia	10,916	25,000		1,000
Baltimore	5,004	103,389	72,000	124,200
N. Orleans	31,100	162,297	288,000	42,557
Galveston	11,000			
N. York				65,114
Totals	319,179	525,038	929,625	442,329
Gr. totals	910,608	811,970	1,261,976	873,802
Same days 1900	1,065,063	1,474,905	435,765	973,567

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Quiet and steady at decline. Spring wheat, special brands, $4.20; hard patents, $3.60@3.80; soft, $3.50@3.60; winter Southern patents, $3.60@3.80; white rye, brls, $3.20@3.35; dark, $3.70@3.75.

WINTER WHEAT—Stronger after early weakness on good shipping inquiry. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 hard, 68@69c on p. t.; No. 3 hard, 69c. On track: No. 3 hard, 69c. Free on board: No. 3 red, 67@70½c; No. 4 hard, 66@67c; No. 3 hard, 69@69½c; No. 2 hard, 70c. Billed through: No. 3 hard, 69c.

SPRING WHEAT—Lower early, closing firm. Sales in store and to go: No. 1 Northern, 80,000 bu on p. t.; low grade, 70,000 bu on p. t. Free on board: No grade, 80c; No. 4, 68@67c; No. 3, 69@70c; No. 2 white, 69c; No. 3 white, 69c. Billed through: No. 4, 52@62½c; No. 3, 67½@69½c; No. 2 Northern, 71½c.

CORN—In better supply and 1@1c lower by sample. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 50,000 bu for shipment on p. t., 100,000 bu to arrive on p. t. On track and free on board: No. 4 white, 43½c; No. 3 white, 43¾@44c; No. 3 yellow, 42¾@43½c; No. 3 white, 43½@43¾c; cars, 43¾c. Billed through: No. 4, 41@41¾c; No. 3, 40¾@41¼c; No. 3 yellow, 40¾@41¼c; No. 3 white, 41¼@41¾c.

OATS—Steady. Sales in store and to go: No. 3 white, 27¾c; white clipped, 50,000 bu on p. t. On track and free on board: No grade, 25c; No. 4 white, 27@28¾c; No. 3, 29¼@29½c; No. 3 white, 27¼@29¼c; No. 2, 27c; No. 2 white, 29¾c. Billed through: No. 4, 25¾@26¼c; No. 3, 27¼@28½c; No. 3 white, 27¼c; No. 3, 26c; No. 3 white, 26¼@26c; No. 2, 26¼c; No. 2 white, 27¾c.

PROVISIONS—In light request and lower. Cash lots mess pork, regular, $14.45@14.50; old, $13.75@13.87½c. Lard, $8.25@8.27½. Short ribs, $8.00@8.20, according to weight.

COOPERAGE—Steady at 75@77½c for ash and oak pork brls and 90@92½c for lard tierces.

HAY—Steady on good inquiry and fair offerings. Receipts, 270 tons; shipments, 10 tons. Track sales included: Choice timothy, $14.25@14.75; No. 1 timothy, $12.00@13.75; No. 2 timothy, $12.00@12.00; No. 3 timothy, $11.00; not graded timothy, $8.00@11.00; choice prairie, $12.00@13.00; No. 1 Nebraska, $11.00; No. 1 prairie, Kansas, $10.00@10.50.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Estimated receipts tomorrow: Wheat, 90 cars; corn, 310 cars; oats, 290 cars; hogs, 19,000.

Operators who bought memberships on the Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce several years ago, when the exchange was organized, received word yesterday that they had been elected, and that the directors had voted to make regular Chicago warehouse receipts deliverable there on contract for future delivery of grain and provisions. It was decided, however, to leave the final date of the proposed hegira of Chicago concerns or their plans for Milwaukee operations. The feverish interest in the project, which developed in a night, at a time when the quotation difficulty seemed far from settlement, and there was a belief that all had been posted, seems to have died down. There are those on the board who never expected any other kind of a finale, and those who are on the inside are close-mouthed than formerly as to the inception of the Milwaukee plan as a whole. It is openly characterized now as a warehouseman's scheme to head off what was feared as "adverse legislation" by the local directory on the elevator question. There was not at any stage of the game an intention of using the Milwaukee board as a clearing-house for puts and calls, nor any special purpose in making Chicago receipts regular on the Milwaukee board further than that it was a part of the "bluff" of taking in a few representative men out of the ranks of the supporters of the Chicago board and putting them apparently at the head of an opposition element. The talk of starting an opposition Board of Trade was encouraged in the way of "moral effect" on the local directors by inducing them to let the Milwaukee question alone. The futility of the whole plan is apparent now, when, it is claimed by a director in position to know, that at no time was there substantial grounds for a fight on the "adverse legislation"; that nothing of the kind would have been, or will be taken pending the action of the Supreme Court on the Tuley decision.

Operations of the smaller local bucket shops have quietly closed their doors since the new revenue law went into effect, and Board of Trade officials are hopeful that few if any will be bold enough to either comply with the provisions of the law or evade them after this month.

Phillips had plenty of encouragement from country correspondents to stick to his bull position on corn and oats. St. Louis wired that there were bids from various Eastern points for No. 3 corn, 1½c over May. A correspondent at Paola, Kas., wrote that all over the lower Missouri Valley the ground is full of water, no farm work can be done for eight or ten days, it is too late to sow oats, and "the acreage will be nearly nothing," the season being four to five weeks late already. From Humeston, Ia., came word that roads and fields were in bad condition, no oats sown yet, and not many to be sown, as it is already too late to expect a crop. The corn crop in that vicinity, the largest since 1881, was oversold, and what was left worth 60c to the farmers for feeding. Those were fair samples of reports received by the score from different parts of Illinois, Iowa, and Kansas.

Under instructions from Chairman Requa of the Quotations committee Secretary Stone has written to all other exchanges in this country offering to continue the arrangement in force prior to Aug. 1 last, when the quotation service was discontinued, of dividing with the other bodies the expense of a mutual exchange of quotations. None of the other exchanges had applied to the telegraph companies for the board's quotations. The Western Union yesterday began sending out quotations in a small way, starting up a local circuit with half a dozen subscribers. A tape ticker similar to that used in New York is being installed.

Prime makes a bullish report to Phillips on corn stocks and oat seeding, as follows: "The week opens with mixed conditions all over the corn, oat, winter wheat, and spring wheat belts. Heavy rains have fallen in the Southwest, notably Kansas. It will be almost an impossibility for farmers to get in their fields this week. Seeding of oats is four weeks late in that area, and no more will be sown this season. At this time last year a great deal of corn was planted, and now not a farrow has been turned. In eastern Nebraska oat seeding has only just commenced. Seeding ten to twelve days late in that State, and acreage will suffer in consequence. No contracts for May delivery of corn. All that has been sold so far has been consumed at home, and no prospect of receipts increasing for some time to come. Western Iowa says that owing to the lateness of the season acreage of oats will be decreased. None seeded yet. No contracts made for corn for May delivery. Reserves in farmers' hands are light."

In the New York Butter Market.

NEW YORK, April 8.—[Special.]—Butter—New creamery, extras, per lb, 22c; do, firsts, 21¼@21¾c; do, seconds, 19@20¼c; do, thirds, 18c; State dairy, tubs, fancy, 21c; do, firsts, 19@20c; do, seconds, 17@18c; do, thirds, 15@16c; do, lower grades, 14@15c; Western factory, large tubs, fancy, 13½@13¾c; do, fair to choice, 12¾@13½c; factory or dairy, lower grades, 11@12¾c; rolls, choice, 13½@14c; do, common to prime, 11@13c; renovated butter, fancy, 17½@18½c; do, common to choice, 12@16c; Elgin butter, creamery, summer made, choice, 17@18c; do, common to prime, 12@16c; State, dairy, tubs or firkins, finest, 14@15c; do, common to good, 11@13½c; Western factory, summer made, 10@12½c.

Visible Grain Supply.

NEW YORK, April 8.—The statement of the visible supply of grain, in store and afloat, on Saturday, April 6, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange, is as follows: Wheat, 53,900,600 bu; decrease, 859,000 bu. Corn, 21,960,000 bu; decrease, 297,000 bu. Oats, 11,399,000 bu; increase, 245,000 bu. Rye, 1,112,000 bu; increase, 2,000 bu. Barley, 850,000 bu; decrease, 212,000 bu.

In the Elgin Butter Market.

ELGIN, Ill., April 8.—[Special.]—Butter market steady at 21c. Sales of the week, 613,000 lbs.

VOTE TO ISSUE "L" BONDS.

(Continued from eighth page.)

Commercial	4.87½	484
Paris francs—		
Actual	5.18¾	5.18¾
Commercial	5.19¼	5.19¼
German marks—		
Actual	95 9-16	95
Commercial	95¾	95⅝

Closing prices on curb stocks in New York yesterday were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Bridge	43	43½
Do pfd	104½	104¾
Bay State Gas	¾	1
Compressed Air	20	20
Distilling Co. of America	17¾	17¾
Do pfd	63½	63¾
Electric Vehicle	10¾	11
Do pfd	37	38
Illinois Electric Vehicle	2	3
Otis Elevator	39¾	39¾
Do pfd	84	85
Royal Baking Powder	97½	98
Rubber Goods Mfg. Co	17	18
Do pfd	60	70
Standard Oil	807	810
U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	3	4¼
Do pfd	40	41

Sales on the Chicago Exchange.

Sales on the Chicago Stock Exchange yesterday were as follows:

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	4,600	77½	77½	77½
Do pfd	2,000	104¾	104¾	104¾
American Linseed	145	24	23	23
Do pfd	60	80¾	80	80
American Strawboard	200	29¾	29	29
Chicago City Railway	120	201	200	201
Chicago Pneumatic pfd	1,100	97	96	97
Diamond Match	53	137	136½	137
Lake-st. Elevated	900	15	14¼	14¾
Metropolitan Elevated	200	68	67½	67¾
Do pfd	200	98	97½	97½
National Biscuit	400	40	39¾	40
Do pfd	400	90	90	90
Northwestern Elevated	200	41	41	41
Do pfd	100	94	94	94
Street's Stable Car	1,000	19¾	19¼	19¾
Do pfd	1,000	74½	74¼	74½
Shelby Steel Tube	100	13	13	13
Do pfd	100	110	110	110
Union Elevated	2,000	10¾	10¾	10¾
West Chicago	115	103¼	103¼	103¼

BONDS.

$2000 Un Loop 5s	113	$15000 Chi Rd 4s	103
5000 Lake St 1st 5s	105¼	5000 Manufac 1st 6s	104
2000 Lake inc 5s	70	5000 Chi Gas 5s	102¾
2000 Lake deb 5s	103	10000 Met El 4s	101¼
2000 do	103¼	7000 W Ch Cons 6s	104
400 do	103	5000 Ch Con Coal 6s	101½

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

	April 8.	April 1.
New York	$110,026,347	$122,222,703
Chicago	20,307,239	20,778,803
Boston	19,897,600	19,114,781
Philadelphia	14,406,124	14,778,417
St. Louis	7,405,724	6,820,100
Baltimore	4,784,329	4,813,814

The New York exchanges sold securities as follows: Chicago, 50c discount before clearings; 25c discount after. St. Louis, 50c discount bid; 100 discount asked.

PRODUCE MARKETS EAST AND WEST.

Quotations on Grain, Cotton, and Provisions at Leading Trade Centers.

NEW YORK, April 8.—Flour—Receipts, 29,098 brls; exports, 47,297 brls; moderately active at a slightly lower range of prices on some grades, although generally mills remain firm. Minnesota patent, $3.90@4.10.

Wheat—Receipts, 66,500 bu; exports, 329,125 bu. Spot firmer. No. 3 red, 79¼c. f. o. b., afloat; No. 2 red, 77¾c, elevator; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, 80¾c, f. o. b., afloat; No. 1 hard, Duluth, 80¾c, f. o. b., afloat. Options opened firm on covering; closed firm, at ¼c net advance. May, 76 5-16@77¼c, closed 77⅛c; July, 76¼@77 5-16c, closed 77¼c; September, 76¼@76¾c, closed 76¾c.

Corn—Receipts, 104,000 bu; exports, 185,473 bu. Spot steady. No. 2, 40¾c, elevator, and 50¼c f. o. b., afloat. Options opened easy; closed firm, at a partial ⅝c net advance. May, 49@49¼c, closed 49¼c; July, 48¼@48 12-16c, closed 48¾c; September, 48 5-16@48½c, closed 48¾c.

Oats—Receipts, 360,600 bu; exports, 140,241 bu. Spot dull. No. 2, 31c; No. 3, 30¼c; No. 2 white, 33c; No. 3 white, 32¼c; track mixed Western, 30¼@32c; track white, 32@36c. Options quiet but about steady.

Cotton—Spot dull—Firm. Prime crude, 33½c; do yellow, 35½c.

Eggs—Receipts, 16,270 pkgs; steady; Western, fresh, 14c; storage Western, 14@14½c; Southern, at mark, 13@13½c.

Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining, 3¼@3 17-32c; centrifugal, test, 4c; molasses sugar, 3 7-32c. Refined steady; crushed, 5.40c; powdered, 5.35c; granulated, 5.25c.

Cotton—A serious decline occurred in the cotton market today under selling for both local and outside account, principally due to large receipts, gloomy political news, talk of general curtailment of production in American mills, and absence of speculative support. On the first sale the feeling was easy, with prices 1 to 18 points lower, and while there were occasional periods of steadiness later the general course of the market was downward. Scattering sales for foreign account and fairly active Wall street selling by salaried men figured in the transactions. The South and the west contributed little business, and speculation as a whole was of a settling character. Liquidation of which came through commission house channels. Port receipts considerably exceeded expectations and spot markets were almost dormant. The late market was made additionally easy by the failure for continued large port and interior receipts. The close was quiet, with prices 8 to 14 points lower. Spot, closed dull, 25c lower; middling uplands, 8c; middling gulf, 8¼c; sales, 100 bales. Cotton—Futures closed quiet. April, 7.87c; May, 7.92c; June, 7.89c; July, 7.94c; August, 7.96c; September, 7.94c; October, 7.94c; November, 7.90c; December, 7.91c; January, 7.91c.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 8.—Close—Wheat—May, 68¾c; July, 65¼c; cash No. 2 hard, 69@69c; No. 3, 67@68c; No. 2 red, 69@70c; No. 3 spring, 68c; No. 2 spring, 69@69c. Corn—May, 43¾c; July, 40¾@41c; cash No. 2 mixed, 41@41¼c; No. 2 white, 41¾@42c. Oats—No. 2 white, 29@29½c. Receipts—Wheat, 47,200 bu; corn, 8,200 bu; oats, 8,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 28,800 bu; corn, 6,500 bu; oats, 1,000 bu.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 8.—Wheat active and heavy. May opened at 70¼c, ¾c under Saturday's close, and after the sharp break and prompt recovery to 70¾c, sold off to 70¼c. The market dropped to 70c, reacting again to 70¼c; the market closed firm and at the high point, May at 70¾c; July at 70¼c; cash No. 1 hard, 70¾c; cash No. 1 Northern, 70¾c over May, and for selections, 1c over. No. 2, 68¾c; No. 3, 64@66c.

DULUTH, Minn., April 8.—Close—Wheat—Cash No. 1 hard, 73¾c; No. 1 Northern, 71¾c; No. 2 Northern, 68¾@70¼c; No. 3 spring, 61¼@64¾c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 74¼c; No. 1 Northern, 72¼c. May, 71¾c. Receipts—Wheat, 108,847 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 1,018 bu.

PEORIA, Ill., April 8.—Corn higher; No. 3, 45¼c. Oats firm; No. 3 white, 27¾@27¼c billed through. Whisky on the basis of $1.27 for finished goods.

PRODUCE LINES GENERALLY QUIET.

Only Ordinary Business Doing and Prices Little Changed.

While quotations on farm produce yesterday were about the same as the day before, on the general list, there was a slightly easier tone in both butter and eggs, where prices were off about ¼c. About 14,000 cases of eggs came in, but demand for storage purposes was practically nil. Butter holders were a little more anxious to sell.

Quotations on round lots to dealers were as follows:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, at mark, new cases included	12¼@12½c	Cheese, factory brick	11¼@12c
Eggs, at mark, cases returned	12c	Butter, creamery, extras	20@20¼c
Checks, new cases	11@11½c	Firsts	19@19c
Checks, cases included	11@11½c	Seconds	18@18c
Seconds	11@11½c	Dairies, extras	18@18c
Cheese, cheds	10¼@10½c	Ladles	18@18c

POULTRY.

Live turkeys, lb	9@9c	Broilers	14@15c
Chickens	7½@8c	Capons	10¼@12c
Geese, doz	$5.00@7.00	Ducks	10@11c
Dressed turkeys	9@10c	Dressed geese	7@8½c
Dress'd chickens	8½@9½c		

VEAL.

50@90 lbs	6@8¼c	100@110 lbs	9c
90@110 lbs	8@8½c	110@130 lbs	8@8½c
84@100 lbs	8@8½c	130@150 lbs	7½@8c

FISH.

Black bass, lb	11@12c	Pickerel	6@6c
Carp	3½@3½c	Perch	4@5c
Pike, lb	6@7c	Pels	8@8½c

GAME.

Ducks, mallard, per doz	$3.50@3.75	Plover, golden, doz	$1.50@1.75
Teal	$1.75@2.25	Grass	$1.25
Canvasback	$3.00@3.50	Yellow legs	$1.00@1.50
Jacksnipe, per doz	$1.50@1.75	Sandsnipe, doz	30@35c

FRUITS.

Apples, good to choice	$2.00@2.25	Cal. navels	$2.00@2.25
Apples, fancy	$2.25@3.00	Seedlings	$1.75@2.00
Lemons, Cal	$3.00@4.00	Cranberries, Jersey	$8.00@7.00
Bananas, bch	$1.20@1.50	Do Bell and Bu-	
Pears, bbl	$1.50@2.00	ells	$6.00@7.00
Pineapples, Fla., each	30@40c	Strawberries, Fla., qt	40@50c
Do Cuba, doz	$2.00@3.00	La., case 24 pts	$2.00@2.00
Oranges, Fla	$3.50@5.00		
Russets	$3.00@3.50		

VEGETABLES.

Artichokes, Mich., bu	50c	Onions, Bermudas, brls	$2.25
Cal., doz	75c@$1.25	Parsnips, brls	60@75c
Asparagus, ill., doz	$1.00	Peppers, Mex., crate	$2.00@2.50
Hom. doz	$1.25@1.50	Do old, brls	$1.50@1.60
Cal., 3 doz	$4.00@4.50	Brussels sprouts, qt	12½@15c
Bliss, 1-3 bu	$1.00	Peerless	50@60c
Beans, navy, hand-picked	$1.80@1.97	String beans, Wax, bu	$2.00@4.00
Medium	$1.85@1.92	Do	$2.50@3.00
Celery, Mich., 4-doz case	$1.25	Spinach, bu	$2.50@4.00
Do La., 5-bunch crates	$1.50	Potatoes, Burbanks	38@38c
Cucumbers, doz	$1.00@1.35	Rurals	32@32c
Cabbage, N. C., brls	$1.15@1.25	Hebrons	30@30c
Do new, La., crates	$2.00	Mixed	28@28c
Texas, crates	$2.50	Kings	25@25c
Carrots, new, brls	$3.00@3.50	Sweet potatoes, Jersey, bu	75@80c
Radishes, La., brls	$3.00@4.50	Illinois, brls	$1.50@2.00
Tom'toes, Fla., 6-bu box	90c@$1.10	New potatoes, Bermudas, brl	$4.00@7.50
Do bu box	90c@$1.10	Havana, brls	$4.50@7.00
Cauliflower, Cal., crates	$1.50@1.75	Tomatoes, Fla., 6 baskets	$3.00@3.50
Turnips, white, brls	$1.00@1.25	Mexican, 4-basket crate	$1.75@1.90
Do new, bu	60@75c	Squash, Hubbard, brls	$1.50
Lettuce, head, La., brls	$3.00@4.50		
Do leaf, cases	25@30c		

The following are the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last forty-eight hours, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	Receipts 1901.	Receipts 1900.	Shipments 1901.	Shipments 1900.
Apples, brls	600	376	746	903
Beans, bu	1,400	1,418	947	681
Corn, lbs	34,000	1,500	40,000	21,440
Butter, lbs	469,357	795,910	429,900	943,496
Cheese, lbs	165,519	321,120	152,257	199,650
Dr. fruits, lbs	71,640	75,000	174,240	146,310
Eggs, pkgs	14,424	19,560	2,464	7,253
Game, pkgs		12		
Hay, tons	270	260	10	
Hides, lbs	272,750	242,296	281,629	354,402
Hops, lbs				2,800
Potatoes, bu	16,175	35,675	4,861	23,293
Poultry, lbs	29,782	23,250	19,548	15,478
Poultry, coops	17	619		
Wool, lbs	55,650	68,560	238,516	4,866

NEWS OF THE RAILWAYS.

PROSPECTS OF A WAR OVER WESTERN EXCURSIONS.

Low Rates Offered by the Rock Island to Be More than Met by the Burlington—Extensive Improvements to Be Made on the Michigan Central—Largest Shipments of Flour and Grain for a Year—Proposed Sale of the "Q."

The announcement of the Rock

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG MAN; EXPERIENCED; bring references; $10. 740, 324 Dearborn-st.

DRUG CLERK—REGISTERED, WHO CAN speak German; state salary wanted. Address H. SCHROEDER, 100 N. 5th-st., Quincy, Ill.

MAN—FOR CARPET DEPT.; MUST BE COMPETENT to cut and match carpets. SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Fulton and Pennsylania-sts.

YOUNG MAN—ABOUT $6; SALARY $6; OPPORtunity what you make it; small manufacturer on West Side; general office work; sailing, collecting, etc.; write fully. Address L 112, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—TO ASSIST IN OFFICE; STATE experience and salary wanted. References. Address L 107, Tribune office.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

AMBITIOUS, ENERGETIC MEN OF GOOD CHARACTER, WHO CAN FURNISH SATISFACTORY REFERENCES CAN SECURE EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE GENERAL AND RENEWAL CONTRACTS FROM THE ILLINOIS LIFE INS. CO., 134 MONROE-ST.

GENTLEMAN—WHO CAN AND WILL SOLICIT trade; liberal contract to right party; an old line HOME company, up to date, and progressive. You can be a success with the Fidelity Insurance Company, 528 Marquette Bldg. Let us have a talk with you.

HARDWARE SALESMAN—TO TAKE WELL-paying side line. Address E 621, Tribune office.

NAME ENGRAVED ON ALUMINUM CARD cases, 100 cards, \$1; agent's sample (illustrated) 25c. coin. MAGNUS HESS, 105 Washington.

SALESMAN—FIRST-CLASS TEA, CIGAR, AND spice salesman with established trade either in or Mich., N. Wis., E. Iowa, S. Minn., S. and N. Dak., Nebraska, or Colorado; state age, experience, salary, or comm. expected. Address K B 917, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—CAPABLE OF EARNING $4,000 A year; steady employment; position on salary or commission; standard line to merchants; exceptional proposition; our salesmen averaged six figures last year; commission on each sale, \$25. Box 576, Minneapolis, Minn.

SALESMAN—OF BUSINESS EXPERIENCE AND good address; the right party will secure profitable employment and a steady pay. Apply between 9 and 10 a. m. or 2 and 3 p. m. to adviser International Society (DAVIS), 321 Wabash-av.

SALESMAN—TO CARRY AS A SIDE LINE DRY goods specialties direct from the looms to the consumer; entire or spare time; commercial; confidential. Address L 212, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—TRAVELING, WORTH $100 PER month and expenses, to get a steady job with one; can't use a man who gets drunk or plays poker. W. I. SQUIRE, Toledo, O.

SALESMAN—CIGAR, WITH ESTABLISHED city trade; good pay and steady position for hustler; full line; mention former employer; confidential. Address L 212, Tribune office.

SALESMAN — EXPERIENCED FURNITURE; wages no object; must furnish first-class references. Woolf's Furniture House, 1250 and Ogden-av.

SALESMAN—FOR RETAIL HARDWARE AND stationery; state experience, age, and salary expected; references required. Address L 152, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—TO SELL GLASS AND PAINTS IN Illinois; one with experience preferred. Address G V 17, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—FOR NORTHERN OHIO, EXPERIenced in selling paints; none but those well established in trade need apply. Address G V 76, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—CAPABLE OF EARNING $2,500 per year. Apply with references, N. W. BACON, 883, 225 Dearborn-st.

SALESMAN—BY CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS, 153 Fifth-av., Building; an energetic young man. Must bring references.

SALESMAN—FOR DRUG MANUF. CO., WHO can invest in stock \$1,000; good opening for bright young man. Address L 156, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—RELIABLE MAN TO REPRESent side line; Illinois or Iowa; connected with gents' furnishing goods. L 103, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—TO SELL ALL KINDS OF LUBRIcating oils and greases in Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, and Michigan by large manufacturers; good men with trade acquaintance, who understand the business, can make favorable arrangements, either salary or commission, or both; by addressing, with full particulars, A 422, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—CALLING ON UNDERTAKING and furniture trade, small towns; good side line, selling from catalogue; big commissions. Address L 213, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—DE LUXE BOOK, THE AMERIcan Stage Lydeker's Natural History and other entirely new propositions; exclusive territory to experienced men. Consolidated, 234 Dearborn-st.

SALESMEN—FOUR, TO SELL TEA, COFFEE, etc.; good pay and steady position. Apply 5527 Wentworth-av.

SALESMEN—TO SELL DR. A. REED'S CUSHion shoes. Apply 40 E. Monroe-st.

SOLICITOR OR PROMOTER—OF EXCEPTIONAL ability; appearance, etc., to secure contracts from banks, manufacturers, and others, on a BUSINESS PROPOSITION; demand universal; no such man is required to solicit; salary will be given. Unless you are worth $5,000 a year or over and can furnish A1 references regarding character and habits do not answer. Address F 351, Tribune office.

SOLICITOR AND SALESMAN—RELIABLE, ENergetic, and of demonstrated ability; capable of handling heavy proposition with high class trade; only such need apply; must possess these qualifications and mean business; state age, previous experience, and references. Address F 722, Tribune office.

SOLICITOR—BOOK AND CATALOGUE PRINTing business; established; good trade, for large work; give particulars, experience, and salary desired. Address H 305, Tribune office.

SOLICITOR—FIRST-CLASS, OF GOOD APPEARance, for financial institution; must be well qualified and a hustler; best references; no book agents. Address K 111, Tribune office.

YOUNG MEN—TWO, ENERGETIC, OF GOOD education, over 25 years of age, to learn our business as salesmen, with a view to promotion to responsible positions. Apply, with references, to GEO. L. SHUMAN & CO., 215 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

10 FIRST-CLASS INSTALLMENT AGENTS—Good terms; money advanced weekly. C. F. Adams Co., 221-223 State-st.

Boys.

BOY—TO RUN ERRANDS; ONE WILLING TO work and living on South Side. Room 1 Tribune Building.

BOY—ABOUT 16 YEARS OLD, IN ENGINEER'S office; good penmanship required, and references. Address L 114, Tribune office.

BOY—OFFICE; GOOD PENMAN; NORTH SIDE boy preferred. 740 Monon Bldg.

BOY—BRIGHT AND ACTIVE; \$3.50. C. BATES, 324 Dearborn-st.

BOYS—4 BRIGHT BOYS, 18-20; MUST KNOW the city well; bring references. Call at 62, 70 La Salle-st.

Trades.

BOILERMAKERS—A FEW EXPERIENCED, for roundhouse work out of city. Apply to C. O. WITBECK-Air-brake Control, 266 Clark-st.

BOILERMAKERS—APPLY STANDARD OIL Co., Whiting, Ind.

CAR REPAIRERS—SUCH ACCUSTOMED TO coal car repairs preferred; good wages for good men. Apply in person, Superintendent Car Works, Hegewisch, Ill.

COAT MAKERS—FINE; GOOD PRICES. GROSS, 70 Adams-st.

COMPOSITOR AND STEREOTYPER—YOUNG man; one used to job work; state references, experience, and wages expected. Address G. 616, Tribune office.

CUTTER—FIRST-CLASS PANTS CUTTER; union worker; prefer one experienced in cutting for the trade. S. H. CHURCHILL & CO., 253-257 S. Clark-st.

DRAFTSMEN — A DOZEN EXPERIENCED structural iron draftsmen, on shop details for bridges; large salaries; references. Address H 196 Tribune office.

MACHINIST—TO TAKE CHARGE OF REPAIR shop for factory making stoves and farm implements in Chicago. Must be 20,000 inhabitants; give age and experience and salary expected. Address G V 84, Tribune office.

PAPERHANGERS AND PAINTERS—CALL AT 312 Bissell-st. Call this afternoon.

PRINTER—STEADY JOB FOR GOOD MAN ON adds and makeup of publications. ROGERS & HALL CO., 132 Market-st.

RAILWAY ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, AND linemen of every description supplied with the best of references. Apply L 215, Tribune office.

SCHADCHEN WANTED—BY GENTLEMAN. Address L 156, Tribune office.

TAILOR—ALL-AROUND GOOD MAN; GOOD pay; steady work. 235 E. 55th-st.

TAILOR—A GOOD CUTTER, FIRST-CLASS coat maker, or one who can buy an interest in an established business in the South; plenty of trade; good chance for the right man. Address PARTY, care of Mason & Hanson, 220 Monroe-st.

TAILORS—SEVERAL FIRST-CLASS BUSHELmen; good position for capable workmen. Apply Royal Tailors, 12th and Michigan-av.

TINNERS—FOR REFRIGERATOR CAR WORK. J. Iverson, Superintendent Car Works, Hegewisch, Ill.

TRUNKMAKER — EXPERIENCED, FIRST-class, piece work, at F. ENDEBROCK & SONS', 62 Joseph Mac.

House Servants.

JAPANESE MAN—GENERAL HOUSEWORK; family of two. Address L 123, Tribune office.

Agents Wanted.

ONE AGENT IN EVERY TOWN TO SELL OUR 5 cent pure grass seed for lawns; agent's sample sows 400 square feet; sent prepaid, 10c. KENTUCKY SEED CO., Paris, Ky.

A.—150 PER CENT PROFIT SELLING WONder waterproof; polish furniture itself; no brush required; demonstrative sample free. Wonder Shoe Polish Co., 58 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

AGENTS "OUTSIDE" MAKE BIG MONEY selling the brilliant metal polish; large profits; durable sample, 10 cts. J. I. KELLER, Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS—MEN AND LADIES; WE HAVE BEST sellers, large profits, regular Klondikes. Call before 1 p. m. CLARK, 62 N. Clark.

PORTRAIT AGENTS—OUT OF TOWN, WHO handle their own orders; crayons, 45c. HANSEN, 51 Desplaines-st., Room 202.

WE WANT AGENTS EVERYWHERE TO SELL our paper napkins. Call or write for samples. WILLING & SOENKSEN, 309 Medinah Temple.

$240 MONTHLY SELLING IMPROVED BRILliant gasoline lamps; sample free. Enterprise Mfg. Co., A 26, Cincinnati, O.

$240 MONTHLY—NEW PATENT METALLIC bread boards; sample free. G. W. Forshee Co., Cincinnati, O.

$25 WEEKLY SELLING NEW PATENT SEWing machine; works equal to $50 machine; retails for $15. Castle Supply Co., Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS—WE DON'T WANT GRAFTERS, BUT reliable, steady house-to-house canvassers are making money with us. 1441 Unity Bldg.

AGENTS—MEN NOW AT WORK SAY OUR proposition "has them all beat a mile"; quick promotion assured hustlers. R. 1441, 79 Dearborn.

HAVE EASIEST SELLING AND MOST PROfitable article in Chicago. Box 1134, Tribune office.

AGENTS—BRAND NEW, 20C. KITCHEN ARTICLE; 200% PROFIT. 901, 134 VAN BUREN.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS WANTED—EVERYWHERE, TO SELL our "Equity" Accident Policy; something entirely new and original with this company; costs but \$5 yearly, payable quarterly; issues to all classes; all occupations accepted as "preferred" risks; pays handsome permanent renewal commission; no experience necessary to sell them. National Accident Society, 320 Broadway, N. Y.

AGENTS ON SALARY OR COMMISSION; THE greatest agents' seller ever produced; every user of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $6200 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., X 88, La Crosse, Wis.

EXTRA GOOD PAY AND PERSONAL ASSISTance given to capable, pushing agents, agreeing to devote considerable time in the sale of New York Life's matchless accumulation policies. A. Goldmain, Genl. Agt., 304, 100 Washington, 1-2 p.m.

AGENTS—\$8 PER 100 MADE COLLECTING names and addresses anywhere; book holding 500 names and full instructions 10c; list 40 firms who buy names; money back if dissatisfied. American M. Directory Co., Parkville, Brooklyn, N. Y.

AGENTS—HARVEST SELLING BUFFALO badges; phenomenal fad; six kinds, with official rules; 25c; \$2 per 100; \$15 per 1,000. Excelsior Novelty Co., 271 Wabash-av., Chicago.

WE PAY \$18 A WEEK AND EXPENSES TO men with rigs to introduce our Poultry Compound; send stamp. Javelle Mfg. Co., Dept. 140, Parsons, Kansas.

AGENTS—BOYS AND GIRLS; MAKE MONEY handling Solorine; particulars free. Address Solorine Mfg. Co., 1401 4th-av., So. Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—RELIABLE PARTY IN EVERY CITY of United States to sell our "The Brilliant" Metal Polish; best in the world. HENSEL & MEYER, 1402 North Halsted-st., Chicago.

MONEY MADE IN THE MAIL ORDER BUSInness; we have the only complete system; particulars for stamp. National Secretary Am. Agents' League, Dept. G 9, Cognwall-on-Hudson, N. Y.

AGENTS SELL OUR ALUMINUM CARD CASES and cards; circulars and samples free. Bunker Ptg. Co., Dept. 24, Kansas City, Mo.

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WE DO NOT CONDUCT OUR BUSINESS ALONG THE LINES OF EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES.

If you are seeking a good office position, we want to talk with you, as we know we can save you time and money. We represent over 500 leading firms in Chicago.

At present we have more places for MEN STENOGRAPHERS than we are able to fill, and shall be glad to receive applications from young men of ability.

THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY, 1007 Journal Building, 160 Washington-st.

SALESMAN, EXP. IN STA...	$18.00
Stenographer	15.00
Office clerks, exp.	$8.00 to 15.00
Stenographer and bookkeeper	15.00
Stenographer, Hammond	12.00
Order clerk, exp. heavy hardware	12.00
Order clerk, exp. light hardware	10.00
Bookkeeper, exp.	10.00
Bill clerk on Rem.	10.00
Bill clerk	10.00
Bookkeeper, safeguard system, exp.	10.00
Assistant bookkeeper	8.00
Stenographer, Rem.	6.00
Stenographer, Munson	6.00

KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
269 Dearborn-st. or 92 La Salle-st.

324 Dearborn-st.

MEN, CALL—LET US TRY TO PLACE YOU IN A POSITION.

Positions secured for watchmen, janitors, truckers, checkers, callers, packers, shippers, warehousemen, $10 up; engineers, firemen, oilers, elevator runners, etc., $12 up; bookkeepers, stenographers, telegraphers, collectors, cashiers, billing, entry, and shipping clerks, office assistants, etc., $9 up; farm managers, caretakers; men for street car lines and railways; young ladies for typewriting, addressing, etc.; if you wish to better your condition we will try to place you. Employers furnished help free of charge. NATIONAL AGENCY, 167-169 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 14.

AUDITOR—TRAVELING POSITION...	$30
Stenographer, extra good penman	18
Bookkeeper, experienced young man	18
Bookkeeper, rapid worker	12
Bill clerk, experienced, rapid	12
Clerk for bank, experienced	12
Stenographer, about 20 years old	15
Salesman for city, a stenographer	14
Messenger for city bank	5
Boys, office, wholesale house	$4 to 5

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 DEARBORN-ST.

STENOGRAPHER—FIRST-CLASS	$25
Stenographer, good	12
Stenographer and bookkeeper	12
Bookkeepers, two	12
Bookkeeper	12
Typewriter, Smith	12
Voucher clerk, first-class	12
Bill clerk, young man	9
Office man, bank exp.	10
Office man, two young men, each	6
Merchants' Clerical Exchange, 740, 108 La Salle-st.	

MEN—TO LEARN BARBER TRADE; SPECIAL offer for thirty days on account of demand for graduates; only two months required; tools and board included with scholarship if desired; make application by mail at once. Moler Barber College, 462 Wabash-av.

POSITIONS SECURED FOR MEN IN ALL lines of work.
Licensed by the State.
EMPLOYERS' BUREAU,
199 and 201 S. Clark-st., second floor.
Employers wanting help telephone Central 1395.

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COACHMAN—$50; CITY REFERENCES. ENRIGHT & CO., 21 W. Lake-st.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN, RAPID AND accurate; $15. 740, 324 Dearborn-st.

TYPEWRITER—RAPID; SMITH PREMIER operator; $50. 740, 148 Washington-st.

YOUNG MAN—REMINGTON; ACCURACY more important than speed; must be trustworthy and reliable; permanent; give age, salary, and references. Address L 210, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

BUSINESS MAN — FIRST-CLASS, ACCUSTomed to dealing with merchants, manufacturers, and corporations; outdoor position. Apply 506 Tacoma Building, 10 to 12 o'clock.

EDUCATED GENTLEMAN—TO TRAVEL IN Wisconsin, to write short articles for publication; $60 per month and expenses; refs. required. Address K B 152, Tribune office.

ENERGETIC MAN—IN EVERY TOWN TO REPresent an old-established manufacturing company with capital of $200,000; salary $900 and expenses; rapid promotion and permanent position requiring no canvassing; unusual opportunity. Address Manager, P. O. Box 455, Philadelphia, Pa.

HOME WORK—FOR MEN, WOMEN, AND young people; we have several lines of work to offer; no canvassing or copy letters; can make $5 to 36 weekly working evenings; inclose stamp; work mailed on application. Address Eagle Mfg. Co., 1 Sheds, O.

MAN—OF GOOD HABITS AND APPEARANCE for local work; must give references. Good pay and steady employment to right party. Address Room 40 Sperling Blk., Elgin, Ill.

MAN—TO COLLECT; \$18 A WEEK; GUARANTEED debit. JOHN HANCOCK INS. CO., 800 Monon Bldg. Must be a hustler.

MEN—FOR U. S. ARMY, ABLE-BODIED UNmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35, citizens of the United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write English; recruits specially desired for service in Philippines. For information apply to recruiting officer, 12 W. Madison-st., 420 S. State-st., or 15 S. Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

TRAVELING MAN—ABLE TO EARN $100 weekly; to sell. Call 225 Dearborn-st., room 29.

WANTED—GOOD BUSINESS-MAN, TO MEET merchants and manufacturers. L 206, Tribune.

YOUNG MAN—STRONG, LIVING ON NORTH Side; one accustomed to handling freight. 63 W. Van Buren-st.

YOUNG MAN—TO TRAIN BOY CHOIR AND teach elementary subjects; $30 monthly and home. Address L 133, Tribune office.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—ENTIRE DRIVING EFFECTS OF private stable, consisting of extension top surrey, rubber-tired Eiffel trap, top full spring rubber-tired buggy, single gold mounted surrey harness; light road harness, handsome mare used to city objects; will fully guarantee; been used by ladies. P. S.—The above will be sold separately or together; owner is moving East; very low price will be asked to encourage immediate sale. Call owner's residence, 643 W. Adams-st., between Paulina and Wood-sts.

FOR SALE — A COMBINATION MARE; HAS lots of endurance; will road 12 miles an hour; fearless of steam or electric cars; also light extension top family surrey and harness; will sell single. Stable, rear 4357 Calumet-av.

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WAGES COLLECTED—FOR POOR PEOPLE who have no money; we quickly collect wages, notes, rent, board bills, etc., on percentage; our charges are taken from your bill when collected; we never fail. The Greene Agency, 305, 59 Dearborn-st. Telephone Central 871.

TRUSTWORTHY LAWYER QUIETLY SETTLES troubles, private matters, and personal injury claims of any kind. Consultation free. Call or write, MORRIS, 115 Dearborn-st., Room 603.

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FOR SALE—1 66X14 TUBULAR BOILER.
2 60x16 tubular boilers.
12 54x16 tubular boilers.
1 42x14 tubular boiler.
1 40x12 tubular boiler.
1 40x12 firebox boiler.
Apply SWIFT & COMPANY, Purchasing Dept., U. S. Yards, Chicago.

ENGINES, BOILERS, AND PUMPS, ALL SIZES, bought and sold. The E. H. Wachs Co., 158 Illinois-st.

CHICAGO WATER MOTOR AND FAN CO. AND Backus Gas Engine Co. removed to 216 Lake-st.

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MERCHANT TAILOR WILL MAKE TO ORDER stylish \$25 suit or overcoat, \$12.50 cash and what have you? Address L 223, Tribune office.

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MRS. H. E. LAWRENCE, DENTIST, 100 STATE-st., over Carson, Pirie, Scott &

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SALESWOMEN—COMPETENT LACE SALESwomen; none but thoroughly experienced need apply; by mail only. MANDEL BROTHERS.

Domestics.

COOK—A COMPETENT COOK AND HOUSEmaid; references required. 3320 Cornell-av.

GIRL—GENERAL HOUSEWORK, WITH REFerences; family two; 3d flat. 4008 Vincennes-av.

HOUSEWORK—FIRST-CLASS GIRL; GENERAL housework; small family; \$3.50. MRS. RUNGE, 7040 Stewart-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 2802 Michigan-av.

STRONG GIRL—FOR HOTEL WORK. 197 MADison-st., 2d floor.

YOUNG GIRL, GERMAN OR SWEDE, TO ASST. light housework. 3139 Michigan-av., Flat 4.

YOUNG GIRL—ASSIST AT HOUSEWORK; small family. 3427 Aberdeen-st., 2d flat.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

EXPERIENCED WAIST DRAPERS — ALSO helpers; permanent; good salary. 156 E. 22d-st., CHAPEMAN.

EXPERIENCED HELP BY DRESSMAKER—2134 Michigan-av.

FIRST-CLASS SLEEVE, WAIST, SKIRT HAND, dressmaking. HALL, 2023 Michigan-av.

GIRL—TO LEARN DRESSMAKING; NEAR 35th and Cottage Grove. L 141, Tribune office.

SLEEVE HANDS—FIRST-CLASS. DRESSMAKing Hall, 2023 Michigan-av.

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NURSE—HIGH GRADE GRADUATED SURGIcal and trained nurse, to act as superintendent of hospital; apply with full particulars as to age, experience, salary expected, etc., Marion Hospital Co., Marion, Indiana.

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LADY AGENTS — ENERGETIC, EVERYwhere, to sell Crown petticoats; mercerized sateen; stylish skirt made; factory prices direct to consumer; big profits to agents. The Crown Skirt Co., 517 Inter Ocean Bldg., Chicago.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHER, YOST	$12.00
Stenographer	10.00
Bookkeepers, \$ c.	$8.00 to 10.00
Stenographer	9.00
Stenographer	8.00
Stenographer and bookkeeper	8.00
Assistant bookkeeper	7.00
Stenographer	6.00
Typewriter	6.00
Office and typewriter	5.00
Office and typewriter	5.00
Girl for general work	4.00

KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
269 Dearborn-st. or 92 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER—OUT OF TOWN	$12
Stenographer, publishing house	10
Stenographer, wholesale house	9
Cashier for S. Water-st.	9
Cashier and office clerk	6

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 DEARBORN-ST.

LADIES—TO LEARN HAIRDRESSING, MANicuring, facial treatment, chiropody; only two weeks required; quick and practical training by skilled instructors and constant practice in free clinic; positions guaranteed; tools presented; shampooing, manicuring, facial. Call or write. Moler College, 435 Wabash-av.

STENOGRAPHER—A1	$15
Stenographers, two	12
Stenographer, five	$8
Stenographers and bookkeepers, two	10
Bookkeeper, good	8

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2 LAUNDRESSES, 5 COOKS, 2 SECONDS, 50 housework girls; also half grown; good places waiting. 3316 Cottage Grove.

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GIRLS—MRS. LARSON, 1607-09 N. CLARK-ST. Tel. L. V. 446.

LADY'S MAID—FRENCH; GOOD WAGES. BIGGS, 67 Rush-st.

STENOGRAPHER—RAPID, REM. OPERATOR, $12. 740 Stock Exchange Bldg.

Stenographers.

LADY STENOGRAPHER—ALSO GENERAL OFFICE work. Address L 146, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER — EXPERIENCED LADY; good penman; answer to be considered; must give references, experience, and lowest salary to begin. Address L 149, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG LADY, ON REMington machine, and general office work; must write rapid hand; state salary expected. Address L 126, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—LADY; REMINGTON OPERator; experienced; particulars; $12 per week. Address L 220, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—OLIVER OPERATOR; ONE with experience; rapid, good speller. Address L 151, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—AFTERNOONS; $5. ROOM 10, 140 Monroe-st.

STENOGRAPHER—LADY; SALARY $8. LOUIS WEBER & CO., Clark and Harrison.

Miscellaneous.

GIRLS—BINDERY; STEADY WORK. 87 FLYmouth-pl. Regan Ptg. House.

LADIES—25 AT ONCE, TO MAKE WORK FOR Buffalo exposition; material furnished. Call or stamped envelope. 145 State-st., 4th floor.

SALESLADIES—EXPERIENCED. APPLY M. SCHULZ & CO., 107 State-st.

TEACHERS—THREE, IN DRESS CUTTING school. Call Room 56, 162 State-st.

TRIMMERS AND PREPARERS—EXPERIenced millinery trimmers and preparers.
Chicago Straw Works,
263 Wabash-av.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

LEARN DESIGNING, DRESS CUTTING, LAdies' tailoring, and millinery; 35 starts you; position when competent; perfect-fitting pattern, 50c. Paris styles just in. McDowell School, 78 State-st.

CHICAGO TAILORING INSTITUTE, 204 STATEst., teaches scientific garment cutting; ladies' tailoring by expert men tailors; patterns cut.

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BOOKS EXAMINED, OPENED, CLOSED, OR balanced, tangled accounts straightened by well-known accountant; confidential, reasonable. Address H 338, Tribune office.

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THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES—AUDITORIUM [CONSERVATORY BUILDING]. Branches all over Europe and America. BEST NATIVE TEACHERS. FEE REASONABLE. LESSON FREE. AWARDED TWO GOLD AND TWO SILVER MEDALS AT PARIS EXPOSITION for best and most practical method.

IN 40 TO 60 DAYS
guarantees to make you an expert stenographer and typewriter or refund your money; \$12 to \$18 per week secured; thorough INSTRUCTION CORDIALLY INVITED. Night school. White Shorthand College, 203 Michigan-av.

GRAHAM SHORTHAND COLLEGE, 1529 MAdison; evening and evening sessions all year; enter any time; good positions secured. correspondence study department.

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PENMANSHIP, ARITH., GRAMMAR, COMPOsition, correspondence, rhetoric; private courses, \$5. BENNETT INSTITUTE, 438, 26 E. Van Buren.

FAUT'S NEW SQUARE — A 1900 PATENT; you should see it; scientific garment cutting simplified by actual measurement. 1551 Elston-av.

THE CHICAGO INSTITUTE OF LANGUAGES—DAY AND EVENING CLASSES. 912 STEINWAY HALL. TELE. HAR. 669.

JONES BUSINESS COLLEGE, DAY AND NIGHT sessions; 3 mos., nights, \$10. 160 Washington-st.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN ORATORY; STATE terms; 3 Ashland Block, Randolph. L. 154, Tribune.

AMERICAN METHODS OF SINGING. SEND for booklet. MARY M. SHEDD, Steinway Hall.

CLARKE & WEASER'S SCHOOL OF PERNIN shorthand; trial lesson free. 160 Washington-st.

DANCING SCHOOLS.

WALTZ AND TWO-STEP, WITH LATEST glides, private and class; 10 lessons, $2.50. BENNETT, 458, 26 E. VAN BUREN-ST.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

$5 READING FOR $1 BY LI HUNG FONG, THE world's famous Chinese clairvoyant and palmist, 209 Michigan-av., near Eldredge-ct. Your past, present, and future; satisfaction given or no fee accepted; full readings by mail, $1; a brief but substantial reading for 50c. Hours, 9 to 9.

MME. FELDMAN, EGYPTIAN FORTUNE teller and palmist; full life readings on business and love affairs; ladies, 25c; gents, 50c. 48 E. 12th-st., near Michigan-av. Hours, 9 to 9.

MRS. ELLSWORTH, CLAIRVOYANT AND palmist, can be consulted at her office, s. w. cor. State and Madison. Room 25. Entrance 70 Madison. Hours, 10 a. m. to 6 p. m.

MME. JOSEPH, EUROPEAN FORTUNE TELler; ladies, 25c; gents, 50c. 202 W. Madison-st.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

WITH YOUR NEW SUIT YOU NEED A DIAmond ring. It will add the finishing touch that makes the prosperous-looking gentleman. You can buy from us at right prices and on easy weekly payments. Don't wait and wish—come in and get the ring. You will be saving, not spending your money.

LOFTIS BROS. & CO., 103 State-st.
Diamonds, watches, and jewelry.

A DIME A DAY BUYS A DAZZLING DIAMOND. STRELITZ BROS., WHOLESALE JEWELERS, 107 DEARBORN-ST., SECOND FLOOR.

LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

RECEIVER'S SALE—PEORLE, ETC., EX REL. the Auditor, vs. Globe Savings Bank. General Number 170880. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decree to me entered in the Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois, at the Chicago Title and Trust Company, Receiver of the said Globe Savings Bank, has solicited bids for the premises known as the South East Quarter of Section 30, Township 2 North, Range 13, East of the Boise Meridian in Bingham County, Idaho. That said Receiver has received an offer of $2,000.00 for said premises, payable as follows: $800.00 cash, and notes for the balance as follows: $200.00 due in one year; $500.00 due in two years; $500.00 due in three years, and $400.00 due in four years.

Now therefore, unless a better bid for such property is received on or before the 22nd day of April, A. D. 1901, said bid will be submitted to the Circuit Court of Cook County for its approval, and the sale of said property made, as the Court shall order.

CHICAGO TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY,
Receiver Globe Savings Bank.
Chicago, April 9, 1901.

NOTICE.

During the construction of the new building THE TRIBUNE business office will be in the premises now occupied by the Chicago National Bank, Dearborn and Monroe streets. The removal will take place on May 1. The editorial rooms will also be at the corner of Dearborn and Monroe streets, but the office of the managing editor, the city editor, and all the news departments of the paper will be at 122 to 132 Market street, where the mechanical work of the paper, such as typesetting, printing, and mailing, will be done.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

1510 MICHIGAN-AV.—TEN MINUTES FROM business center; large, light rooms; steam-heated; running hot and cold water; excellent table; reasonable prices. Telephone South 125.

1503 MICHIGAN-AV.—NICELY FURNISHED rooms with first-class table board. References.

3006 LAKE-AV.—LARGE 2D STORY FRONT room and double room; lavatory. C. R. 1 board.

2949 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS, BOARD; PRIvate bath; tickets, 21 meals, $4; home cooking.

270 MICHIGAN-AV. — WARM, PLEASANT rooms, with board; reasonable; centrally located.

2509 PRAIRIE-AV. — WARM, LARGE, PLEASant rooms, with board; reasonable; baths, hot and cold water; no May moving.

LARGE FRONT ALCOVE, SECOND FLOOR; best board; $11 couple. Address L 231, Tribune.

6 OAKLAND CRESCENT, 41ST AND ELLIS—Double rooms; best board; blvd. and I. C. trains.

North Side.

22 WISCONSIN-ST.—WE ARE IDEALLY LOcated; exclusive residence district, overlooking Lincoln Park; 18 minutes to business; 3 lines transportation; furnished; food and cooking superior, and different from regulation boarding-houses; modern; comfortable, and luxuriant; reasonable rates for such superior accommodations.

16 ASTOR-ST., EAST OF STATE, NEAR DIVISion—Finest living in Chicago; to genteel people, $5, $6, $7, or $8 per week. Tel. Black 1341.

205 CARL—SINGLE AND DOUBLE ROOMS, with board; MRS. KAUTZ. Tel. 1368 Main.

306 OHIO-ST.—LARGE FRONT ROOMS, ALL conveniences; board; walking distance; reasonable.

412 LA SALLE-AV.—BEAUTIFUL STEAM-heated front room; excellent table; moderate price.

1837 SHERIDAN-RD.—ROOM AND BOARD FOR gentlemen, with first-class accommodations; N. W. Elevated.

429 LA SALLE-AV.—NORTH SIDE WOMAN'S club; board and room, $3.25 week upward.

Hotels.

TREMONT HOUSE NOT CLOSED—
We will make you a rate for the summer cheaper than you can live in the country; large, desirable rooms; single or en suite; all rates cut in two; we have also large and one small hall for rent at low figure. Lake and Dearborn-sts.

NEW PRIVATE HOTEL—THE LOUVRE, 3611 Lake-av.—Most elaborately furnished; all modern conveniences; hot and cold water; excellent table; beautiful rooms; alcove; ladies' parlor; billiard; gymnasium; ½ blk. I. C.; refs. Tel. 1257 Oakland.

GRANADA HOTEL, RUSH AND OHIO-STS.—New management; select residence district; walking distance; American plan; rooms without board if desired; best accommodations in Chicago for the price; free telephone.

RAINIER HOTEL — NICELY FURNISHED rooms, $2 up; steam heat, electric lights; everything first-class.
RAINIER HOTEL, 55 53d-st.
Former Cottage Grove-av.

HOTEL HAYES, 64TH AND LEXINGTON-AV.—1 block from S. S. elevated. L. C., and electric lines; steam heat; private baths. Tel. Oak. 656. American and European plan.

EDINBURGH HOTEL, 2124 MICHIGAN-BLVD. —Suites of two and three, also single, with private baths; newly decorated. Tel. 1038 South.

ALABAMA, ELLIS AND BOWEN-AVS.—FINest family hotel; fine table. 792 Oak. Elevator.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—GENTLEMAN, WITH WIFE AND child, 1½ years old, desires two or three desirable rooms and board in nice location; must be first-class; will pay well; suburb. Address L 201, Tribune office.

BOARD — GENTLEMAN WANTS ROOM WITH closet and good board, convenient to 31st, 33d, or 35th-sts.; location; 3 meals; state price. Address L 228, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM—FOR SELF AND WIFE in private family; table must be first-class; front room, if possible, southern exposure; North Side. Address L 120, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM BY COUPLE; WILL PAY $10 per week; give full particulars. Address L 150, Tribune office.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—HANDSOME PLACE AT ELMhurst, 12 acres, shaded; garden, barn, use of horse, and man; furnished modern house; 25 R. R. CASE, 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FRONT ROOM AND SINGL

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—AT AUCTION—THIS IS A DAILY bulletin, changed daily. E. A. Cummings & Co.'s quick sales by auction: the best way to realize. Best way to buy. Wednesday, April 10—At 5 p. m., on premises, 3020 Armour-av.

Thursday, April 11—At 4 p. m., on premises, 2-story brick store and lot; 628 W. Van Buren-st.

Saturday, April 13—626 to 640 Park-av., five 2-story brick detached residences; convenient location; ordered sold at any price; 4:30 p. m., on premises.

These are splendid, cozy, comfortable little flat buildings, detached, full-sized lot with each house; near Madison-st. cars and "L" station at Western-av., on Lake-st.

Wednesday, April 24—At 5 p. m., on premises; convenient and desirable residence, with 50-ft. deep lot; 6110 Monroe-st.

Tuesday, April 27, at 3 p. m., on premises—Six splendid little double flat buildings, Nos. 3621 to 3641 Princeton-av.

Look out for our mammoth sales of lots this spring and summer. We will sell thousands of building lots at auction.

E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 186 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—4 STORIES INSIDE THE LOOP; Halsted, Stickney and Chicago acres; 10 years' time. 3 cors. on Wash. Park; no one can undersell me. NELSON THOMASSON, 85 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—DOCKS, WAREHOUSES, OR MFG. sites at Chicago; central location; or rent. WALLACE BROS., Detroit, Mich.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
GIVEN AWAY.
GIVEN AWAY.
GIVEN AWAY.

On receipt of a postal I will send you plans of 150 new houses located on the South, West, and North Sides and in suburbs for sale on monthly payments of from $8 to $35; same as rent; very small cash payment; price $1,175 to $5,000; let your rent money pay for a home.

WRITE AT ONCE.
WRITE AT ONCE.
CALL AT ONCE.

S. E. GROSS,
6th floor Masonic Temple, State and Randolph-sts.
11,963 HOMES SOLD ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS IN 22 YEARS.

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAIN—$3,500 BUYS 50 feet on 37th-st., near Wabash-av.; building 2 frame houses; will loan purchaser $2,500 at 6 per cent; 3 years. WATSON & BARTLETT, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—GREEN-ST., NEAR 61ST—FINE 2-story stone basement, cement basement, hardwood finish dwelling, for only $950 if taken at once; incumbrance $2,000; worth $4,000.
W. W. KRAUTER, 4942 Halsted-st.

FOR SALE—AT HALF PRICE—
6 lots at 37th-st. and Baltimore-av.
One lot on May-st., near 48th-st.
Address E. 57, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FINE KENWOOD DETACHED 12-room house; 4 blocks from Ill. Cent. station. Very low price if sold this week.
WALTER H. BROWNE, 510, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—HAVE 10-ROOM $6,000 INDIANA-av. residence, north of 56th-st.; incumbrance $3,000; need money; $900 cash takes equity. Address L 206, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A 2-FLAT BUILDING, WITH 7 rooms each; always rented; pays 11% per cent; is in good condition; $4,000; no trade. Owner, 4145 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—50 FEET ON PRAIRIE-AV., JUST north of 35d-st., east front, two cottages; $5,000.
E. W. PACKARD, Owner, 1603 Ashland Block.

FOR SALE—WOODLAWN-AV., NEAR 57TH. Fine detached lots; $2,000.
HOLTON, SEELIE & MOONEY, 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—MICHIGAN-AV., NEAR 29TH-ST.—12-room brick residence; $12,000.
GEO. H. HIGH & CO., 83 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—DO YOU WANT A GOOD HOME, South Side; monthly payments; $4,500. DR. MARKLE, 1207 Columbus Bld.

FOR SALE—$200 PER FT., S. E. CORNER Michigan-blvd. and 43d-st.; 100x161. BENJ. HISINGER, 171 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—SOWEN-AV., 10-ROOM HOUSE, near Grand-blvd.; fine condition, only $5,800.
OLIVER & SCOTT, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—3626 RHODES-AV., 9-ROOM BRICK residence, $2,700; bargain. Apply W. G. CARLETON, 140 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—INDIANA-AV., NEAR 36TH-ST., 100x168; only $110 ft. if taken at once.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—ENGLEWOOD—8-ROOM COTTAGE and barn; 35 feet; 62d W. 57th-pl.; bargain; $2,250. CHAS. H. DENNEY, 324 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—50 FT., MADISON-AV., NEAR MIDway; owner leaving city; make offer.
NICHOLS & BRIGGS, 151 La Salle.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvards or in Kenwood district go to MATSON Hillis, 414 Home Insurance Bldg.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—NR. METROPOLITAN ELEVATED.

SEE HOW THEY GO.
SEE HOW THEY GO.
SEE HOW THEY GO.

20 TWO-STORY HOUSES BUILT.
18 SOLD IN 25 DAYS.
12 ALREADY OCCUPIED.

GO AND SEE THEM. COUNT THEM.

Best arranged houses on West Side; contain reception hall, parlor, dining room, kitchen, bath room, three large bedrooms (some houses have 4 bedrooms), oak mantel, sideboard, open plumbing, marble washbowl, porcelain tubs, set of mantel grates, and gas; beautifully decorated; excellent neighborhood; $90,000 school two blocks; price $2,500; $150 cash; $15 per month.

Located on N. Lawndale and Costello-avs., just north of Armitage-av.

HOW TO GET THERE.

Take Humboldt Park line Metropolitan Elevated to N. Lawndale-av. station and walk north four blocks to Armitage-av.; just north of Armitage-av. on Lake Milwaukee-av. car, transfer to Armitage-av. car, get off at Lawndale-av. and walk north two blocks.

Houses open every day. Go and see them or call and be taken free to see houses.

S. E. GROSS, 6th floor MASONIC TEMPLE, STATE AND RANDOLPH-STS.
11,963 HOMES SOLD IN 22 YEARS.

FOR SALE—$2,000 BUYS LOT, 40X125, ON south side Superior-st. near Ashland-av., worth $6,000; fine chance for a flyer.
WILLIAMS BROS., 127 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—$69; RIDGEWAY-AV., 1 BLOCK north of Chicago; electric; fine 5-room brick cottage; $2,500; this is a bargain. Inquire of owner, C. E. KOTZ, cor. Evanston-av. and Argyle-st.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—WEST SIDE RESIdence; best part Ashland-blvd.; 11 rooms; new furnace; good condition; $6,000. 1 Ogden-place.

FOR SALE—HOUSE, TWO LOTS, SUITABLE two families; trees abundant; 13 rooms; well built; owner. 679 Diversey-blvd., Logan Square.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE—
No2185, fronting on two streets, 1½-story 4-r. cottage near N. W. L sta.; only $1,500 cash; worth $2,500.
N. Halsted-st.; near Diversey-st. sta. N.-W. L, 2-story frame, 4 store and living-rooms, tong. r., flat above; $4,000; easy. $2,100 good condition. If you want a snap call at once.
CHAS. KUNKEL & CO., 502 Sheffield-av.
Open evenings and Sundays.

FOR SALE—STRICTLY MODERN 7-ROOM house, brick basement, finished floors throughout, honest workmanship, sewer, water, gas shades, mantels, fixtures, fine decorating and finishing, cement walks, and fine shade, vegetable garden; $5,500; terms to suit; near all transportation. BUY OF OWNER. 1 to 4 p. m. ROGERS TOURY, 84 La Salle-st. Tel. M. 5111.

FOR SALE—ON NORTHWESTERN ELEVATED—New Roman pressed brick and stone trimmed 7-room house; hardwood finish throughout; every modern improvement; price $6,500; quick sale; balance easy terms. Apply Owner, 1005 Sheridan-av., near Grace, only 5 blocks from station.

FOR SALE—FRONTING PARK AND LAKE Shore drive, near Bellevue-pl., 50 feet or more, for residence apartments; choice property. Address P 367, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—NORTH SIDE BARGAINS—
Sheffield-av., near Grace, only $37 ft.
Magnolia-av., near Victor, only $35 ft.
HARRY L. BARTLETT, 1208 E. Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—NEAR TERMINAL N. W. L. and lake; 9-room detached; stone-front residence; hardwood, etc.; must sell; want offer.
H. F. BANFORD, 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—$6,000 FOR 2-FLAT BUILDING, 6-6 rooms each; always rented; pays 11% per cent; is in good condition; $4,000; no trade. Owner, 4145 Wabash-av.

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FOR SALE—50 FT., MADISON-AV., NEAR MIDway; owner leaving city; make offer.
NICHOLS & BRIGGS, 151 La Salle.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvards or in Kenwood district go to MATSON Hillis, 414 Home Insurance Bldg.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL PARK RIDGE HOME, unincumbered; 30 minutes out on Northwestern, 32 trains; choicest location; large grounds; all of the advantages of the city; none of its smoke, dirt, and discomforts; three acres ground, gardens, and fine trees; pure artesian water; house modern brick, open plumbing, bathrooms, laundry, etc.; gas pipes and fixtures; also wired for electric lights; brick barn and wood shed and chicken house; low price; cash or part mortgage only; no exchange; present owner to reside in Europe. Particulars, Room 815 Schiller Bldg.

ACRE PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—10 ACRES INSIDE CITY LIMITS for $500 per acre; near cor. Belmont and Harlem-avs. E. W. PACKARD, Owner, 1603 Ashland Block.

FOR SALE—50 ACRES; LAKE CALUMET, NR. Pullman. Address K E 302, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—30 ACRES AT STICKNEY; $300 per acre. 1450 Unity Bldg.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—THE BEST FARM IN IOWA. 2,010 acres, finest kind of rich black soil farming land, with five good sets of buildings, plenty of water; close to market, only 12 miles from Des Moines, capital city of Iowa, and city of over 80,000 people; greatest bargain offered in State; price, $45 per acre; long time to pay for it; has been in pasture 15 years; all new fencing. Write us for full particulars. Mehan Co., Crocker Bldg., Des Moines, Ia.

FOR SALE—$400 ONLY FOR 160 BROAD ACRES of smooth rich prairie land, black soil, no sand, no stone; warranty deed and land worth $1,000; inclose 25c for plats and full particulars, with sectional map State of South Dakota; chance to double your money in short order. Marcus F. Hobart Land Co., Limited, Phoenix Building, Minneapolis.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY HOME AT HENRY, ILL.; 20 acres, large house; 200 walnut trees. R. N. LLOYD, 1242 Ravenswood Park.

FOR SALE—$9 PER ACRE CASH BUYS THE best body of hard wood timber in Miss.; 42,000 acres. O. C. PETERSON, Charleston, Ill.

SUMMER RESORTS.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE ON PETITE [FOX LAKE district], 170 feet frontage on lake, or will rent for season, or will consider exchange for clear residence in Oak Park or West Side, or vacant near Garfield Park. See me for particulars.
CHARLES L. SCHAAR, 184 La Salle-st.

PLANTATION AND FRUIT LANDS, ETC.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN IF TAKEN AT ONCE —10,000 acres of level Santa Barbara County land; suitable for colony purposes; development or oil possibilities; will subdivide and colonize; a specialty. Apply to R. J. MONTGOMERY, Room 8, 4th floor, Mills Bldg., San Francisco, Cal.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—FROM OWNERS OR AGENTS. REAL estate in city or suburbs at auction; best way to sell property; today; previous sales satisfactory. WATSON & BARTLETT, 100 Washington-st.

WANTED—OWNERS WISHING TO MAKE quick sales consult our Auction department. E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., s. w. cor. Washington and Dearborn-sts.

WANTED—MODERN RESIDENCE OR VACANT, $15,000, south of 40th, near Lake; will give clear Evanston residence and cash.
WHITESIDE & WENTWORTH, 140 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—TO RENT—OR LEASE—IN NORTHwestern part, property with railroad siding. Address L 214, Tribune office.

WANTED—THE CARE AND MANAGEMENT of West Side real estate. WALTER T. DWIGHT & CO., 161 W. Madison-st.

WANTED—FRUIT FARM IN MICHIGAN FOR a fine up 80x180, Western Addition, clear, value $4,000. Address L 120, Tribune office.

WANTED—$200,000 FLAT BLDG. ON DOCK property, near land-st. bridge; part cash, balance choice clear timd. property. P 366, Tribune.

WANTED—TO BUY A SET OF ROBINSON ATlases of Chicago. Address L 215, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

TO EXCHANGE—GREAT BARGAIN—
MUST BE IMMEDIATE SALE.
LARGE STORE AND FLAT BUILDING, 60 tenants, near Illinois-st. sta. elevated line; all rented for $14,500 per year; mtg., $65,000, due; will sacrifice for quick deal.
McGUIRE & ORR, 101 Washington-st.

A MODERN DUPLEX FLAT BUILDING, S. Side, rented $60 per mo., price $10,000, for house on S. Side up to $30,000.
LOUIS H. SMITH & BRO., Phone Oak. 501, 2047 Cottage Grove-av., corner Drexel-blvd.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE—COTTAGE ON Montana-st., between Sheffield and Seminary; worth $3,000, for more valuable residence on North Side. Address L 183, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE—FINE NORTH SIDE IMproved income property for Buffalo, N. Y., real estate. CHARLES E. KOTZ, cor. Evanston-av. and Argyle-st.

TO EXCHANGE—5¼ CHOICE RESIDENT LOTS in Portland, Ore., for income producing Chicago or southern Wisconsin real estate. C. E. BUELL, Madison, Wis.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

NORTH SIDE—IF NEED MONEY CALL ON neighbor; get terms; $500, $1,000, $1,500, $2,000, $3,000, $4,500, $7,000 to $10,000 at 5, 5½, and 6 per cent, on real estate. Private parties. Applications solicited.
CHAS. KUNKEL & CO., 502 Sheffield-av.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHIcago real estate at current rates; no delay.
GOLD MORTGAGES FOR SALE.
CANNELLE & McCLURE, 107 Dearborn-st.

Located on N. Lawndale and Costello-avs., just north of Armitage-av.

HOW TO GET THERE.

Take Humboldt Park line Metropolitan Elevated to N. Lawndale-av. station and walk north four blocks to Armitage-av.; just north of Armitage-av. on Lake Milwaukee-av. car, transfer to Armitage-av. car, get off at Lawndale-av. and walk north two blocks.

Houses open every day. Go and see them or call and be taken free to see houses.

S. E. GROSS, 6th floor MASONIC TEMPLE, STATE AND RANDOLPH-STS.
11,963 HOMES SOLD IN 22 YEARS.

5% —REAL ESTATE LOANS— 5½%
No commission—no attorney's fees.
BUILDING LOANS—PROMPT INSPECTION.
WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO.,
MORTGAGE BANKERS, 92 LA SALLE-ST.

MONEY TO LOAN—
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY,
from 4½ to 6 per cent,
according to amount of security.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at 5 and 5½ per cent; no attorney's fees; privilege to pay part or all before maturity and stop interest thereon. ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 79 Dearborn-st.

BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS
ON IMPROVED AND VACANT PROPERTY.
BUILDING LOANS.
PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO.,
164 DEARBORN-ST.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.

R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 517 Chi. Stock Exchange.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES; WITH prepayment privilege; one sum of $2,000, on good improved city or suburb property.
F. A. HENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—
We have a large amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on all applications. Lowest rates.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
and 95 Dearborn-st.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE—
GRAHAM & SONS, Bankers, Fire Insurance, and Steamship Agents. 134 W. Madison-st. Open evenings.

FOR SALE—CHOICE LIST OF 1ST GOLD mortgages, $500 to $20,000, 5 and 6 per cent; guaranteed.
HABERER & DELFOSSE, 95 Washington-st.

CHANDLER MORTGAGE CO. (NOT INCORporated), 110 Dearborn-st.—First mortgage loans on Chicago real estate; building loans. Choice 5½ per cent mortgages for sale.

FOR SALE—6 PER CENT GOLD MORTGAGES. Title Guarantee and Trust Co., trustee. Send for list. SAM BROWN JR. & SON.

REAL ESTATE LOANS IN ANY AMOUNT AT lowest rates on approved real estate security; prepayment privileges.
BARNES & PARISH, 157 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE in special fund of $250,000 in amounts to suit at current rates.
H. F. WILLIAMS, Room 620, 97 Clark-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON VACANT OR IMPROVED PROPERTY; 5 PER CENT; NO DELAY.
CALLAN & VARTY, 145 LA SALLE-ST.

LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN Chicago at current rates. The Equitable Trust Co., 315 Dearborn and Monroe-sts.

"INTEREST RATES 4½ TO 5 PER CENT; WANT choice real estate loans; building loans made. KOZMINSKI & YONDORF, bankers, 73 Dearborn.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON approved Chicago real estate security.
KNIGHT & MARSHALL, 97 Clark-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at lowest rates.
WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-st., loan on Chicago improved real estate; lowest current rates; no delay; we pass upon security.

WESTERN STATE BANK—
N. W. corner La Salle and Washington-sts.
Loans made on Chicago real estate.

FOR SALE—6 PER CENT FARM LOANS. REfer to any bank in Randolph County. ARTHUR L. CRANDALL, Fort Worth, Tex.

TO LOAN—5 AND 6 PER CENT. ANY SUM, ON improved or vacant; building loans; quick action.
EDWIN WYNN & CO., 182 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBURban real estate; reasonable monthly payments.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 94 Clark-st.

INVEST $10,000 IN BUILDING WITH ME; I will make you $35,000 net profit; solid investment; no risk whatever. Address P 355, Tribune.

BUILDING LOANS A SPECIALTY. CALL FOR loan circular and get our offer.
JOHN F. MARSH & CO., 115 Monroe-st.

BAIRD & WARNER, 90 LA SALLE-ST., MAKE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE; LOWEST RATES; QUICK ACTION.

O. F. GIBBS & CO., 125 La Salle—LOANS ON city p. s., farm loans, Wisconsin, Iowa, Illinois, city property exchanged for farms.

J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO., MONEY loaned on Chicago real estate at lowest rates; immediate inspection. Main floor, 84 Dearborn-st.

HART & ZUNNE, 128 AND 130 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on Chicago real estate and building loans made at lowest market rates. No delay.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—PAYable to suit borrower.
DUNLAP SMITH & CO., 170 Dearborn-st.

TO LOAN—SPECIAL FUND, $600 AND UPwards, 5 and 6 per cent.
HART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

JOHN E. COLNON & CO., 90 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on real estate; best terms; no delay; we pass on security; building loans a specialty.

McLANE & SUNN, 100 WASHINGTON-ST.—Real estate loans; 5 per cent on security; no delay; small expense; building loans made.

TO LOAN—$2,000 UP ON CHOICE FIRST MORTgage; Chicago money; no delay; no other business. WILL H. MOORE, 204 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—$1,800, 3 YEARS, 7%, $5,000 REAL estate security. BALDWIN, 244 35th-st.

NOTICE.

During the construction of the new building THE TRIBUNE business offices will be in the premises now occupied by the Chicago National Bank, Dearborn and Monroe streets. The removal will take place on May 1. The editorial rooms will also be at the corner of Dearborn and Monroe streets, but the office of the managing editor, the city editor, and all the news departments of the paper will be at 126 to 132 Market street, where the mechanical work of the paper, such as typesetting, printing, and mailing, will be done.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

BUILDING LOANS—
ROYAL TRUST COMPANY-BANK.
is loaning money on Chicago real estate.
Temporary building loans made in 24 hours.
ROYAL TRUST COMPANY-BANK.
Real Estate Loan Office,
120 Jackson-blvd.

MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT COMMISSION ON Chicago and suburban property at 5 and 5½ per cent, according to security; liberal payment privileges if desired.

Building loans a specialty.
Prompt attention given to applications.
ROSE & COMPANY, 108 Dearborn-st.

LOANS ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE IN amounts of $2,000 over at 5, 5½, and 5½ per cent interest, without commission or expense; prompt service.

I PAY ALL EXPENSES.
HENRY WESSINGER,
Main floor. 84 La Salle-st. Opp. City Hall.

SMALL LOANS ON REAL ESTATE MADE IN 24 hours. 1450 Unity Bldg.

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN LOAN CO.,
ROOM 13 HARTFORD BUILDING,
140 DEARBORN-ST., CORNER OF MADISON.

$15 to $300 LOANED TO SALARIED EMPLOYES on their personal names on your note; loans on diamonds, watches, sealskins, etc., at 1% per cent; money loaned on furniture, pianos, horses, buggies, etc., where full possession; loans made anywhere in Cook County simply for the interest; NO OTHER CHARGES; repay in easy payments or just the interest; information cheerfully given; call or write; business done privately; very low rates and deal honestly and honorably with you. OPEN 8 A. M. UNTIL 7 P. M.

MONEY ON YOUR OWN NOTE.
LOUIS WEBER & CO.,
113 to 121 E. Harrison-st.,
cor. Clark-st.

Money loaned to salaried employes on their plain note.

We do not require any indorser, co-signer, or mortgage.

OUR RATES ARE LESS THAN ONE-HALF CHARGED BY REGULAR MONEY LENDERS.

Business strictly confidential.

Get our rates and plans if contemplating making a loan.

Open every evening until 9 o'clock.

SALARY LOANS ON YOUR OWN NOTE; NO INdorser or mortgage required; CONFIDENTIAL; quick service; lowest rates and courteous treatment. TOLMAN & CO., 31 Adams-st., Suite 33, OPPOSITE THE FAIR.

LIFE INS. POLICIES PURCHASED—LOANS on same, old endowment, contine, and distribution policies; highest prices paid; highest rates and loan values than companies; real estate loans, 4 to 8 per cent. JOHN V. FOX, 100 Dearborn-st.

$20 UP LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE; NO SEcurity; easy terms; private; confidential.
THE NATIONAL DISCOUNT CO.,
511 SALLE-ST., ROOM 509.
TEL. MAIN 4564. OPEN UNTIL 7 P. M.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED—Loans on same, 5 per cent per annum. Give larger cash and loan values than companies.
RICHARD HERRICK, 171 La Salle-st., R. 813.

PRIVATE PARTY SOLICITS LARGE, SHORT time salary loans; I desire only first-class patrons, and to such offer easy terms. Call afternoons, 2 to 5, 1 to 3 Sundays. 84 Adams-st.

SALARIED PEOPLE, RETAIL MERCHANTS, teamsters, boarding-house keepers, etc., furniture, money without security; easy payments. TOLMAN, 1522 Masonic Temple.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED EMPLOYES without mortgage, without indorser; quickly, quietly; easy rates, easy payments.
E. M. BENNETT & CO., Suite 21, 84 Adams-st.

LOANS TO ALL CLASSES OF SALARIED PEOple; rates reasonable; no collateral; strictly confidential; call or write. Railway Employes' Supply Co., R. 501, 305 Dearborn-st.

SEE
Private party for salary loans.
$14, 145 La Salle-st.

PRIVATE PARTY LOANS MONEY TO HONEST salaried people, shop and factory hands, railroad employes, etc. R. 840, 125 La Salle-st.

LOANS TO SALARIED PEOPLE — LOWEST RATES; EASY PAYMENTS; CONFIDENTIAL.
1434 UNITY BUILDING, 79 DEARBORN-ST.

$10-$100 TO SALARIED PEOPLE IN OR OUT OF State. Logan Investment Co., 315 Dearborn-st.

SALARIED PEOPLE DON'T BORROW MONEY at 10% per month; I loan at 6%. H C 421, Tribune.

PRIVATE PARTY WILL LOAN HONEST SALaried employes. Room 71, 159 Randolph-st.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

DO YOU WANT MONEY? IF SO, CALL ON

ALPHEUS M. SMITH, INVESTMENT BANKER,
100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901.

You can borrow any amount you want on

EASY TERMS, AT LOWEST RATES,

ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, ETC., WITHOUT REMOVAL.

ALSO TO SALARIED PEOPLE WITHOUT MORTGAGE.

Payments arranged to suit convenience of borrower; partial payments can be made at any time, reducing interest accordingly.

No charges in advance. You get the full amount of the loan in cash.

You can call with me quickly, privately, satisfactorily, and confidentially.

It will be to your advantage to call at my office before borrowing elsewhere.

ALPHEUS M. SMITH, INVESTMENT BANKER.
100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901.
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 3122.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.

ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY?
IF SO, CALL ON OR ADDRESS
THE CHICAGO SECURITY LOAN CO.,
Established 1875.
ALL LEGITIMATE BUSINESS CONFIDENCE.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS, OR ANY VALUABLE SECURITY.
THE PROPOSITION IS TO REMAIN UNDISTURBED IN YOUR POSSESSION; YOU CAN GET THE MONEY THE DAY YOU MAKE APPLICATION AND WITHIN A FEW DAYS THEREAFTER. YOU PAID BACK IN ANY INSTALLMENTS THAT SUIT THE BORROWER, AND EACH PAYMENT SO MADE REDUCES THE INTEREST ON THE LOAN; THERE ARE NO RESTRICTIONS ON YOUR MOVING WHEN YOU WISH; NO CHARGES EXCEPT INTEREST TAKEN OUT IN ADVANCE; YOU RECEIVE THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE LOAN IN CASH.
OFFICE OF
THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
175 DEARBORN-ST.
OFFICE OF
THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
161 W. MADISON-ST., ROOM 12.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
ROOM 512.
Corner Monroe and Dearborn-sts.
CHICAGO SECURITY & CREDIT CO.

Loans in any amount, large or small, on household goods, horses, wagons, warehouse receipts, etc., at lowest rates.

Responsible people desiring loans on securities mentioned will find that we can promptly advance them in a businesslike way without notoriety or publicity.

Full information as to rates, terms, etc., cheerfully given upon application, or write and we will call.

SALARIED PEOPLE accommodated on plain note.

ROOM 512,
FIRST NATIOAL BANK BUILDING,
CHICAGO SECURITY & CREDIT CO.

A PRIVATE PARTY DESIRES TO MAKE loans on furniture and pianos, and in order to place my money as quickly as possible will make loans at 2 per cent a month, in small monthly payments, without additional charges of any kind. I make loans for the interest only, and you need not fear losing your goods, as my references are the best, and my responsibility unquestioned. If you will kindly call at my office and get my terms, then compare with terms offered you by others, you will readily see that I offer a great saving; you will make by dealing with me. I make loans quickly, and without the least publicity; all applications given immediate attention.

87 Washington-st., Room 617.
United States Express Building.

RELIANCE LOAN CO.,
160 Washington-st., Room 504.
Title and Trust Building.
SOUTH SIDE OFFICE—
107 W. 47th-st., corner State-st.

WEST SIDE OFFICE—
207 W. Madison-st., Room 2, corner Ogden-av.
Loans made on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons. Property left in your own possession. Our South and West Side offices are open evenings until 9 o'clock to accommodate people living on South and West Sides. Reliable men in city.
BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS.

CHEAPEST RATE IN CITY—
LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
HOPKINS,
107 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 304.
555 Lincoln-av. and 51 Blue Island-av., Room 307. (Branch offices open evenings until 8:30.)

MONEY LOANED PRIVATELY ON FURNItures, pianos, horses, carriages, without removal, at lower rates. If you want money and friend, too, call on me. LOANS let live is my motto. Time and payments to suit borrower.
A. H. WILLIAMS, 40 Dearborn-st., Room 38.

WE LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS WITHout removal; weekly or monthly payments; strictly private; pass free.
S. S. RICHARDSON & CO., 142 La Salle-st., R. 2.

LOANS ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND JEWelry at lowest rates. SEATTLE & FOX, reliable American pawnbrokers, 247 S. Clark-st.

LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC., WITH or without removal; no fee; need of money call on us. 115 Dearborn-st., Room 809.

PRIVATE FURNITURE AND PIANO LOANS at half rates. 70 La Salle-st., Room 24.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

LIBERAL ADVANCES, WITHOUT DELAY, ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, CARRIAGES, ETC., OR ON PERSONAL PROPERTY OF ANY KIND, LOWEST AND MOST FAVORABLE TERMS, FAIR AND COURTEOUS TREATMENT AT THE OFFICES OF

FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
124 MONROE-ST., FIFTH FLOOR,
CORNER CLARK-ST.

201 W. 63D-ST., COR. WENTWORTH-AV., ENGLEWOOD.

BEFORE BORROWING CALL AND SEE US AND YOU WILL FIND IT GREATLY TO YOUR ADVANTAGE.

ENGLEWOOD OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

SPECIAL PIANO BARGAINS
AT LYON & HEALY'S.

New upright pianos in oak and dark finish, 125 style, offered to-day at $118 each.

Steinway and Knabe uprights, slightly used, at a heavy discount.

Pianos returned from rental and taken in exchange at almost nominal figures. Note these: Three special mahogany-case uprights, $150 each to-day; Cable, $175; Kurtzmann, $175; Howard, $178; Weser upright, $125; Kurtzmann parlor, latest designed case, $225; Marshall & Wendell, $140; Bradbury, Sprague, $150; Smith upright, $150; Steinway upright, $300; Smith & Nixon upright, $150; walnut, $225; Leland mahogany upright, $180; Ashland, upright, $125; Chase upright, $150; Lyon & Healy upright, $190; Kranich & Bach upright, $175; large mahogany Knabe upright, $275; two used Knabe grands at a sacrifice; Decker Bros. upright, $175; Hazleton cabinet grand, $300; Weber upright, $150; Keller mahogany upright, $150; Fischer upright, $175; Steinway upright, $275; good Knabe square, $130; second-hand Steinway concert grand, $300; Wabash upright, $150; and many others.

New mahogany upright, with unexcelled harp, sither, and mandolin effects, at $175.

Easiest installment terms will be granted. Handsome scarf and modern stool included. Buyers at a distance should write for special bargain list and also our schedule for freight rates on pianos. We ship pianos everywhere.

Inexpensive pianos bought from us may be exchanged later toward the purchase of a Steinway or Knabe. Steinways and Knabes sold on easy terms. New pianos to rent, $3 upward. One year's rent allowed if purchased.

LYON & HEALY,
Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

IF YOU DESIRE A BARGAIN IN SLIGHTLY USED OR SECOND-HAND PIANO, READ THIS LIST:

1	Steinway, mahogany, as good as new	$375	
1	Knabe, mahogany, as good as new	350	
1	Baker Bros., mahogany case	300	
1	Haines Bros. colonial, mahogany	225	
1	Hallett & Davis, as good as new, former price $850	325	
1	Chickering, in good condition	190	
1	Decker Bros., large size, oak case	175	
1	Emerson, good condition	125	
1	Decker Bros., ebony case	190	
1	Julius Bauer & Co., good condition	215	
1	Twitchell	100	
1	Chickering,	225	
1	mahogany, upright	90	

Square pianos—$15, $20, $25, $30, and upwards.

CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS.

We give unusual attention to tuning and polishing at this time. Our prices the lowest.

PIANOS FOR RENT—$3 PER MONTH UP.

J. C. TWICHELL,
207 and 221 Wabash-av.

VOSE PIANOS—
1851. 1901.
VOSE PIANOS.

Our beautiful spring stock now in place. Many new and exclusive designs of case.

GREAT BARGAINS IN USED PIANOS.

Organs, $15 up. Squares, $10 up. Uprights, $80 up.

Easy terms of payments.

New pianos rented, $3 per month upward.

VOSE & SONS PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. 246 WABASH-AV.

WE MOVE APRIL 15.
These bargain pianos and 250 others MUST BE SOLD:

1	Chickering	$125	
1	Chickering	165	
1	Steinway	170	
1	Fischer	150	
1	Cable & Co.	90	
1	H. P. Miller	175	
1	Emerson	190	

These are all upright pianos, and will be placed in good condition. New Hush & Gerts and Victor pianos at special sale prices. 100 renters. $2, $3, $4, and $5 per month. Rent allowed on purchase. HUSH & GERTS PIANO CO., Chicago and Clark.

LOW PRICES. RETURNED RENTAL PIANOS. EASY TERMS.
$150, $165, $200.
A SAVING ON EACH PIANO of from $75 to $100. Only a few of them.

SECOND-HAND UPRIGHT PIANOS, good, $100 to $150.
SQUARE PIANOS, very low, $25 to $60.
PIANOS RENTED, sold and repaired.
GEO. P. BENT, Manufactur

DOLLAR GAS IN HYDE PARK

APPELLATE COURT REVERSES DECISION OF JUDGE DUNNE.

Rules That People's Company Need Not Furnish Fuel at 72 Cents, Inasmuch as Illuminating Quality Is Piped to Stoves—Clarence S. Darrow, Attorney for Plaintiffs, Says That an Appeal Will Be Taken to the Highest Tribunal at Once.

The Appellate Court yesterday reversed the decision of Judge Dunne in the Circuit Court in what is known as the Hyde Park gas case, and, unless the Supreme Court reverses this decision, residents of Hyde Park will have to pay for gas the price of $1 a thousand feet, which was established before Judge Dunne's decision.

Originally the rates for gas in Hyde Park were $1 for illuminating and 72 cents for fuel purposes. J. Frank Allen and others brought a suit for an injunction to restrain the People's Gaslight and Coke company from charging more than 72 cents for any kind of gas, maintaining it was a discrimination. The company promptly advanced the price of all gas to $1, no matter to what use it was put, and against this Judge Dunne granted an injunction.

Judge Windes delivered the opinion of the Appellate Court, and, in dissolving the injunction, took the ground that the ordinance of the Village of Hyde Park granting franchises to the Hyde Park Gas company and the Mutual Fuel Gas company, now combined in the People's Gaslight and Coke company, authorized the companies to charge $1 for illuminating gas, and, in the absence of any allegation or proof that this price was an unreasonable one, the court had no right to order it lowered.

Counsel for the gas company regard the decision as practically determining the case and look on it as a victory. Attorney Clarence S. Darrow, who filed the bill for the injunction, declared his intention of taking the case to the Supreme Court.

REWARDS FOR MURDERERS LOST

James Williams' Right to the $5,000 Offered in Birch Case Denied by the Appellate Court.

The Appellate Court has affirmed the ruling of the Circuit Court denying the right of James Williams to recover a reward of $5,000 offered by the West Chicago Street railroad company for the arrest and conviction of the murderers of C. B. Birch, who was killed at the Armitage avenue barns on June 23, 1895. Williams before learning of the offered reward identified Julius Mannow, who was then under arrest, as having been seen near the barns on the night of the murder. He afterward identified Joseph Windrath as the companion of Mannow. Other evidence from witnesses found by the police was introduced at the trial. When the suit for the recovery of the reward was tried in the Circuit Court the jury was instructed to return a verdict for the defendant company, the trial Judge holding that Williams had not sufficiently shown that he caused the arrest and conviction of the guilty persons. The reviewing court sustained this ruling.

Fourteen opinions were announced by the Appellate Court. Eight of the rulings affirm the findings previously entered in the lower courts. The cases decided are:

9400—James Williams vs. West Chicago Street Railroad Company; affirmed.
9406—Edward Roby et al. vs. Chicago Title and Trust Co.; affirmed.
9407—M. C. McDonald vs. Fort Dearborn National Bank; affirmed.
9410—W. C. Casey vs. Effie Jordan; reversed and remanded.
9413—Joseph Wiersbicky vs. Illinois Steel Company; reversed and remanded.
9414—Solomon Meisler vs. Nicenl Meisler; affirmed in part and reversed in part.
9415—Sophia Barkman vs. John G. Barkman; reversed.
9416—John Irving Pearce Jr. et al. vs. Robert Miller; appeal dismissed.
9418—W. S. Peck et al. vs. John C. Christman; reversed and remanded.
9421—J. S. Holliday vs. William H. Tuthill; affirmed.
9424—World's Columbian Exposition Company vs. William J. Lehigh; affirmed.
9425—Illinois Central Railroad Co. vs. Charles Aland; affirmed.
9417—Samuel Scaling vs. A. J. Knollin and Edward F. Swirt; affirmed on remittitur.
9426—People's Gaslight and Coke Company vs. Frederick C. Hale et al.; order reversed.

Federal Appellate Court to Sit.

After a rest of several months the Judges of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals will open court in the Monadnock Building this morning. Judges Woods, Jenkins, and Grosscup will sit. It is stated that the new calendar and assignments of cases for hearing. It is expected a number of decisions will be announced at the opening of court.

Superior and Circuit Court Judgments.

Judge Garv—203967—Bisfeldt Brg. Co. vs. August H. Rausworth; on findg., $460.78.—212622—Hasterlik vs. Jones Bros.; by deft., $414.58.
Judge Kavanagh—211926—First Nat. Bk. vs. Lucelius Smith; on ver., $305.—205378—Bigelow-Hartford Rex Moving Camera Co. vs. Same; on ver., $100.50.—211256—Andrew L. Ehlinger vs. W. M. Plants & Co. and Alice Plants; on ver., $149, and for a surety, $10866—John Swatek vs. George Gatzel; on ver., $200.
Judge Ball—204512—James R. Goodman vs. Willard T. Block; on findg., $458.51.—Same vs. A. Stamm; on ver., $100; appl.
Judge Hutchinson—211940—Nat. Enameling and Stamping Co. vs. Met. Electrical Supply Co.; appl. dis. and judg. $1565.50 ord. for set. fac. to surety.—211157—Frederick W. Vinsens vs. Arnold Hollinger and Eugene Hildebrandt; on findg., $60; appl.
Judge Burke—211941—Fred Fliescher—170013—John Dunley vs. Henry Bydstrom; on ver., $150.
Judge Burke—196827—Anna Kosminski vs. City; on ver., $1,000; appl. to reduce judgt. $6,000; appl. to vacate judgt.—Sophia C. Darche vs. City; on ver., $250.—202725—Schilz Bekom vs. City; no. n. i. overruled and judg. $700.

Decrees.

Judge Stein—15014—Holdom vs. Jensen; dec.—6114—Dunlap vs. Wait; dec.—3736—Lawler vs. Chantal; dec.—6848—Dennis vs. Padnick; dec. sale.—6162—Steingardt vs. Steingardt; dec. div.—5612—Mahoney vs. Mahoney; dec.—4530—Yanours vs. McGeason; dec. div.
Judge Chetlain—6562—Meyer vs. Meyer; dec. div.—6762—Palmer vs. Palmer; dec.—6782—Tuthill vs. Hill; dec. div.—5627—Anderson vs. Anderson; dec. div.—6718—Christensen vs. Christensen; dec. div.—6802—Lloyd vs. Lloyd; dec. div.
Judge Tuthill—215029—Bassett vs. Bassett; dec. div.—5060—Stevens vs. Stevens; dec. div.—6950—Landahl vs. Landahl; dec. div.
Judge Baker—2117—Heinemann vs. Wisper; dec. sale.
Judge Dunne—201808—Wood vs. Wood; dec.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

5662—Frank G. Danielson; liabil., $37,800; assets, $37,100; R. N. Holt, atty.
5663—Fred H. Simmis; liabil., $28,200; assets, $200; J. L. Healy, atty.
5664—John Fisher; liabil., $2,000; assets, $200; same atty.
5665—Albion E. Johnson; liabil., $500; assets, $200; F. Kingsland, atty.
5666—Robert Warnock; liabil., $300; assets, $100; J. J. Bisset, atty.
5668—Neville Whitney; liabil., $2,700; assets, $100; Mann & Miller, attys.
5669—Charles E. Ellsworth; liabil., $1,400; assets, $200; L. H. Mitchell, atty.
5670—Michael Kaveney; liabil., $6,800; no assets; B. Dehmel, atty.
5671—John H. Garrow; liabil., $200; no assets; E. J. Bradnee, atty.
5672—Samuel Forman; liabil., $300; no assets; Ralph Wyman, atty.
5673—Hosea Kinyon; liabil., $500; assets, $200; F. H. Novak, atty.
5674—W. C. Anderson; liabil., $800; assets, $100; same atty.
5675—W. C. Marquardt; liabil., $1,100; no assets; Mann & Miller, attys.

Court Calls for Today.

Judge Willis—Call not extended.
Judge Prentiss—Trial call 6864, 6290, 7203, 7204, 7212, 7213, 7215, 7217.
Judge Kavanagh—Trial call 7707, 438, 439, 7160, 6960, 6961, 6947, 7122. On trial, 3545.
Judge Ball—Trial call 2453, 2754, 10844, 2502, 2777, 2784, 2788, 2801.
Judge Ball—Trial call 6080, 7544, 7554, 7621, 6944, 7562, 7563, 7566, 6185, 6563, 7721, 7722, 7725, 7726, 7727, 7728.
Judge Haney—Trial call 10370, 10375, 10400, 10433, 10440, 10449, 10110, 9943, 9940, 4303, Estate Hoffman, 9448, 11818, 9076, 4026, 280, 202931, 4286, 6281.
Judge Chetlain—Trial call 4557, 6665, 6506.
Judge Cottrum—Trial call 7697, 7698, 7699, 7705, 7706, 7707, 7708, 7709, 7710, 7711, 7712, 7713, 7714, 7715, 7716, 7717, 7718, 7719, 7720, 7721, 7722, 7723, 7724, 7725, 7726, 7727, 7728, 7729, 7730, 7731, 7732, 7733, 7734, 7735, 7736, 7737, 7738, 7739, 7740, 7741, 7742, 7743, 7744, 7745, 7746, 7747, 7748, 7749, 7750, 7751, 7752, 7753, 7754, 7755, 7756, 7757, 7758, 7759, 7760, 7761, 7762, 7763, 7764, 7765, 7766, 7767, 7768, 7769, 7770, 7771, 7772, 7773, 7774, 7775, 7776, 7777, 7778, 7779, 7780, 7781, 7782, 7783, 7784, 7785, 7786, 7787, 7788, 7789, 7790, 7791, 7792, 7793, 7794, 7795, 7796, 7797, 7798, 7799, 7800, 7801, 7802, 7803, 7804, 7805, 7806, 7807, 7808, 7809, 7810, 7811, 7812, 7813, 7814, 7815, 7816, 7817, 7818, 7819, 7820, 7821, 7822, 7823, 7824, 7825, 7826, 7827, 7828, 7829, 7830, 7831, 7832, 7833, 7834, 7835, 7836, 7837, 7838, 7839, 7840, 7841, 7842, 7843, 7844, 7845, 7846, 7847, 7848, 7849, 7850, 7851, 7852, 7853, 7854, 7855, 7856, 7857, 7858, 7859, 7860, 7861, 7862, 7863, 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8860, 8861, 8862, 8863, 8864, 8865, 8866, 8867, 8868, 8869, 8870, 8871, 8872, 8873, 8874, 8875, 8876, 8877, 8878, 8879, 8880, 8881, 8882, 8883, 8884, 8885, 8886, 8887, 8888, 8889, 8890, 8891, 8892, 8893, 8894, 8895, 8896, 8897, 8898, 8899, 8900, 8901, 8902, 8903, 8904, 8905, 8906, 8907, 8908, 8909, 8910, 8911, 8912, 8913, 8914, 8915, 8916, 8917, 8918, 8919, 8920, 8921, 8922, 8923, 8924, 8925, 8926, 8927, 8928, 8929, 8930, 8931, 8932, 8933, 8934, 8935, 8936, 8937, 8938, 8939, 8940, 8941, 8942, 8943, 8944, 8945, 8946, 8947, 8948, 8949, 8950, 8951, 8952, 8953, 8954, 8955, 8956, 8957, 8958, 8959, 8960, 8961, 8962, 8963, 8964, 8965, 8966, 8967, 8968, 8969, 8970, 8971, 8972, 8973, 8974, 8975, 8976, 8977, 8978, 8979, 8980, 8981, 8982, 8983, 8984, 8985, 8986, 8987, 8988, 8989, 8990, 8991, 8992, 8993, 8994, 8995, 8996, 8997, 8998, 8999, 9000, 9001, 9002, 9003, 9004, 9005, 9006, 9007, 9008, 9009, 9010, 9011, 9012, 9013, 9014, 9015, 9016, 9017, 9018, 9019, 9020, 9021, 9022, 9023, 9024, 9025, 9026, 9027, 9028, 9029, 9030, 9031, 9032, 9033, 9034, 9035, 9036, 9037, 9038, 9039, 9040, 9041, 9042, 9043, 9044, 9045, 9046, 9047, 9048, 9049, 9050, 9051, 9052, 9053, 9054, 9055, 9056, 9057, 9058, 9059, 9060, 9061, 9062, 9063, 9064, 9065, 9066, 9067, 9068, 9069, 9070, 9071, 9072, 9073, 9074, 9075, 9076, 9077, 9078, 9079, 9080, 9081, 9082, 9083, 9084, 9085, 9086, 9087, 9088, 9089, 9090, 9091, 9092, 9093, 9094, 9095, 9096, 9097, 9098, 9099, 9100, 9101, 9102, 9103, 9104, 9105, 9106, 9107, 9108, 9109, 9110, 9111, 9112, 9113, 9114, 9115, 9116, 9117, 9118, 9119, 9120, 9121, 9122, 9123, 9124, 9125, 9126, 9127, 9128, 9129, 9130, 9131, 9132, 9133, 9134, 9135, 9136, 9137, 9138, 9139, 9140, 9141, 9142, 9143, 9144, 9145, 9146, 9147, 9148, 9149, 9150, 9151, 9152, 9153, 9154, 9155, 9156, 9157, 9158, 9159, 9160, 9161, 9162, 9163, 9164, 9165, 9166, 9167, 9168, 9169, 9170, 9171, 9172, 9173, 9174, 9175, 9176, 9177, 9178, 9179, 9180, 9181, 9182, 9183, 9184, 9185, 9186, 9187, 9188, 9189, 9190, 9191, 9192, 9193, 9194, 9195, 9196, 9197, 9198, 9199, 9200, 9201, 9202, 9203, 9204, 9205, 9206, 9207, 9208, 9209, 9210, 9211, 9212, 9213, 9214, 9215, 9216, 9217, 9218, 9219, 9220, 9221, 9222, 9223, 9224, 9225, 9226, 9227, 9228, 9229, 9230, 9231, 9232, 9233, 9234, 9235, 9236, 9237, 9238, 9239, 9240, 9241, 9242, 9243, 9244, 9245, 9246, 9247, 9248, 9249, 9250, 9251, 9252, 9253, 9254, 9255, 9256, 9257, 9258, 9259, 9260, 9261, 9262, 9263, 9264, 9265, 9266, 9267, 9268, 9269, 9270, 9271, 9272, 9273, 9274, 9275, 9276, 9277, 9278, 9279, 9280, 9281, 9282, 9283, 9284, 9285, 9286, 9287, 9288, 9289, 9290, 9291, 9292, 9293, 9294, 9295, 9296, 9297, 9298, 9299, 9300, 9301, 9302, 9303, 9304, 9305, 9306, 9307, 9308, 9309, 9310, 9311, 9312, 9313, 9314, 9315, 9316, 9317, 9318, 9319, 9320, 9321, 9322, 9323, 9324, 9325, 9326, 9327, 9328, 9329, 9330, 9331, 9332, 9333, 9334, 9335, 9336, 9337, 9338, 9339, 9340, 9341, 9342, 9343, 9344, 9345, 9346, 9347, 9348, 9349, 9350, 9351, 9352, 9353, 9354, 9355, 9356, 9357, 9358, 9359, 9360, 9361, 9362, 9363, 9364, 9365, 9366, 9367, 9368, 9369, 9370, 9371, 9372, 9373, 9374, 9375, 9376, 9377, 9378, 9379, 9380, 9381, 9382, 9383, 9384, 9385, 9386, 9387, 9388, 9389, 9390, 9391, 9392, 9393, 9394, 9395, 9396, 9397, 9398, 9399, 9400, 9401, 9402, 9403, 9404, 9405, 9406, 9407, 9408, 9409, 9410, 9411, 9412, 9413, 9414, 9415, 9416, 9417, 9418, 9419, 9420, 9421, 9422, 9423, 9424, 9425, 9426, 9427, 9428, 9429, 9430, 9431, 9432, 9433, 9434, 9435, 9436, 9437, 9438, 9439, 9440, 9441, 9442, 9443, 9444, 9445, 9446, 9447, 9448, 9449, 9450, 9451, 9452, 9453, 9454, 9455, 9456, 9457, 9458, 9459, 9460, 9461, 9462, 9463, 9464, 9465, 9466, 9467, 9468, 9469, 9470, 9471, 9472, 9473, 9474, 9475, 9476, 9477, 9478, 9479, 9480, 9481, 9482, 9483, 9484, 9485, 9486, 9487, 9488, 9489, 9490, 9491, 9492, 9493, 9494, 9495, 9496, 9497, 9498, 9499, 9500, 9501, 9502, 9503, 9504, 9505, 9506, 9507, 9508, 9509, 9510, 9511, 9512, 9513, 9514, 9515, 9516, 9517, 9518, 9519, 9520, 9521, 9522, 9523, 9524, 9525, 9526, 9527, 9528, 9529, 9530, 9531, 9532, 9533, 9534, 9535, 9536, 9537, 9538, 9539, 9540, 9541, 9542, 9543, 9544, 9545, 9546, 9547, 9548, 9549, 9550, 9551, 9552, 9553, 9554, 9555, 9556, 9557, 9558, 9559, 9560, 9561, 9562, 9563, 9564, 9565, 9566, 9567, 9568, 9569, 9570, 9571, 9572, 9573, 9574, 9575, 9576, 9577, 9578, 9579, 9580, 9581, 9582, 9583, 9584, 9585, 9586, 9587, 9588, 9589, 9590, 9591, 9592, 9593, 9594, 9595, 9596, 9597, 9598, 9599, 9600, 9601, 9602, 9603, 9604, 9605, 9606, 9607, 9608, 9609, 9610, 9611, 9612, 9613, 9614, 9615, 9616, 9617, 9618, 9619, 9620, 9621, 9622, 9623, 9624, 9625, 9626, 9627, 9628, 9629, 9630, 9631, 9632, 9633, 9634, 9635, 9636, 9637, 9638, 9639, 9640, 9641, 9642, 9643, 9644, 9645, 9646, 9647, 9648, 9649, 9650, 9651, 9652, 9653, 9654, 9655, 9656, 9657, 9658, 9659, 9660, 9661, 9662, 9663, 9664, 9665, 9666, 9667, 9668, 9669, 9670, 9671, 9672, 9673, 9674, 9675, 9676, 9677, 9678, 9679, 9680, 9681, 9682, 9683, 9684, 9685, 9686, 9687, 9688, 9689, 9690, 9691, 9692, 9693, 9694, 9695, 9696, 9697, 9698, 9699, 9700, 9701, 9702, 9703, 9704, 9705, 9706, 9707, 9708, 9709, 9710, 9711, 9712, 9713, 9714, 9715, 9716, 9717, 9718, 9719, 9720, 9721, 9722, 9723, 9724, 9725, 9726, 9727, 9728, 9729, 9730, 9731, 9732, 9733, 9734, 9735, 9736, 9737, 9738, 9739, 9740, 9741, 9742, 9743, 9744, 9745, 9746, 9747, 9748, 9749, 9750, 9751, 9752, 9753, 9754, 9755, 9756, 9757, 9758, 9759, 9760, 9761, 9762, 9763, 9764, 9765, 9766, 9767, 9768, 9769, 9770, 9771, 9772, 9773, 9774, 9775, 9776, 9777, 9778, 9779, 9780, 9781, 9782, 9783, 9784, 9785, 9786, 9787, 9788, 9789, 9790, 9791, 9792, 9793, 9794, 9795, 9796, 9797, 9798, 9799, 9800, 9801, 9802, 9803, 9804, 9805, 9806, 9807, 9808, 9809, 9810, 9811, 9812, 9813, 9814, 9815, 9816, 9817, 9818, 9819, 9820, 9821, 9822, 9823, 9824, 9825, 9826, 9827, 9828, 9829, 9830, 9831, 9832, 9833, 9834, 9835, 9836, 9837, 9838, 9839, 9840, 9841, 9842, 9843, 9844, 9845, 9846, 9847, 9848, 9849, 9850, 9851, 9852, 9853, 9854, 9855, 9856, 9857, 9858, 9859, 9860, 9861, 9862, 9863, 9864, 9865, 9866, 9867, 9868, 9869, 9870, 9871, 9872, 9873, 9874, 9875, 9876, 9877, 9878, 9879, 9880, 9881, 9882, 9883, 9884, 9885, 9886, 9887, 9888, 9889, 9890, 9891, 9892, 9893, 9894, 9895, 9896, 9897, 9898, 9899, 9900, 9901, 9902, 9903, 9904, 9905, 9906, 9907, 9908, 9909, 9910, 9911, 9912, 9913, 9914, 9915, 9916, 9917, 9918, 9919, 9920, 9921, 9922, 9923, 9924, 9925, 9926, 9927, 9928, 9929, 9930, 9931, 9932, 9933, 9934, 9935, 9936, 9937, 9938, 9939, 9940, 9941, 9942, 9943, 9944, 9945, 9946, 9947, 9948, 9949, 9950, 9951, 9952, 9953, 9954, 9955, 9956, 9957, 9958, 9959, 9960, 9961, 9962, 9963, 9964, 9965, 9966, 9967, 9968, 9969, 9970, 9971, 9972, 9973, 9974, 9975, 9976, 9977, 9978, 9979, 9980, 9981, 9982, 9983, 9984, 9985, 9986, 9987, 9988, 9989, 9990, 9991, 9992, 9993, 9994, 9995, 9996, 9997, 9998, 9999, 10000.

Judge Smith—Criminal Court, Branch No. 5—878, 879, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 1340, 1341, 1342, 2486, 2805, 2806, 2807, 2854.
Judge Holdom—Criminal Court, Branch No. 6—1014, 1001, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2051, 2724, 2792, 448, 1425, 2186.
Judge Cutting—Probate Court—10:30 a. m., claims; 2:15 p. m., estates Franklin Clyburn, Fred W. Bipper, Dewitt Campbell, William H. Cammerson, Andrew Chaiser.
United States Circuit Court of Appeals—Judges Woods, Jenkins, and Grosscup—Call of calendar for May session and assignment of cases.
Judge Kohlsaat—United States Circuit Court—Chancery and submitted law cases.
Judge Kohlsaat—United States District Court—Motions of course.

United States Supreme Court.

Washington, D. C., April 8.—[Special.]—Supreme Court of the United States, Monday, April 8:

160—J. L. Lombard et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. The West Chicago Park Commissioners; in error to the Supreme Court of the State of Illinois; judgment affirmed with costs; opinion by Mr. Justice White.
200—The National Bank of Dangerfield, plaintiff in error, vs. G. W. Ragland; in error to the Court of Civil Appeals of the Fourth Supreme Judicial District of the State of Texas; judgment affirmed with costs; opinion by Mr. Justice White.
190—Eastern Building and Loan Association of Syracuse, N. Y., plaintiff in error, vs. Lawrence S. Welling et al.; in error to the Supreme Court of the State of South Carolina; dismissed for the want of jurisdiction; opinion by Mr. Justice White.
197—The Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railway Company et al., appellants, vs. The Interstate Commerce Commission; appeal from the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit; decree reversed with costs and cause remanded to the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Tennessee, with directions to set aside its decree adjudging that the order of the commission be enforced, and to dismiss the application made for that purpose with costs, the whole to be without prejudice to the right of the commission to proceed upon the evidence already introduced before it or upon such further pleadings and evidence as it may allow to be made or introduced, to hear and determine the matter in controversy according to law; opinion by Mr. Justice White; dissenting, Mr. Justice Harlan.
68—The Interstate Commerce Commission, appellant, vs. The Clyde Steamship Company et al.; 69—The Interstate Commerce Commission, appellant, vs. The Western and Atlantic Railroad Company et al.; 70—The Interstate Commerce Commission, appellant, vs. The Clyde Steamship Company et al.; appeals from the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit; decrees of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals and of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia modified by providing that the dismissal of the bills shall be without prejudice to the right of the Interstate Commerce commission, if it so elects, to make an original investigation of the questions contained in the records pertinent to the complainants presented to that body and, as so modified, said decrees affirmed with costs; opinion by Mr. Justice White; dissenting, Mr. Justice Harlan.
194—The Supreme Lodge Knights of Pythias of the World, plaintiff in error, vs. Lillian H. Beck; in error to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit; judgment affirmed with costs and cause remanded to the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Montana; opinion by Mr. Justice Brewer.
113—Anna C. Whitney, appellant, vs. Edwin B. Hay; appeal from the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia; decree affirmed with costs; opinion by Mr. Justice Harlan.
165—Browne, Manzanares & Co., plaintiff in error, vs. Francisco Chavez Second; in error to the Supreme Court of the Territory of New Mexico; dismissed with costs; opinion by Mr. Chief Justice Fuller.
247—Browne & Manzanares Co., appellant, vs. Francisco Chavez Second; appeal from the Supreme Court of the Territory of New Mexico; decree affirmed with costs; opinion by Mr. Chief Justice Fuller.
177—The Texas and Pacific Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Emma Humbis; in error to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit; judgment affirmed with costs and cause remanded to the Circuit Court of the United States for the Western District of Arkansas; opinion by Mr. Chief Justice Fuller.
296—The John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Co., plaintiffs in error, vs. William M. Warren; in error to the Supreme Court of the State of Ohio; judgment affirmed with costs; opinion by Mr. Chief Justice Fuller.
The Chief Justice also announced the following orders of the court:
454—The Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, petitioner, vs. H. Mortimer Receiver, etc.; motion to advance to be heard with 201 and for additional time in argument denied.
532—The United States, appellants, vs. William T. Ewing; motion to advance granted and cause assigned for argument on Monday, Oct. 28th next, after the cases already set down for that day.
276—Arthur W. Mueller, trustee, etc., petitioner, vs. William F. Nugent; motion to advance granted and cause assigned for argument on Monday, the 29th inst., after the cases already set down for that day.
606—The Board of Liquidation of the City Debt of New Orleans, petitioner, vs. United States, ex rel. Ann Warner et al., and 607—The Board of Liquidation of the City Debt of New Orleans, petitioner, vs. United States, ex rel. John Fisher et al.; petitions for writs of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit denied. (Mr. Justice White and Mr. Justice Peckham took no part in the consideration and disposition of these applications).
208—Wilson Bros. (a corporation) et al., appellants, vs. Cassius B. Nelson; restored to the docket with leave to submit on briefs within two weeks.
65—The Hartford Fire Insurance Co., petitioner, vs. Albert A. Wilson et al.; petition for a writ of certiorari to the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia submitted by Mr. Alexander Wolf and Mr. Samuel B. Paul, for petitioner, and by Mr. Henry F. Blair for respondents.
605—Aaron A. Parker et al., petitioners, vs. John W. Squires; petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit submitted by Mr. Charles L. Pridley in behalf of Mr. William J. Gray for the petitioners and by Mr. Ronald Kelly for respondent.
7—original—Ex parte: in the matter of Orange Fuller, assignee, etc., petitioner; assigned for argument on Monday, the 15th inst., on motion of Mr. William M. Springer on behalf of counsel.
386—The United States, appellant, vs. the officers and crew of the United States steamer Mangrove, and 446—The officers and enlisted men of the United States ships New York, Indiana, and Wilmington, appellants, vs. the officers and crew of the United States steamer Mangrove; motion for leave to take further proof herein submitted by Mr. Assistant Attorney General Hoyt for appellant in 386, by Mr. James H. Hayden, Mr. Joseph K. McCammon, Mr. George A. King, and Mr. William B. King for the appellants in 446 in support of motion and by Mr. H. A. Herbert and Mr. Benjamin Micou for the appellees in opposition thereto.
623—Michael Kelley, petitioner, vs. Jutte & Foley Company; petitions for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit submitted by Mr. E. Spencer Miller for the petitioner and by Mr. Richard P. White for the respondents.
824—David V. Riegel, petitioner, vs. The United States; petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit submitted by Mr. Frank Hagerman and Mr. W. F. Hall for petitioners, with leave to Mr. Solicitor General Richards to file opposition within three days.
200—Annie R. Kean et al., plaintiff in error, vs. The Calumet Canal and Improvement Company; motion for a continuance submitted by Mr. E. D. F. Brady in behalf of counsel for plaintiffs in